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(54) Title: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION COMPRISING A BISPECIFIC ANTIBODY FOR EPCAM

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct. Said bispecific single chain antibody construct is characterized to comprise or consist of at least two domains, whereby one of said at least two domains specifically binds to human EpCAM and comprises at least one CDR-H3 region comprising the amino acid sequence NXID antigen and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen. The invention further provides a process for the production of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention, a method for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease and the use of the disclosed bispecific single chain antibody construct and corresponding means in the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION COMPRISING A BISPECIFIC ANTIBODY SPECIFIC FOR EPCAM

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The invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct. Said bispecific single chain antibody construct is characterized to comprise or consist of at least two domains, whereby one of said at least two domains specifically binds to human EpCAM antigen and comprises at least one CDR-H3 region comprising the amino acid sequence NXD and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen. The invention further provides a process for the production of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention, a method for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease and the use of the disclosed bispecific single chain antibody construct and corresponding means in the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease.

A variety of documents is cited throughout this specification. The disclosure content of said documents is herewith incorporated by reference.

Epithelial cell adhesion molecule (EpCAM, also called 17-1A antigen, KSA, EGP40, GA733-2, ks1-4 or esa) is a 40-kDa membrane-integrated glycoprotein of 314 amino acids with specific expression in certain epithelia and on many human carcinomas (reviewed in Balzar, J. Mol. Med. 1999, 77, 699-712). EpCAM was discovered and subsequently cloned through its recognition by the murine monoclonal antibody 17-1A/edrecolomab (Goettlinger, Int J Cancer. 1986; 38, 47-53 and Simon, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 1990; 87, 2755-2759). Monoclonal antibody 17-1A was generated by immunization of mice with human colon carcinoma cells (Koprowski, Somatic Cell Genet. 1979, 5, 957-971).

The EGF-like repeats of EpCAM were shown to mediate lateral and reciprocal interactions in homophilic cell adhesion (Balzar, Mol. Cell. Biol. 2001, 21, 2570-2580) and, for that reason, is predominantly located between epithelial cells (Litvinov, J Cell Biol. 1997, 139, 1337-1348, Balzar, J Mol Med. 1999, 77, 699-712 and Trebak, J Biol Chem. 2001, 276, 2299-2309). EpCAM serves to adhere epithelial cells in an oriented and highly ordered fashion (Litvinov, J Cell Biol. 1997, 139, 1337-1348). Data from experiments with transgenic mice and rats expressing human EpCAM on their epithelia suggest that EpCAM on normal tissue may however not be accessible to systemically administered antibody (McLaughlin, Cancer Immunol. Immunother., 1999, 48, 303-311). Upon malignant transformation of epithelial cells the rapidly growing tumor cells are abandoning the high cellular order of epithelia. Consequently, the surface distribution of EpCAM becomes less restricted and the molecule better exposed on tumor cells. Due to their epithelial cell origin, tumor cells from most carcinomas still express EpCAM on their surface.

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In vivo, expression of EpCAM is related to increased epithelial proliferation and negatively correlates with cell differentiation (for review see Balzar, 1999, J. Mol. Med. 77, 699-712). Expression of EpCAM, as detected by immunohistochemistry using anti-EpCAM monoclonal antibodies, is essentially seen with all major carcinomas (reviewed in Balzar, J Mol Med. 1999, 77, 699-712). Best EpCAM expression was observed with non-small cell lung cancer (De Bree, Nucl Med Commun. 1994, 15, 613-27) and prostate cancer (Zhang, Clin Cancer Res. 1998, 4, 295-302) where 100% of tumor patient samples showed positive EpCAM staining. In these studies, EpCAM is also reported to homogeneously stained tumor tissues indicating that the antigen is expressed on a large proportion of cells of a given tumor. Because of its widespread expression, EpCAM is referred to as a "pan-carcinoma" antigen.

EpCAM has been shown in various studies to be beneficial in diagnosis and therapy of various carcinomas. Furthermore, in many cases, tumor cells were

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observed to express EpCAM to a much higher degree than their parental epithelium or less aggressive forms of said cancers. For example, EpCAM expression was shown to be significantly higher on neoplastic tissue and in adenocarcinoma than on normal prostate epithelium (n=76; p<0.0001), suggesting that increased EpCAM expression represents an early event in the development of prostate cancer (Poczatek, J Urol., 1999, 162, 1462-1644). In addition, in the majority of both squamous and adenocarcinomas of the cervix a strong EpCAM expression correlates with an increased proliferation and the disappearance of markers for terminal differentiation (Litvinov, Am. J. Pathol. 1996, 148, 865-75). 10 One example is breast cancer where overexpression of EpCAM on tumor cells is a predictor of survival (Gastl, Lancet. 2000, 356, 1981-1982). Furthermore, EpCAM has been described as a marker for the detection of disseminated tumor cells in patients suffering from squamous cell carcinoma of the head, neck and lung (Chaubal, Anticancer Res 1999, 19, 2237-2242, Piyathilake, Hum Pathol. 2000, 31, 482-487). Normal squamous epithelium, as found in epidermis, oral cavity, 15 epiglottis, pharynx, larynx and esophagus did not significantly express EpCAM (Quak, Hybridoma, 1990, 9, 377-387).

In addition to the above-mentioned carcinomas, EpCAM has been shown to be expressed on the majority of primary, metastatic, and disseminated NSCLC (non small cell lung cancer cells) (Passlick, Int J Cancer, 2000, 87, 548-552), on gastric and gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinomas (Martin, J Clin Pathol 1999, 52, 701-4) and in cell lines derived from colorectal, pancreatic carcinomas and breast carcinomas (Szala, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 1990, 87, 3542-6, Packeisen, Hybridoma, 1999, 18, 37-40).

Clinical trials have shown that the use of antibodies directed against 17-1A (EpCAM) for treatment of patients with surgically completely resected colorectal carcinoma leads to a significant benefit concerning the overall survival and the frequency of distant metastasis (Riethmüller, Lancet, 1994, 343, 1177-1183). Murine monoclonal antibody against EpCAM was found to reduce the 5-year

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mortality (Riethmüller, Lancet, 1994, 343, 1177-1183) and also the 7-year mortality. (Riethmüller, Proceedings of the American Society of Clinical Oncology, 1996, 15. 444) of patients with minimal residual disease. Example of murine monoclonal antibody recognizing EpCAM is Edrecolomab (Panorex) (Koprowski, Somatic Cell Genet. 1979, 5, 957-971 and Herlyn, Cancer Res., 1980, 40, 717-721). However. the first administration of Panorex during adjuvant immunotherapy of colon cancer led to the development and exacerbation of Wegener's granulomatosis suggesting that mAb 17-1A should be applied cautiously in a patient with autoimmune disease (Franz, Onkologie, 2000, 23, 472-474). The limitations of Panorex are the rapid formation of human anti-mouse antibodies (HAMA), the limited ability to interact by its murine IgG2a Fc-portion with human immune effector mechanisms and the short half-life in circulation (Frodin, Cancer Res., 1990, 50, 4866-4871). Furthermore, the murine antibody caused immediate-type allergic reactions and anaphylaxis upon repeated injection in patients (Riethmüller, Lancet. 1994, 343, 1177-1183, Riethmüller, J Clin Oncol., 1998, 16, 1788-1794 and Mellstedt, Annals New York Academy of Sciences. 2000, 910, 254-261).

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Humanized anti-EpCAM antibody called 3622W94 resulted in pancreatitis and increased serum levels of amylase, as being indicative for damage of pancreas epithelium, which were a dose-limiting toxicity of this high-affinity anti-EpCAM monoclonal antibody (LoBuglio, Proceedings of the American Society of Clinical Oncology (Abstract). 1997, 1562 and Khor, Proceedings of the American Society of Clinical Oncology (Abstract), 1997, 847).

25 Bispecific antibodies comprising a region directed against EpCAM and a region directed against CD3 have also been described. The authors of Möller & Reisfeld 1991 Cancer Immunol. Immunother. 33:210-216 describe the construction of two different bispecific antibodies by fusing a hybridoma producing monoclonal antibody against EpCAM with either of the two hybridomas OKT3 and 9.3.

30 Furthermore, Kroesen, Cancer Research, 1995, 55:4409-4415 describe a

quadroma bispecific monoclonal antibodies against CD3 (BIS-1) and EpCAM.

Other examples of bispecific antibodies against EpCAM comprise the bispecific antibody, BiUII, (anti-CD3 (rat IgG2b) x anti-EpCAM (mouse IgG2a)) a complete Ig molecule which also binds and activates Fc-receptor positive accessory cells (like monocytes/macrophages, NK cells and dendritic cells) through its Fc-region (Zeidler, J. Immunol., 1999, 163:1247-1252) and an anti-EpCAMxanti-CD3 bispecific antibody in the arrangement V_{L17-1A}-V_{H17-1A}-V_{Hanti-CD3}-V_{Lanti-CD3} (Mack, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 1995, 92:7021-7025).

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In addition, other formats of antibody constructs comprising EpCAM have been described; e.g. a bispecific diabody having the structure V_{H anti-CD3}-V_{L anti-EpCAM}-V_{H-anti-EpCAM}-V_{Lanti-CD3} (Helfrich, Int. J. Cancer, 1998, 76:232-239) and a trispecific antibody having two different tumour antigen specificities (two antigen binding regions which bind two different antigens on a tumour cell) and which may have a further specificity for an antigen localized on an effector cell (DE 195 31 348).

There exist various descriptions in the prior art of using phage display technology to identify antibodies or fragments thereof, which specifically bind to the human EpCAM antigen (De Kruif JMB, 1995, 248:97-105, WO 99/25818). However, it has been extremely difficult to identify antibodies against EpCAM, which show cytotoxic activity sufficient for therapeutic applications in a bispecific format.

It is therefore an aim of the present invention to provide a bispecific single chain molecule with a binding domain specific for EpCAM with strong cytotoxic activity mediated by target specific activation of T cells.

Thus, the technical problem underlying the present invention was to provide means

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and methods for the generation of well tolerated and convenient medicaments for the treatment and or amelioration of tumorous diseases.

The solution to said technical problem is achieved by providing the embodiments characterized in the claims.

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Accordingly, the present invention relates to a composition, preferably a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct, whereby said construct comprises or consists of at least two binding domains, whereby one of said domains binds to human EpCAM antigen and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM comprises at least one CDR-H3 region comprising the amino acid sequence NXD preferably in position 102 to 104 of SEQ ID NOs: 80, 88 and 96, or preferably in position 106 to 108 of SEQ ID NOs: 84 and 92, wherein X is an 15 aromatic amino acid.

Preferably or alternatively, the present invention relates to a composition. preferably a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct, whereby said construct comprises or consists of at least two domains, whereby one of said at least two domains specifically binds to human EpCAM antigen and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM comprises at least one CDR-H3 region of least 9 amino acid residues and wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value of more than 5 x 10⁻⁹ M.

25 In accordance with this invention, the term "pharmaceutical composition" relates to a composition for administration to a patient, preferably a human patient. In a preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a composition for parenteral, transdermal, intraluminal, intra-arterial, intrathecal or intravenous administration or for direct injection into the tumor. It is in particular envisaged that 30 said pharmaceutical composition is administered to a patient via infusion or injection. Administration of the suitable compositions may be effected by different

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ways, e.g., by intravenous, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, topical or intradermal administration. The pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may further comprise a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Examples of suitable pharmaceutical carriers are well known in the art and include phosphate buffered saline solutions, water, emulsions, such as oil/water emulsions, various types of wetting agents, sterile solutions, etc. Compositions comprising such carriers can be formulated by well known conventional methods. These pharmaceutical compositions can be administered to the subject at a suitable dose. The dosage regimen will be determined by the attending physician and clinical factors. As is well known in the medical arts, dosages for any one patient depends upon many factors, including the patient's size, body surface area, age, the particular compound to be administered, sex, time and route of administration. general health, and other drugs being administered concurrently. A preferred dosage for administration might be in the range of 0.24 µg to 48 mg, preferably 0.24 µg to 24 mg, more preferably 0.24 µg to 2.4 mg, even more preferably 0.24 µg to 1.2 mg and most preferably 0.24 µg to 240 µg units per kilogram of body weight per day. Particularly preferred dosages are recited herein below. Progress can be monitored by periodic assessment. Dosages will vary but a preferred dosage for intravenous administration of DNA is from approximately 10⁶ to 10¹² copies of the DNA molecule. The compositions of the invention may be administered locally or systematically. Administration will generally be parenteral, e.g., intravenous; DNA may also be administered directly to the target site, e.g., by biolistic delivery to an internal or external target site or by catheter to a site in an artery. In an preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition is administered subcutaneously and in an even more preferred embodiment intravenously. Preparations for parenteral administration include sterile aqueous or non-aqueous solutions, suspensions, and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents are propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, vegetable oils such as olive oil, and injectable organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Aqueous carriers include water, alcoholic/aqueous solutions, emulsions or suspensions, including saline and buffered media. Parenteral vehicles include sodium chloride solution, Ringer's dextrose, dextrose and sodium chloride, lactated

Ringer's, or fixed oils. Intravenous vehicles include fluid and nutrient replenishes, electrolyte replenishers (such as those based on Ringer's dextrose), and the like. Preservatives and other additives may also be present such as, for example, antimicrobials, anti-oxidants, chelating agents, and inert gases and the like. In addition, the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention might comprise proteinaceous carriers, like, e.g., serum albumine or immunoglobuline, preferably of human origin. It is envisaged that the pharmaceutical composition of the invention might comprise, in addition to the proteinaceous bispecific single chain antibody constructs or nucleic acid molecules or vectors encoding the same (as described in this invention), further biologically active agents, depending on the intended use of the pharmaceutical composition. Such agents might be drugs acting on the gastro-intestinal system, drugs acting as cytostatica, drugs preventing hyperurikemia, agents such as T-cell co-stimulatory molecules or cytokines, drugs inhibiting immune reactions (e.g. corticosteroids) and/or drugs acting on the circulatory system, e.g. on the blood pressure, known in the art.

Possible indications for administration of the composition(s) of the invention are tumorous diseases especially epithelial cancers/carcinomas such as breast cancer, colon cancer, prostate cancer, head and neck cancer, skin cancer, cancers of the genito-urinary tract, e.g. ovarial cancer, endometrial cancer, cervix cancer and kidney cancer, lung cancer, gastric cancer, cancer of the small intestine, liver cancer, pancreas cancer, gall bladder cancer, cancers of the bile duct, esophagus cancer, cancer of the salivatory glands and cancer of the thyroid gland. The administration of the composition(s) of the invention is especially indicated for minimal residual disease preferably early solid tumor, advanced solid tumor or metastatic solid tumor, which is characterized by the local and non-local reoccurrance of the tumor caused by the survival of single cells.

The invention further envisages the co-administration protocols with other compounds, e.g. bispecific antibody constructs, targeted toxins or other compounds, which act via T cells. The clinical regimen for co-administration of the inventive compound(s) may encompass co-administration at the same time, before or after the administration of the other component.

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A possible approach to demonstrate the efficacy/activity of the inventive constructs is an in vivo model like mouse. Suitable models may be transgenic and chimeric mouse models. Mouse models expressing human CD3 and human EpCAM, a chimeric mouse model expressing murine CD3 and into which tumour cells expressing human EpCAM can be transfected and chimeric mouse models comprising nude mice into which human tumours expressing EpCAM can be transplanted or tumour cells expressing human EpCAM can be injected and, additionally, human PBMCs are injected. The term "bispecific single chain antibody construct" relates to a construct comprising two antibody derived binding domains. One of said binding domains consists of variable regions (or parts thereof) of an antibody, antibody fragment or derivative thereof, capable of specifically binding to/interacting with human EpCAM antigen (target molecule 1). The second binding domain consists of variable regions (or parts thereof) of an antibody, antibody fragment or derivative thereof, capable of specifically binding to/interacting with human CD3 antigen (target molecule 2). As will be detailed below, a part of a variable region may be at least one CDR ("Complementary determining region"), most preferably at least the CDR3 region. Said two domains/regions in the single chain antibody construct are preferably covalently connected to one another as a single chain. This connection can be effected either directly (domain 1 [specific for the CD3 antigen] - domain 2 [specific for the EpCAM antigen] or domain 1 [specific for the EpCAM antigen] - domain 2 [specific for the CD3 antigen]) or through an additional polypeptide linker sequence (domain1 - linker sequence - domain2). In the event that a linker is used, this linker is preferably of a length and sequence sufficient to ensure that each of the first and second domains can, independently from one another, retain their differential binding specificities. Most preferably and as documented in the appended examples, the "bispecific single chain antibody construct" to be employed in the pharmaceutical composition of the invention is a bispecific single chain Fv (scFv). Bispecific single chain molecules are known in the art and are described in WO 99/54440, Mack, J. Immunol. (1997), 158, 3965-3970, Mack, PNAS, (1995), 92, 7021-7025, Kufer, Cancer Immunol. Immunother., (1997), 45, 193-197, Löffler, Blood, (2000), 95, 6, 2098-2103 and Brühl, J.

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Immunol., (2001), 166, 2420-2426 . A particularly preferred molecular format of the invention provides a polypeptide construct wherein the antibody-derived region comprises one V_H and one V_L region. The intramolecular orientation of the V_{H^+} domain and the V_L -domain, which are linked to each other by a linker-domain, in the scFv format is not decisive for the recited bispecific single chain constructs. Thus, scFvs with both possible arrangements (V_{H^-} domain – linker domain – V_{L^-} domain; V_L -domain – linker domain – V_{H^-} domain) are particular embodiments of the recited bispecific single chain construct.

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The antibody construct may also comprise additional domains, e.g. for the isolation and/or preparation of recombinantly produced constructs.

A corresponding format for a bispecific single chain antibody construct is described in the appended example 1.

The term "single-chain" as used in accordance with the present invention means that said first and second domain of the bispecific single chain construct are covalently linked, preferably in the form of a co-linear amino acid sequence encodable by a single nucleic acid molecule.

The term "binding to/interacting with" as used in the context with the present invention defines a binding/interaction of at least two "antigen-interaction-sites" with each other. The term "antigen-interaction-site" defines, in accordance with the present invention, a motif of a polypeptide which shows the capacity of specific interaction with a specific antigen or a specific group of antigens. Said binding/interaction is also understood to define a "specific recognition". The term "specifically recognizing" means in accordance with this invention that the antibody molecule is capable of specifically interacting with and/or binding to at least two amino acids of each of the human target molecule as defined herein. Said term relates to the specificity of the antibody molecule, i.e. to its ability to discriminate between the specific regions of the human target molecule as defined herein. The specific interaction of the antigen-interaction-site with its specific antigen may result in an initiation of a signal, e.g. due to the induction of a change of the conformation of the antigen, an oligomerization of the antigen, etc. Further, said binding may be

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exemplified by the specificity of a "key-lock-principle". Thus, specific motifs in the amino acid sequence of the antigen-interaction-site and the antigen bind to each other as a result of their primary, secondary or tertiary structure as well as the result of secondary modifications of said structure. The specific interaction of the antigen-interaction-site with its specific antigen may result as well in a simple binding of said site to the antigen.

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The term "specific interaction" as used in accordance with the present invention means that the bispecific single chain construct does not or essentially does not cross-react with (poly)peptides of similar structures. Cross-reactivity of a panel of bispecific single chain construct under investigation may be tested, for example, by assessing binding of said panel of bispecific single chain construct under conventional conditions (see, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1988 and Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1999) to the (poly)peptide of interest as well as to a number of more or less (structurally and/or functionally) closely related (poly)peptides. Only those antibodies that bind to the (poly)peptide/protein of interest but do not or do not essentially bind to any of the other (poly)peptides are considered specific for the (poly)peptide/protein of interest. Examples for the specific interaction of an antigen-interaction-site with a specific antigen comprise the specificity of a ligand for its receptor. Said definition particularly comprises the interaction of ligands which induce a signal upon binding to its specific receptor. Examples for corresponding ligands comprise cytokines which interact/bind with/to its specific cytokine-receptors. Also particularly comprised by said definition is the binding of an antigen-interaction-site to antigens like antigens of the selectin family, integrins and of the family of growth factors like EGF. An other example for said interaction, which is also particularly comprised by said definition, is the interaction of an antigenic determinant (epitope) with the antigenic binding site of an antibody.

The term "binding to/interacting with" may also relate to a conformational epitope, a structural epitope or a discontinuous epitope consisting of two regions of the human target molecules or parts thereof. In context of this invention, a

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conformational epitope is defined by two or more discrete amino acid sequences separated in the primary sequence which come together on the surface of the molecule when the polypeptide folds to the native protein (Sela, (1969) Science 166, 1365 and Laver, (1990) Cell 61, 553-6).

- The term "discontinuous epitope" means in context of the invention non-linear epitopes that are assembled from residues from distant portions of the polypeptide chain. These residues come together on the surface of the molecule when the polypeptide chain folds into a three-dimensional structure to constitute a conformational/structural epitope.
- The constructs of the present invention are also envisaged to specifically bind to/interact with a conformational/structural epitope(s) composed of and/or comprising the two regions of the human CD3 complex described herein or parts thereof as disclosed herein below.

Accordingly, specificity can be determined experimentally by methods known in the art and methods as disclosed and described herein. Such methods comprise, but are not limited to Western blots, ELISA-, RIA-, ECL-, IRMA-, EIA-tests and peptide scans.

The term "antibody fragment or derivative thereof" relates to single chain antibodies, or fragments thereof, synthetic antibodies, antibody fragments, such as Fab, a F(ab₂)', Fv or scFv fragments etc., or a chemically modified derivative of any of these. Antibodies to be employed in accordance with the invention or their corresponding immunoglobulin chain(s) can be further modified using conventional techniques known in the art, for example, by using amino acid deletion(s), insertion(s), substitution(s), addition(s), and/or recombination(s) and/or any other modification(s) (e.g. posttranslational and chemical modifications, such as glycosylation and phosphorylation) known in the art either alone or in combination. Methods for introducing such modifications in the DNA sequence underlying the amino acid sequence of an immunoglobulin chain are well known to the person skilled in the art; see, e.g., Sambrook (1989), loc. cit.

The term "(poly)peptide" as used herein describes a group of molecules which comprise the group of peptides, as well as the group of polypeptides. The group of

peptides is consisting of molecules with up to 30 amino acids, the group of polypeptides is consisting of molecules with more than 30 amino acids.

The term "antibody fragment or derivative thereof" particularly relates to (poly)peptide constructs comprising at least one CDR.

Fragments or derivatives of the recited antibody molecules define (poly)peptides which are parts of the above antibody molecules and/or which are modified by chemical/biochemical or molecular biological methods. Corresponding methods are known in the art and described inter alia in laboratory manuals (see Sambrook et al.; Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press,
 2nd edition 1989 and 3rd edition 2001; Gerhardt et al.; Methods for General and Molecular Bacteriology; ASM Press, 1994; Lefkovits; Immunology Methods Manual: The Comprehensive Sourcebook of Techniques; Academic Press, 1997; Golemis; Protein-Protein Interactions: A Molecular Cloning Manual; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2002).

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Bispecific antibodies that specifically recognize the EpCAM antigen and the CD3 antigen are described in the prior art, e.g., in Mack (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 1995, 92:7021-7025).

As mentioned above, the said variable domains comprised in the herein described bispecific single chain constructs are connected by additional linker sequences. The term "peptide linker" defines in accordance with the present invention an amino acid sequence by which the amino acid sequences of the first domain and the second domain of the defined construct are linked with each other. An essential technical feature of such peptide linker is that said peptide linker does not comprise any polymerization activity. A particularly preferred peptide linker is characterized by the amino acid sequence Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser, i.e. (Gly)4Ser, or polymers thereof, i.e. ((Gly)4Ser)x. The characteristics of said peptide linker, which comprise the absence of the promotion of secondary structures are known in the art and described e.g. in Dall'Acqua et al. (Biochem. (1998) 37, 9266-9273), Cheadle et al. (Mol Immunol (1992) 29, 21-30) and Raag and Whitlow (FASEB (1995) 9(1), 73-

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- 80). Also particularly preferred are peptide linkers which comprise less amino acid residues. An envisaged peptide linker with less than 5 amino acids can comprise 4, 3, 2 or one amino acids. A particularly preferred "single" amino acid in context of said "peptide linker" is Gly. Accordingly, said peptide linker may consist of the single amino acid Gly. Furthermore, peptide linkers which also do not promote any secondary structures are preferred. The linkage of said domains to each other can be provided by, e.g. genetic engineering, as described in the examples. Methods for preparing fused and operatively linked bispecific single chain constructs and expressing them in mammalian cells or bacteria are well-known in the art (e.g. WO 99/54440, Ausubel, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Green Publishing Associates and Wiley Interscience, N.Y. 1989 and 1994 or Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 2001).
- The bispecific single chain antibody constructs described herein above and below may be humanized or deimmunized antibody constructs. Methods for the humanization and/or deimmunization of (poly))peptides and, in particular, antibody constructs are known to the person skilled in the art.
- Here it was surprisingly found that domains with specificity for the EpCAM antigen, comprising at least one CDR-H3 region comprising the amino acid sequence NXD (asparagine—X—aspartic acid) preferably in position 102 to 104 of SEQ ID NOs: 80, 88 and 96, or in position 106 to 108 of SEQ ID NOs: 84 and 92, wherein X is an aromatic amino acid are particularly useful in the specific format of a bispecific single chain antibody constructs are particularly useful as pharmaceutical compositions since these constructs are advantageous over constructs which do not comprise said amino acids.
 - Furthermore, it was surprisingly found that domains with specificity for the EpCAM antigen, comprising at least one CDR-H3 region of at least 9 amino acid residues and having a K_D value of more than 5 x 10^{-9} M are particularly useful in the specific format of a bispecific single chain antibody construct. These bispecific single chain

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antibody construct are particularly useful as pharmaceutical compositions since these constructs are advantageous over constructs of less than 9 amino acid residues and wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value of less than 5 x 10^{-9} M.

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The prior art constructs are characterized by less advantageous EC50 values and/or less efficient or complete purifications as shown in the appended examples. It was in particular surprising that the domain of the single chain constructs with specificity for the CD3 antigen to be employed in accordance with the invention are highly bioactive in N- as well as C-terminal position, wherein in particular arrangements in V_{H(anti-CD3)}-V_{L(anti-CD3)} are preferred. The constructs to be employed in the pharmaceutical composition of the invention are characterized by advantageous production and purification properties as well as by their high bioactivity, i.e. their desired cytotoxic activity. In particular, when the cytotoxic activity of the constructs of the invention were compared with cytotoxic activity of conventional M79xanti-CD3 and HD70xanti-CD3 constructs, the constructs of the invention showed clearly higher bioactivity (Figure 11B). The corresponding high bioactivity is reflected by low to very low EC50 values as determined in cytotoxicity tests. The lower the EC_{50} value of the molecule is, the higher cytotoxicity, i.e. the effectivity in the cell lysis, of the construct is higher. On the other hand, the higher the EC_{50} value, the less effective the molecule is in inducing cell lysis. The term "EC50" corresponds, in context of this invention, to EC50 values as determined according to the methods known in the art and as illustrated in the appended examples: A standard dose-response curve is defined by four parameters: the baseline response (Bottom), the maximum response (Top), the slope, and the drug concentration that provokes a response halfway between baseline and maximum (EC₅₀). EC₅₀ is defined as the concentration of a drug or molecule that provokes a response half way between the baseline (Bottom) and maximum response (Top). A lower K_D value of the constructs of the invention depicts higher binding affinity. E.g. a low $\ensuremath{K_D}$ of 10^{-9} M shows high binding affinity of the binding construct. On the other hand a high K_D value of e.g. $10^{-6}\ M$ relates to lower binding affinity of the binding

domain of the construct.

The percentage of cell lysis (i.e. cytotoxic activity) may be determined by, inter alia, release assays disclosed herein above, for example, 51 Cr release assays, LDH-release assays and the like. Most preferably, in context of this invention fluorochrome release assays is employed as illustrated in the appended examples. Here, strong cytotoxic activity against EpCAM-positive cells (see CHO-EpCAM cells in appended example 3) of the bispecific single chain constructs described herein relates to a molecule comprising EC₅₀ values preferably \leq 500 pg/ml, more preferably \leq 400 pg/ml, even more preferably \leq 300 pg/ml, even more preferably \leq 200 pg/ml, \leq 50 pg/ml.

The bispecific constructs comprised in the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention show a surprisingly high cytotoxic activity (preferably in the range of about 10 pg/ml to 170 pg/ml) compared to the prior art M79xanti-CD3 construct (VL_{17-1A}- VH_{17-1A}- VH_{CD3}- VL_{CD3}; 8628 pg/ml). A skilled person is aware that EC50 values may vary depending to the bioactivity assay. Factors affecting EC50 value may comprise type of effector cells, activity of effector cells, type of target cells, E:T ratio, incubation time, incubation temperature and other external circumstances. Different EC50 values of same constructs in different experiments may be compared with the EC50 values of controls. A construct having high cytotoxic activity according to the invention has at least 2.5 time lower EC50 value than the control (at least 2.5 times higher cytotoxicity than the control), preferably at least three times lower EC50 value and more preferably at least five times lower EC50 value.

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Furthermore, the constructs of the invention bind EpCAM with a surprisingly high affinity measured by surface plasmon resonance (BIAcore®). The prior art EpCAM and CD3 binding construct M79xanti-CD3 has a K_D of 4 x 10⁻⁶ M and the constructs of the invention a K_D of 2,3 x 10⁻⁷ – 2,5 x 10⁻⁷ M.

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Preferably, the X in said NXD motif is W (tryptophan) or Y (tyrosine).

It is further envisaged that the pharmaceutical composition of the invention comprises a bispecific single chain antibody construct, wherein the CDR-H3 of the EpCAM specific domain comprises at least 9 amino acid residues, preferably at least 14 amino acids. Preferably the CDR-H3 comprises less than 18 amino acids, more preferably less than 15 amino acids. Thus, preferably the CDR-H3 comprises 9 to 17 amino acids, more preferably 9 to 15 amino acids and most preferably 10 or 14 amino acids.

Bispecific single chain antibody construct comprising a corresponding EpCAM specific domain have been surprisingly found to be advantagous in the format of the above described construct over other EpCAM specific domain known in the art. Such effect is demonstrated in appended examples 3, 4 and 5. The prior art EpCAM binding antibody M79 comprises eight amino acids in its CDR-H3 region and does not comprise the sequence NXD (Figure 11A).

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The pharmaceutical composition according to the invention may also comprise constructs, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value of more than 5×10^{-9} M.

The pharmaceutical composition may additionally be characterized by the feature that said binding domain specific for the CD3 antigen has a K_D value of more than 10^{-7} M.

The K_D value is a physical value defining the tendency of a complex to dissociate. For the binding equilibrium A+B \leftrightarrow AB, the dissociation constant is given as the ratio of the two kinetic rate constants k_{off} and k_{on} : [A][B] (kon)/[AB] (koff). The smaller the dissociation constant the tighter A and B bind to each other. In biological systems a good, specific binder has a dissociation constant in the range of 10^{-9} - 10^{-7} M. K_D can be measured with a number of methods known to the person skilled in the art, e.g. surface plasmon resonance (SPR, e.g. with BIAcore®), analytical ultracentrifugation, isothermal titration calorimetry, fluorescence anisotropy, fluorescence spectroscopy or by radiolabeled ligand binding assays.

The K_Ds of the constructs of the invention have been measured using the surface

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plasmon resonance (SPR) spectroscopy. The ligand is injected over the immobilized antigen chip surface and the change in optical density on the chip surface upon binding is measured. The change in optical density, monitored by a change in reflection angle, correlates directly to the amount of ligand binding to the chip surface - the biophysical phenomenon used is called surface plasmon resonance.

One of the interaction partners has to be immobilized on the surface of the sensor chip of the apparatus based on surface plasmon resonance (e.g. $BIAcore^{\oplus}$). The kinetics of association and dissociation of ligand with the immobilized antigen on the chip surface are observed in real time. The binding curves are fitted for kinetic rate constants k_{on} and k_{off} , resulting in an apparent equilibrium dissociation constant (KD).

It is particularly preferred, that said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value in a range between $1x10^{-7}$ and $5x10^{-9}$ M and said binding domain specific for CD3 has a K_D value in a range between $1x10^{-6}$ and $5x10^{-9}$ M.

In a particularly preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition may additionally be characterized by the feature that said binding domain specific for the CD3 antigen has a K_D value of > (more than) $1x10^{-7}$ M.

The constructs of the invention have the advantage that they may be used a number of times for killing tumour cells since the EpCAM binding part has an affinity with a K_D value of more than 5x10⁻⁹ M. If the affinity of a bispecific construct for binding an EpCAM-expressing tumour cell is too high, the construct binds one EpCAM expressing tumour cell and remains on its surface even when it has been killed and cannot continue to another tumour cell to be killed. A further advantage of the construct of the invention is that the binding domain specific for EpCAM binds with a high affinity (corresponds to lower K_D value), thus leading the circulating T-cells to the tumour cells marked with the bispecific construct. Therefore, the K_D of the binding domain specific for EpCAM of the bispecific construct is preferably in the range of 10⁻⁷-5x10⁻⁹ M and the K_D of the binding

domain specific for CD3 is preferably in the range of 10⁻⁶ - 5x10⁻⁹ M. In a preferred embodiment, the KD value of the EpCAM binding domain is lower than the KD value of the CD3 binding domain corresponding to a higher affinity of the EpCAM binding domain compared to the CD3 binding domain.

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Further it is envisaged that the pharmaceutical composition of the invention comprises a bispecific single chain antibody construct, wherein the CDR-H3 of the EpCAM specific domain comprises at least 9 amino acids, preferably at least 14 amino acids. Preferably the CDR-H3 comprises less than 18 amino acids, more preferably less than 15 amino acids. Thus, preferably the CDR-H3 comprises 9 to 17 amino acids, more preferably 9 to 15 amino acids and most preferably 10 or 14 amino acids.

In a preferred embodiment of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention the V_H chain of the domain specific for human EpCAM antigen is selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 80, SEQ ID NO: 84, SEQ ID NO: 88, SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO:96;
- (b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 79, SEQ ID NO: 83, SEQ ID NO: 87, SEQ ID NO: 91 and SEQ ID NO: 95:
 - (c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
- 25 (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).

The term "hybridizing" as used herein refers to polynucleotides/nucleic acid sequences which are capable of hybridizing to the polynucleotides encoding bispecific single chain constructs as defined herein or parts thereof. Therefore, said polynucleotides may be useful as probes in Northern or Southern Blot analysis of

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RNA or DNA preparations, respectively, or can be used as oligonucleotide primers in PCR analysis dependent on their respective size. Preferably, said hybridizing polynucleotides comprise at least 10, more preferably at least 15 nucleotides in length while a hybridizing polynucleotide of the present invention to be used as a probe preferably comprises at least 100, more preferably at least 200, or most preferably at least 500 nucleotides in length.

It is well known in the art how to perform hybridization experiments with nucleic acid molecules, i.e. the person skilled in the art knows what hybridization conditions s/he has to use in accordance with the present invention. Such hybridization conditions are referred to in standard text books such as Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (2001) N.Y. Preferred in accordance with the present inventions are polynucleotides which are capable of hybridizing to the polynucleotides of the invention or parts thereof, under stringent hybridization conditions.

"Stringent hybridization conditions" refer, e.g. to an overnight incubation at 42°C in a solution comprising 50% formamide, 5x SSC (750 mM NaCl, 75 mM sodium citrate), 50 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.6), 5x Denhardt's solution, 10% dextran sulfate, and 20 µg/ml denatured, sheared salmon sperm DNA, followed by washing the filters in 0.1 x SSC at about 65°C. Also contemplated are nucleic acid molecules that hybridize to the polynucleotides of the invention at lower stringency hybridization conditions. Changes in the stringency of hybridization and signal detection are primarily accomplished through the manipulation of formamide concentration (lower percentages of formamide result in lowered stringency); salt conditions, or temperature. For example, lower stringency conditions include an ovemight incubation at 37°C in a solution comprising 6X SSPE (20X SSPE = 3M NaCl; 0.2M NaH₂PO₄; 0.02M EDTA, pH 7.4), 0.5% SDS, 30% formamide, 100 μg/ml salmon sperm blocking DNA; followed by washes at 50°C with 1 X SSPE, 0.1% SDS. In addition, to achieve even lower stringency, washes performed following stringent hybridization can be done at higher salt concentrations (e.g. 5X SSC). It is of note that variations in the above conditions may be accomplished through the inclusion and/or substitution of alternate blocking reagents used to

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suppress background in hybridization experiments. Typical blocking reagents include Denhardt's reagent, BLOTTO, heparin, denatured salmon sperm DNA, and commercially available proprietary formulations. The inclusion of specific blocking reagents may require modification of the hybridization conditions described above, due to problems with compatibility.

The recited nucleic acid molecules may be, e.g., DNA, cDNA, RNA or synthetically produced DNA or RNA or a recombinantly produced chimeric nucleic acid molecule comprising any of those polynucleotides either alone or in combination.

- 10 Preferably said pharmaceutical composition of the invention may comprise a bispecific single chain construct, wherein the V_L chain domains specific for human EpCAM antigen is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 82, SEQ ID NO: 86, SEQ ID NO: 90, SEQ ID NO: 94 and SEQ ID NO: 98;
- 15 (b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 81, SEQ ID NO: 85, SEQ ID NO: 89, SEQ ID NO: 93 and SEQ ID NO: 97;
 - (c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
 - (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).
- In a preferred embodiment of the pharmaceutical composition of this invention, the V_H and V_L regions of said human CD3 specific domain are derived from an CD3 specific antibody selected from the group consisting of X35-3, VIT3, BMA030 (BW264/56), CLB-T3/3, CRIS7, YTH12.5, F111-409, CLB-T3.4.2, TR-66, WT32, SPv-T3b, 11D8, XIII-141, XIII-46, XIII-87, 12F6, T3/RW2-8C8, T3/RW2-4B6,
 OKT3D, M-T301, SMC2, WT31 and F101.01. These CD3-specific antibodies are well known in the art and, inter alia, described in Tunnacliffe (1989), Int. Immunol.

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1, 546-550. In a more preferred embodiment, said V_{H} and V_{L} regions of said CD3 specific domain are derived from OKT-3 (as defined and described above). Even more preferred (and as illustrated in the appended examples) said VH and VL regions are or are derived from an antibody/antibody derivative with specificity for the CD3 molecule described by Traunecker (1991), EMBO J. 10, 3655-3659. In accordance with this invention, said V_H and V_L regions are derived from antibodies/antibody derivatives and the like which are capable of specifically recognizing the human CD3-ε chain in the context of other TCR subunits, e.g. in mouse cells transgenic for human CD3-ε chain. These transgenic mouse cells express human CD3-ε chain in a native or near native conformation. Accordingly. the V_H and V_L regions derived from an CD3-ε chain specific antibody is most preferred in accordance with this invention and said (parental) antibodies should be capable of specifically binding epitopes reflecting the native or near native structure or a conformational epitope of human CD3 presented in context of the TCR complex. Such antibodies have been classified by Tunnacliffe (1989) as "group II" antibodies. Further classifications in Tunnacliffe (1989) comprise the definition of "group I" and "group III" antibodies directed against CD3. "Group I" antibodies, like UCHT1, recognize CD3-ε chain expressed as recombinant protein and as part of the TCR on the cell surface. Therefore, "group I" antibodies are highly specific for CD3-ε chain. In contrast, the herein preferred "group II antibodies" recognize CD3ε chain only in the native TCR complex in association with other TCR subunits. Without being bound by theory, it is speculated in context of this invention that in "group II" antibodies, the TCR context is required for recognition of CD3-ε chain. CD3- γ chain and δ chain, being associated with ϵ chain, are also involved in binding of "group II antibodies". All three subunits express immunoreceptortyrosine activation motifs (ITAMs) which can be tyrosine phosphorylated by protein tyrosine-based kinases. For this reason group II antibodies induce T cell signaling via CD3-ε chain, γ chain and δ chain, leading to a stronger signal compared to group I antibodies selectively inducing T cell signaling via CD3-ε chain. Yet, since for therapeutic applications induction of a strong T cell signaling is desired, the V_H (anti-CD3) N_L (anti-CD3)- regions (or parts thereof) to be employed in the bispecific single

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chain constructs comprised in the inventive pharmaceutical composition, are preferably derived from antibodies directed against human CD3 and classified in "group II" by Tunnacliffe (1989), loc.cit.

- In one embodiment the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition wherein said bispecific single chain antibody construct comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 36, 39, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60;
- 10 (b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 29, 35, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 and 59;
 - (c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
 - (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).
- The present invention also provides for a pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined above.
 - Said nucleic acid molecule may be a natural nucleic acid molecule as well as a recombinant nucleic acid molecule. The nucleic acid molecule may, therefore, be of natural origin, synthetic or semi-synthetic. It may comprise DNA, RNA as well as PNA (peptide nucleic acid) and it may be a hybrid thereof.
 - Thus, the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- 30 (a) a nucleotide sequence encoding the mature form of a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of the bispecific single chain antibody constructs

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- defined herein, preferably as given in SEQ ID Nos: 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 36, 39, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60;
- (b) a nucleotide sequence comprising or consisting of the DNA sequence as given in SEQ ID Nos: 1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 29, 35, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 and 59;
- (c) a nucleotide sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleotide sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
- (d) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein derived from the protein encoded
 by a nucleotide sequence of (a) or (b) by way of substitution, deletion and/or
 addition of one or several amino acids of the amino acid sequence encoded
 by the nucleotide sequence of (a) or (b);
 - (e) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein having an amino acid sequence at least 60 % identical to the amino acid sequence encoded by the nucleotide sequence of (a) or (b);
 - (f) a nucleotide sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (a) to (e);

The term "mature form of the protein" defines in context with the present invention a protein translated from its corresponding mRNA and optional subsequently modified.

The term "hybridizing" has been defined in the context of the present invention herein above.

It is evident to the person skilled in the art that regulatory sequences may be added to the nucleic acid molecule comprised in the pharmaceutical composition of the invention. For example, promoters, transcriptional enhancers and/or sequences which allow for induced expression of the polynucleotide of the invention may be employed. A suitable inducible system is for example tetracycline-regulated gene expression as described, e.g., by Gossen and Bujard (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89 (1992), 5547-5551) and Gossen et al. (Trends Biotech. 12 (1994), 58-62), or a dexamethasone-inducible gene expression system as described, e.g. by Crook (1989) EMBO J. 8, 513-519.

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Furthermore, it is envisaged for further purposes that nucleic acid molecules may contain, for example, thioester bonds and/or nucleotide analogues. Said modifications may be useful for the stabilization of the nucleic acid molecule against endo- and/or exonucleases in the cell. Said nucleic acid molecules may be transcribed by an appropriate vector containing a chimeric gene which allows for the transcription of said nucleic acid molecule in the cell. In this respect, it is also to be understood that such polynucleotide can be used for "gene targeting" or "gene therapeutic" approaches. In another embodiment said nucleic acid molecules are labeled. Methods for the detection of nucleic acids are well known in the art, e.g., Southern and Northern blotting, PCR or primer extension. This embodiment may be useful for screening methods for verifying successful introduction of the nucleic acid molecules described above during gene therapy approaches.

Said nucleic acid molecule(s) may be a recombinantly produced chimeric nucleic acid molecule comprising any of the aforementioned nucleic acid molecules either alone or in combination. Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule is part of a vector.

The present invention therefore also relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule described in the present invention.

Many suitable vectors are known to those skilled in molecular biology, the choice of which would depend on the function desired and include plasmids, cosmids, viruses, bacteriophages and other vectors used conventionally in genetic engineering. Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art can be used to construct various plasmids and vectors; see, for example, the techniques described in Sambrook et al. (loc cit.) and Ausubel, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Green Publishing Associates and Wiley Interscience, N.Y. (1989), (1994). Alternatively, the polynucleotides and vectors of the invention can be reconstituted into liposomes for delivery to target cells. As discussed in further details below, a cloning vector was used to isolate individual sequences of DNA. Relevant sequences can be transferred into expression vectors where expression of a

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particular polypeptide is required. Typical cloning vectors include pBluescript SK, pGEM, pUC9, pBR322 and pGBT9. Typical expression vectors include pTRE, pCAL-n-EK, pESP-1, pOP13CAT.

Preferably said vector comprises a nucleic acid sequence which is a regulatory sequence operably linked to said nucleic acid sequence encoding a bispecific single chain antibody constructs defined herein.

Such regulatory sequences (control elements) are known to the artisan and may include a promoter, a splice cassette, translation initiation codon, translation and insertion site for introducing an insert into the vector. Preferably, said nucleic acid molecule is operatively linked to said expression control sequences allowing expression in eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells.

It is envisaged that said vector is an expression vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule encoding a bispecific single chain antibody constructs defined herein.

The term "regulatory sequence" refers to DNA sequences which are necessary to effect the expression of coding sequences to which they are ligated. The nature of such control sequences differs depending upon the host organism. In prokaryotes, control sequences generally include promoters, ribosomal binding sites, and terminators. In eukaryotes generally control sequences include promoters, terminators and, in some instances, enhancers, transactivators or transcription factors. The term "control sequence" is intended to include, at a minimum, all components the presence of which are necessary for expression, and may also include additional advantageous components.

The term "operably linked" refers to a juxtaposition wherein the components so described are in a relationship permitting them to function in their intended manner.

A control sequence "operably linked" to a coding sequence is ligated in such a way that expression of the coding sequence, is achieved under conditions compatible with the control sequences. In case the control sequence is a promoter, it is obvious for a skilled person that double-stranded nucleic acid is preferably used.

Thus, the recited vector is preferably an expression vector. An "expression vector"

is a construct that can be used to transform a selected host and provides for expression of a coding sequence in the selected host. Expression vectors can for

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instance be cloning vectors, binary vectors or integrating vectors. Expression comprises transcription of the nucleic acid molecule preferably into a translatable mRNA. Regulatory elements ensuring expression in prokaryotes and/or eukaryotic cells are well known to those skilled in the art. In the case of eukaryotic cells they comprise normally promoters ensuring initiation of transcription and optionally poly-A signals ensuring termination of transcription and stabilization of the transcript. Possible regulatory elements permitting expression in prokaryotic host cells comprise, e.g., the P_L, *lac*, *trp* or *tac* promoter in *E. coli*, and examples of regulatory elements permitting expression in eukaryotic host cells are the *AOX1* or *GAL1* promoter in yeast or the CMV-, SV40-, RSV-promoter (Rous sarcoma virus), CMV-enhancer, SV40-enhancer or a globin intron in mammalian and other animal cells.

Beside elements which are responsible for the initiation of transcription such regulatory elements may also comprise transcription termination signals, such as the SV40-poly-A site or the tk-poly-A site, downstream of the polynucleotide. Furthermore, depending on the expression system used leader sequences capable of directing the polypeptide to a cellular compartment or secreting it into the medium may be added to the coding sequence of the recited nucleic acid sequence and are well known in the art; see also, e.g., the appended examples. The leader sequence(s) is (are) assembled in appropriate phase with translation. initiation and termination sequences, and preferably, a leader sequence capable of directing secretion of translated protein, or a portion thereof, into the periplasmic space or extracellular medium. Optionally, the heterologous sequence can encode a fusion protein including an N-terminal identification peptide imparting desired characteristics, e.g., stabilization or simplified purification of expressed recombinant product; see supra. In this context, suitable expression vectors are known in the art such as Okayama-Berg cDNA expression vector pcDV1 (Pharmacia), pEF-Neo, pCDM8, pRc/CMV, pcDNA1, pcDNA3 (In-vitrogene), pEF-DHFR and pEF-ADA, (Raum et al. Cancer Immunol Immunother (2001) 50(3), 141-150) or pSPORT1 (GIBCO BRL).

Preferably, the expression control sequences will be eukaryotic promoter systems

in vectors capable of transforming of transfecting eukaryotic host cells, but control sequences for prokaryotic hosts may also be used. Once the vector has been incorporated into the appropriate host, the host is maintained under conditions suitable for high level expression of the nucleotide sequences, and as desired, the collection and purification of the polypeptide of the invention may follow; see, e.g., the appended examples.

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An alternative expression system which could be used to express a cell cycle interacting protein is an insect system. In one such system, *Autographa californica* nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcNPV) is used as a vector to express foreign genes in *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells or in *Trichoplusia* larvae. The coding sequence of a recited nucleic acid molecule may be cloned into a nonessential region of the virus, such as the polyhedrin gene, and placed under control of the polyhedrin promoter. Successful insertion of said coding sequence will render the polyhedrin gene inactive and produce recombinant virus lacking coat protein coat. The recombinant viruses are then used to infect *S. frugiperda* cells or *Trichoplusia* larvae in which the protein of the invention is expressed (Smith, J. Virol. 46 (1983), 584; Engelhard, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 91 (1994), 3224-3227).

Additional regulatory elements may include transcriptional as well as translational enhancers. Advantageously, the above-described vectors of the invention comprises a selectable and/or scorable marker.

Selectable marker genes useful for the selection of transformed cells and, e.g., plant tissue and plants are well known to those skilled in the art and comprise, for example, antimetabolite resistance as the basis of selection for dhfr, which confers resistance to methotrexate (Reiss, Plant Physiol. (Life Sci. Adv.) 13 (1994), 143-149); npt, which confers resistance to the aminoglycosides neomycin, kanamycin and paromycin (Herrera-Estrella, EMBO J. 2 (1983), 987-995) and hygro, which confers resistance to hygromycin (Marsh, Gene 32 (1984), 481-485). Additional selectable genes have been described, namely trpB, which allows cells to utilize indole in place of tryptophan; hisD, which allows cells to utilize histinol in place of histidine (Hartman, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85 (1988), 8047); mannose-6-phosphate isomerase which allows cells to utilize mannose (WO 94/20627) and

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ODC (ornithine decarboxylase) which confers resistance to the ornithine decarboxylase inhibitor, 2-(difluoromethyl)-DL-ornithine, DFMO (McConlogue, 1987, In: Current Communications in Molecular Biology, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory ed.) or deaminase from Aspergillus terreus which confers resistance to Blasticidin S (Tamura, Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem. 59 (1995), 2336-2338).

Useful scorable markers are also known to those skilled in the art and are commercially available. Advantageously, said marker is a gene encoding luciferase (Giacomin, Pl. Sci. 116 (1996), 59-72; Scikantha, J. Bact. 178 (1996), 121), green fluorescent protein (Gerdes, FEBS Lett. 389 (1996), 44-47) or ß-glucuronidase (Jefferson, EMBO J. 6 (1987), 3901-3907). This embodiment is particularly useful for simple and rapid screening of cells, tissues and organisms containing a recited vector.

As described above, the recited nucleic acid molecule can be used alone or as part of a vector to express the encoded polypeptide in cells, for, e.g., gene therapy. The nucleic acid molecules or vectors containing the DNA sequence(s) encoding any one of the above described bispecific single chain antibody constructs is introduced into the cells which in turn produce the polypeptide of interest. Gene therapy, which is based on introducing therapeutic genes into cells by ex-vivo or invivo techniques is one of the most important applications of gene transfer. Suitable vectors, methods or gene-delivery systems for in-vitro or in-vivo gene therapy are described in the literature and are known to the person skilled in the art; see, e.g., Giordano, Nature Medicine 2 (1996), 534-539; Schaper, Circ. Res. 79 (1996), 911-919; Anderson, Science 256 (1992), 808-813; Verma, Nature 389 (1994), 239; Isner, Lancet 348 (1996), 370-374; Muhlhauser, Circ. Res. 77 (1995), 1077-1086; Onodera, Blood 91 (1998), 30-36; Verma, Gene Ther. 5 (1998), 692-699; Nabel, Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 811 (1997), 289-292; Verzeletti, Hum. Gene Ther. 9 (1998), 2243-51; Wang, Nature Medicine 2 (1996), 714-716; WO 94/29469; WO 97/00957. US 5,580,859; US 5,589,466; or Schaper, Current Opinion in Biotechnology 7 (1996), 635-640. The recited nucleic acid molecules and vectors may be designed for direct introduction or for introduction via liposomes, or viral vectors (e.g., adenoviral, retroviral) into the cell. Preferably, said cell is a germ line cell,

embryonic cell, or egg cell or derived therefrom, most preferably said cell is a stem cell. An example for an embryonic stem cell can be, inter alia, a stem cell as described in, Nagy, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90 (1993), 8424-8428.

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In accordance with the above, the present invention relates to methods to derive vectors, particularly plasmids, cosmids, viruses and bacteriophages used conventionally in genetic engineering that comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide sequence of a bispecific single chain antibody constructs defined herein. Preferably, said vector is an expression vector and/or a gene transfer or targeting vector. Expression vectors derived from viruses such as retroviruses, vaccinia virus, adeno-associated virus, herpes viruses, or bovine papilloma virus, may be used for delivery of the recited polynucleotides or vector into targeted cell populations. Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art can be used to construct recombinant vectors; see, for example, the techniques described in Sambrook et al. (loc cit.), Ausubel (1989, loc cit.) or other standard text books. Alternatively, the recited nucleic acid molecules and vectors can be reconstituted into liposomes for delivery to target cells. The vectors containing the nucleic acid molecules of the invention can be transferred into the host cell by wellknown methods, which vary depending on the type of cellular host. For example, calcium chloride transfection is commonly utilized for prokaryotic cells, whereas calcium phosphate treatment or electroporation may be used for other cellular hosts; see Sambrook, supra.

The recited vector may be the pEF-DHFR, pEF-ADA or pEF-neo.

The vectors pEF-DHFR and pEF-ADA have been described in the art, e.g. in Mack et al. (PNAS (1995) 92, 7021-7025) and Raum et al. (Cancer Immunol Immunother (2001) 50(3), 141-150).

It is further envisaged that the pharmaceutical composition of the invention comprises a host transformed or transfected with a vector defined herein above. Said host may be produced by introducing said at least one of the above described vector or at least one of the above described nucleic acid molecules into the host. The presence of said at least one vector or at least one nucleic acid molecule in

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the host may mediate the expression of a gene encoding the above described bespecific single chan antibody constructs.

The described nucleic acid molecule or vector which is introduced in the host may either integrate into the genome of the host or it may be maintained extrachromosomally.

The host can be any prokaryote or eukaryotic cell.

The term "prokaryote" is meant to include all bacteria which can be transformed or transfected with a DNA or RNA molecules for the expression of a protein of the invention. Prokaryotic hosts may include gram negative as well as gram positive bacteria such as, for example, E. coli, S. typhimurium, Serratia marcescens and Bacillus subtilis. The term "eukaryotic" is meant to include yeast, higher plant, insect and preferably mammalian cells. Depending upon the host employed in a recombinant production procedure, the protein encoded by the polynucleotide of the present invention may be glycosylated or may be non-glycosylated. Especially preferred is the use of a plasmid or a virus containing the coding sequence of the polypeptide of the invention and genetically fused thereto an N-terminal FLAG-tag and/or C-terminal His-tag. Preferably, the length of said FLAG-tag is about 4 to 8 amino acids, most preferably 8 amino acids. An above described polynucleotide can be used to transform or transfect the host using any of the techniques commonly known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Furthermore, methods for preparing fused, operably linked genes and expressing them in, e.g., mammalian cells and bacteria are well-known in the art (Sambrook, loc cit.).

Preferably, said the host is a bacteria, an insect, fungal, plant or animal cell.

It is particularly envisaged that the recited host may be a mammalian cell, more preferably a human cell or human cell line.

Particularly preferred host cells comprise CHO cells, COS cells, myeloma cell lines like SP2/0 or NS/0.

The pharmaceutical composition of the invention may also comprise a proteinaceous compound capable of providing an activation signal for immune effector cells useful for cell proliferation or cell stimulation.

The proteinaceous compound is not understood as an additional domain of the above defined bispecific single chain antibody construct, but at least one additional component of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention.

In the light of the present invention, said "proteinaceous compounds" providing an activation signal for immune effector cells" may be, e.g. a further activation signal for T cells (e.g. a further costimulatory molecule: molecules of the B7-family, Ox40 L, 4.1 BBL), or a further cytokine: interleukin (e.g. IL-2), or an NKG-2D engaging compound. Preferred formats of proteinaceous compounds comprise additional bispecific antibodies and fragments or derivatives thereof, e.g. bispecific scFv. Proteinaceous compounds can comprise, but are not limited to scFv fragments specific for the T cell receptor or superantigens. Superantigens directly bind to certain subfamilies of T cell receptor variable regions in an MHC-independent manner thus mediating the primary T cell activation signal. The proteinaceous compound may also provide an activation signal for immune effector cell which is a non-T cell. Examples for immune effector cells which are non-T cells comprise, inter alia, NK cells.

An additional technical feature of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention is that said pharmaceutical composition is thermostable at $\geq 37^{\circ}$ C.

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An alternative embodiment of the invention relates to a process for the production of a pharmaceutical composition of the invention, said process comprising culturing a host defined herein above under conditions allowing the expression of the construct and recovering the produced bispecific single chain antibody construct from the culture.

The transformed hosts can be grown in fermentors and cultured according to techniques known in the art to achieve optimal cell growth. The polypeptide of the invention can then be isolated from the growth medium, cellular lysates, or cellular membrane fractions. The isolation and purification of the, e.g., microbially expressed polypeptides of the invention may be by any conventional means such as, for example, preparative chromatographic separations and immunological

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separations such as those involving the use of monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies directed, e.g., against a tag of the polypeptide of the invention or as described in the appended examples.

The conditions for the culturing of a host which allow the expression are known in the art and discussed herein above. The same holds true for procedures for the purification/recovery of said constructs.

A further alternative embodiment of the invention relates to the use of a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined above, a nucleic acid sequence as defined above, a vector as defined above, a host as defined above and/or produced by a process as defined above for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease. In particular, the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may be particularly useful in preventing, ameliorating and/or treating cancer.

15 Preferably said tumorous disease is epithelial cancer or a minimal residual cancer.

It is envisaged by the present invention that the above defined bispecific single chain antibody construct, nucleic acid molecules and vectors are administered either alone or in any combination using standard vectors and/or gene delivery systems, and optionally together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Subsequent to administration, said nucleic acid molecules or vectors may be stably integrated into the genome of the subject.

On the other hand, viral vectors may be used which are specific for certain cells or tissues and persist in said cells. Suitable pharmaceutical carriers and excipients are well known in the art. The pharmaceutical compositions prepared according to the invention can be used for the prevention or treatment or delaying the above identified diseases.

Furthermore, it is possible to use a pharmaceutical composition of the invention which comprises described nucleic acid molecules or vectors in gene therapy. Suitable gene delivery systems may include liposomes, receptor-mediated delivery systems, naked DNA, and viral vectors such as herpes viruses, retroviruses,

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adenoviruses, and adeno-associated viruses, among others. Delivery of nucleic acids to a specific site in the body for gene therapy may also be accomplished using a biolistic delivery system, such as that described by Williams (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88 (1991), 2726-2729). Further methods for the delivery of nucleic acids comprise particle-mediated gene transfer as, e.g., described in Verma, Gene Ther.15 (1998), 692-699.

Furthermore the invention relates to a method for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease comprising the step of administering to a subject in the need thereof an effective amount a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined above, a nucleic acid sequence as defined above, a vector as defined above, a host as defined above and/or produced in by a process as defined above.

Preferably said subject is a human.

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The method for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of the invention may comprise the co-administration of an above defined proteinaceous compound capable of an activation signal for immune effector cells to the subject. The co-administration may be a simultaneous co-administration or a non-simultaneous co-administration.

20 It is particularly preferred for the use and the method of the invention that said tumorous disease is epithelial cancer, preferably adenocarcinomas, or a minimal residual cancer, preferably early solid tumor, advanced solid tumor or metastatic solid tumor.

Finally, the present invention relates to a kit comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined above, a nucleic acid sequence as defined above, a vector as defined above and/or a host as defined above. It is also envisaged that the kit of this invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition as described herein above, either alone or in combination with further medicaments to be administered to a patient in need of medical treatment or intervention.

The Figures show:

Figure 1:

DNA and amino acid sequence of the anti-CD3-anti-EpCAM constructs A) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:11,12), B) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:1,2), C) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:7, 8), D) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:13,14), E) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH (SEQ ID NO.:15,16), F) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:3,4), G) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:9, 10), H) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:17,18), I) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VLVH (SEQ ID NO.:19,20), J) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:45, 46), K) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:47,48), L) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 3-5 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:51,52), N) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 3-5 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:53,54), O) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:55,56), P) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:59,60).

Figure 2:

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FACS analysis of the constructs **A)** anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:18), **B)** anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:14), **C)** anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:4), **D)** anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:2), **E)** anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:10), **F)** anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:8), **G)** anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:12), **H)** anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VLVH (SEQ ID NO.:20) and **I)** anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH (SEQ ID NO.:16) in CD3 positive Jurkat and EpCAM-positive Kato III cells. A shift to the right shows binding. In Jurkat and KatoIII cells the dotted line indicates the shift of the negative control (only secondary antibody), dashed line shows the binding of an anti-EpCAM-anti-CD3 control antibody and the bold line shows the bispecific construct of interest.

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Figure 3:

DNA and amino acid sequence of the anti-EpCAM-anti-CD3- constructs **A**) 4-7 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:41,42), **B**) 3-5 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:29,30), **C**) 3-1 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:35,36), **D**) 4-1 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:38,39) and **E**) 5-10 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:43,44).

Figure 4: FACS analysis of the constructs A) 4-7 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:42), B) 3-5 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:30), C) 3-1 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:36), D) 4-1 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:39) and E) 5-10 VLVHx anti-CD3 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.: 44) constructs in CD3 positive Jurkat and EpCAM-positive Kato III cells. A shift to the right shows binding.

Figure 5:

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A representative elution pattern of an EpCAM bispecific antibody containing protein fractions from a Zn-Chelating Fractogel® column at 280 nm. High adsorption at 280 nm from 50-450 ml retention time was due to non-bound protein in the column flow through. The arrow at the peak at 530.09 ml indicates the EpCAM bispecific construct containing protein fraction that was used or further purification.

Figure 6:

A representative protein elution pattern from a Sephadex® S200 gelfiltration column at 280 nm. The protein peak at 82.66 ml containing bispecific antibodies against CD3 and EpCAM corresponds to a molecular weight of ca. 52 kD. Fractions were collected from 40-140 ml retention time.

25 **Figure 7**

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A) Cation exchange chromatogram of 3-1 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:36) shows the overall charge isoforms of the protein. Cation exchange chromatography was performed on a MiniS® (Amersham) column. After washing with 20 mM MES buffer pH 5.5, the protein was eluted with a gradient of elution buffer containing 1 M NaCl: 0-30% in 60 column volumes. The bispecific construct was eluted at 23,58 ml. Unspecific protein was eluted with 1 M NaCl starting at 50 ml.

B) Cation exchange chromatogram of 5-10 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:44) shows the overall charge isoforms of the protein. Cation exhange chromatography was performed as in Figure 7A. The bispecific construct was eluted at a shoulder at 35,77 ml. Unspecific protein was eluted with 1 M NaCl starting at 50 ml.

Figure 8:

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- A) Representative SDS-PAGE analysis of EpCAM bispecific single chain antibody protein fractions. Lane M: Molecular weight marker Lane 1: cell culture supernatant; lane 2: IMAC flow through; lane 3: IMAC wash; lane 4: IMAC eluate; lane 5: purified antibody against EpCAM and CD3 obtained from gel filtration.
- B) Representative Western blot analysis of purified EpCAM bispecific single chain antibody protein fractions Lane 1: cell culture supernatant; lane 2: IMAC flow through; lane 3: IMAC wash; lane 4: IMAC eluate; lane 5: purified antibody against EpCAM and CD3 obtained from gel filtration.

Figure 9:

Cytotoxicity assay of C-terminal EpCAM binders anti-CD3x3-1 (SEQ ID NO.:46), anti-CD3 x-5-10 (SEQ ID NO.:4), and anti-CD3 x4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:2). CB15 T cell clone and CHO-EpCAM cells were used in an E:T ratio of 5:1. CHO-EpCAM cells were stained with PKH26 dye and the cells were counted after bispecific single chain antibody incubation with FACS analysis.

5 **Figure 10:**

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Cytotoxicity assay of N-terminal EpCAM binders 3-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:36), and 5-10xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:44). CB15 T cell clone and CHO-EpCAM cells were used in an E:T ration of 5:1. CHO-EpCAM cells were stained with PKH26 dye and the cells were counted after bispecific single chain antibody incubation with FACS analysis.

Figure 11:

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A) Sequence alignment of the CDR3 of the VH chains of EpCAM 3-1 (SEQ ID NO.:,80), EpCAM 4-1 (SEQ ID NO.: 88), EpCAM 5-10 (SEQ ID NO.: 96), EpCAM 3-5 (SEQ ID NO.: 84), EpCAM 4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:92), compared with CDR3 of the VH chain of EpCAM M79, HD70 and 3B10. The NXD motif is depicted as bold.

B) Comparison of the cytotoxic activity of 3-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.: 36), 5-10xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:44), anti-CD3x4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:2) and anti-CD3x5-10 (SEQ ID NO.:18) with M79Xanti-CD3 and HD70xanti-CD3 controls. PBMC cells and Kato III cells were used in a E:T ratio of 10:1. KatoIII cells were stained with propidium iodide and the cells were counted after bispecific single chain antibody incubation with FACS analysis.

The invention will now be described by reference to the following biological examples which are merely illustrative and are not to be construed as a limitation of scope of the present invention.

Example 1: Cloning and expression of the EpCAM constructs

A number of constructs comprising anti-CD3 and anti-EpCAM in various structures and domain arrangements were generated. Anti-EpCAM VH and VL variable domains of the antibodies 3-1 are shown in SEQ ID NO.:79, 80, 81, 82, 3-5 in SEQ ID NO.:83, 84, 85, 86, 4-1 in SEQ ID NO.:87, 88, 89, 90, 4-7 SEQ ID NO.:91, 92, 93, 94 and 5-10 in SEQ ID NO.:95, 96, 97, 98. The constructs are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. anti-CD3-anti-EpCAM and anti-EpCAM-anti-CD3 constructs

SEQ ID NO.: Construct No.	Construct	Domain arrangement	Distinctive feature	
anti-CD3xanti-EpCAM constructs				
SEQ ID NO.:1,2	anti-CD3x4-7	VH-VLXVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 3, 4	anti-CD3x5- 10	VH-VLXVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 45,46	anti-CD3x3-1	VH-VLXVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 49,50	anti-CD3x3-5	VH-VLXVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 55,56	anti-CD3x4-1	VH-VLXVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 7,8	anti-CD3x 4-7Cys-Ser	VH-VLXVH-VL	Cys-Ser mutation	
SEQ ID NO.: 9,10	anti-CD3x 5-10Cys-Ser	VH-VLXVH-VL	Cys-Ser mutation	
SEQ ID NO.: 47,48	anti-CD3x3-1	VH-VLXVH-VL	Cys-Ser mutation	
SEQ ID NO.: 51,52	anti-CD3x3-5	VH-VLXVH-VL	Cys-Ser mutation	
SEQ ID NO.: 57,58	anti-CD3x4-1	VH-VLXVH-VL	Cys-Ser mutation	
SEQ ID NO.: 11,12	anti-CD3x3-1	VH-VLXVH-VL	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 13,14	anti-CD3x4-7	VH-VLXVH-VL	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 15,16	anti-CD3x4-7	VH-VLXVL-VH	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 17,18 1	anti-CD3x5- 10	VH-VLXVH-VL	(G₄S)₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 19,20	anti-CD3x5- 10	VH-VLXVL-VH	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 53,54	anti-CD3x3-5	VH-VLXVH-VL	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
SEQ ID NO.: 59, 60	anti-CD3x4-1	VH-VLXVH-VL	(G ₄ S) ₃ -linker	
anti-EpCAM- anti-CD3 constructs				
SEQ ID NO.: 29,30	3-5xanti-CD3	VL-VHxVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 35,36	3-1xanti-CD3	VL-VHxVH-VL	·	
SEQ ID NO.: 38,39	4-1xanti-CD3	VL-VHxVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 41,42	4-7xanti-CD3	VL-VḤxVH-VL		
SEQ ID NO.: 43,44	5-10xanti- CD3	VL-VHxVH-VL		

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1.1 Cloning of C-terminal EpCAM-binders

1.1.1 Preparation of anti-CD3 PCR products

- a) Anti-CD3 constructs with original 18 amino acid linker (SEQ ID NOs.:1, 2, 3 and 4)
- The N-terminal original anti-CD3 containing the 18 amino acid linker (SEQ ID NO.:70) was obtained by PCR using the CD19xCD3 construct (Löffler A et al., Blood 2000 95:2098-103) as template and the following primers (CD3 VH BsrGI: AGGTGTACACTCCGATATCAAACTGCAGCAG (SEQ ID NO.:5), CD3 VL BspEI: AATCCGGATTTCAGCTCCAGCTTGG(SEQ ID NO.:6)).
- b) Anti-CD3 constructs with original 18 amino acid linker and Cys to Ser mutation in CDRH3 (SEQ ID Nos. 7,8, 9 and 10)

The N-terminal original anti-CD3 containing the 18 amino acid linker (Seq ID NO.:70) and the Cys to Ser mutation was obtained by PCR using a CD19xanti-CD3 (C→S mutation) construct as template and the primers CD3 VH *BsrGI* and CD3 VL *Bsp*EI (Seq ID Nos. 5 and 6). The CDRH3 sequence with the Cys-Ser mutation is shown in SEQ ID NO.:78.

c) Anti-CD3-anti-EpCAM constructs with (G4S)3 linker (Seq ID Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20)

The N-terminal anti-CD3 containing the 15 amino acid standard (G₄S)₃ linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) was obtained by PCR using the CD19xCD3 (Löffler A et al., Blood 2000 95:2098-103) as template. The anti-CD3 VH region and the anti-CD3 VL region were separately amplified by the following primers (CD3 VH: CD3 VH BsrGI AGGTGTACACTCCGATATCAAACTGCAGCAG (SEQ ID NO.:5), 3 CD3 VH GS15 GGAGCCGCCGCCGCCAGAACCACCACCACCTGAGGAGACTGTGA

- 25 GAGTGGTGCCTTG (SEQ ID NO.:21); CD3 VL: 5'CD3 VL GS15 GGCGGCGGCGGTGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGC
 TGACCCAGTCTCC (SEQ ID NO.:22), CD3 VL BspEI
 - TGACCCAGTCTCC (SEQ ID NO.:22), CD3 VL BspEI AATCCGGATTTCAGCTCCAGCTTGG (SEQ ID NO.:6)). Overlapping complementary sequences introduced into the PCR products were used to form the coding sequence of a 15-amino acid (G₄S)₃ (single-letter amino acid code) (SEQ ID

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NO.:99) linker during the subsequent fusion PCR. This amplification step was performed with the primer pair CD3 VH BsrGI (SEQ ID NO.:5) and CD3 VL BspEI (SEQ ID NO.:6).

1.1.2 Cloning of the anti-CD3xanti EpCAM constructs in VH_{anti-CD3}-VL_{anti-CD3} x VHanti-Epcam-VLanti-Epcam orientation (SEQ ID NO.:1,2, SEQ ID NO.:3,4, SEQ ID NO.:7,8, SEQ ID NO.:9,10, SEQ ID NO.:11,12, SEQ ID NO.:13,14 and SEQ ID NO.:17,18)

The N-terminal original anti-CD3 containing the 18 amino acid linker (SEQ ID NO.:70) or the N-terminal original anti-CD3 containing the 15 amino acid standard (G₄S)₃ linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) was cleaved with the restriction enzymes BsrG1 and BspE1 and subsequently cloned into the bluescript KS vector (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA), containing the amino acid sequence of an eukaryotic secretory signal (leader peptide) as a EcoRI/BsrGI-Fragment. After cleavage of this construct with EcoRI and BspEI the resulting DNA fragment comprising the respective anti-CD3 scFv 15 with the leader peptide was cloned into a EcoRI/BspEI cleaved plasmid containing the c-terminal EpCAM binders 3-1 (SEQ ID NO.:79-82), 4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:91-94), or 5-10 (SEQ ID NO.:95-98) in pEFDHFR. pEFDHFR was described in Mack et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92 (1995) 7021-7025).

1.1.3. Cloning of the anti-CD3xanti EpCAM constructs in VH anti-CD3-VL anti-CD3 X 30 VL_{anti-EpCAM}-VH_{anti-EpCAM} orientation (SEQ ID Nos.: 15, 16, 19 and 20)

The C-terminal anti-EpCAM antibody 4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:91-94) in VLVH orientation containing the 15 amino acid standard linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) was obtained by PCR. The 4-7 VH region and the 4-7 VL region were separately amplified by the following primers (4-7)-VL: 4-7. VL**BspEl** FOR CTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGAGCTCGTGATGACCCAGACTCC ID NO.:100), 4-7 VL GS15 REV GGAGCCGCCGCCAGAACCACCA CCACCTTTGATCTCAAGCTTGGTCCCC (SEQ ID NO.:101); 4-7 VH: 4-7 VH **GS15 FOR**

GGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCA G (SEQ ID NO.:23), 4-7 VH Sall REV TTTTAAGTCGACCTAATGATGATGAT-30

GATGATGTGAGGAGACGGTGACCGTGG (SEQ ID NO.:24)). Overlapping complementary sequences introduced into the PCR products were used to form the coding sequence of a 15-amino acid (G₄S)₃ (single-letter amino acid code) linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) during the subsequent fusion PCR. This amplification step was performed with the primer pair 4-7 VL BspEI FOR and 4-7 VH Sall REV (SEQ ID NO.100, SEQ ID NO.:24).

The C-terminal anti-EpCAM antibody 5-10 (SEQ ID NO.:95-98) in VLVH orientation containing the 15 amino acid standard linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) was obtained by PCR. The 5-10 VH region and the 5-10 VL region were separately amplified by the primers 10 following (5-10)VL: 5-10 VL **BspEl** FOR CTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGAGCTCGTGATGACACAGTCTCCAT (SEQ ID NO.:25). 5-10 VL: **GS15** REV GGAGCCGCCGCCAGAACCACCACCACCTTTGATCTCAAGCTTGGTCCCA (SEQ ID NO.: 26); 5-10 VH: 5-10 VH GS15 GGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGC (SEQ ID NO.:27), 5-10 VH Sall **REV** TTTTAAGTCGACCTAATGATGATGATGATGATGAGGAGACGGTGACCGTG G (SEQ ID NO.:28)). Overlapping complementary sequences introduced into the PCR products were used to form the coding sequence of a 15-amino acid (G₄S)₃ linker (SEQ ID NO.:99) during the subsequent fusion PCR. This amplification step was performed with the primer pair 5-10 VL BspEl FOR and 5-10 VH Sall REV (SEQ ID NO.:25, SEQ ID NO:28).

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These PCR products (5-10 VLVH and 4-7 VLVH) were cleaved with BspEI and Sall and ligated in the BspEl/Sall cleaved anti-CD3 VHVL stLx5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO.:17,18) or anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 (SEQ ID NO.:13, 14) VHVL in pEFDHFR replacing the 5-10 VHVL DNA fragment.

1.1.4. Expression and binding of the anti-CD3-EpCAM constructs

After confirmation of the sequence coding for the bispecific single chain by sequencing the plasmid was transfected into DHFR deficient CHO cells for eukaryotic expression. Eukaryotic protein expression in DHFR deficient CHO cells .

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was performed as described in Kaufmann R.J. (1990) Methods Enzymol. 185, 537-566). The transfected cells were then expanded and 1 litre of supernatant produced. Expression and binding of the bispecific single chain molecules were confirmed by FACS analyses. For that purpose the EpCAM positive human gastric cancer cell line Kato III (obtained from American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) Manassas, VA 20108 USA, ATCC number: HTB-103) was used. Binding of the anti-CD3 part was demonstrated on Jurkat cells (ATCC TIB 152).

Cells were cultured according to the recommendations of the supplier and ca. 200000 cells were incubated with 10µg/ml of the construct in 50µl PBS with 2%FCS. The binding of the construct was detected with an anti-His antibody (Penta-His Antibody, BSA free, obtained from Quiagen GmbH, Hilden, FRG) at 2µg/ml in 50µl PBS with 2%FCS. As a second step reagent a R-Phycoerythrin-conjugated affinity purified F(ab')₂ fragment, goat anti-mouse IgG, Fc-gamma fragment specific antibody, diluted 1:100 in 50µl PBS with 2% FCS (obtained from Dianova, Hamburg, FRG) was used. The samples were measured on a FACSscan (BD biosciences, Heidelberg, FRG). All the constructs comprising anti-CD3 and anti-EpCAM-showed stronger binding affinity to CD3 and to EpCAM than the prior art anti-EpCAM (M79)xanti-CD3 bispecific antibody (Figure 2).

1.2 N-terminal EpCAM binders

1.2.1 Cloning of the anti-EpCAMxanti-CD3 constructs

Cloning of the construct 3-5xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NOs.29, 30):

The C-terminal 3-5 in VH-VL orientation was obtained by PCR for the construction of 3-5 xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:29) molecule. Fragments I and II were amplified by PCR using primer pairs me 81 (SEQ ID NO.:31) /me 90 (SEQ ID NO.:34) and me 83 (SEQ ID NO.:32) /me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33), respectively. Hot Start PCR was done using the Expand High Fidelity System of Roche Diagnostics. 20 cycles (94°C/30 sec; 60°C/1min;72°C/1min) were used for amplification followed by one cycle of 3 min at 72°C.

PCR fragments I and II were subjected to electrophoresis on a 1.5% agarose gel.

Fragments were mixed₃(1 ng of each) and used as a template for the next PCR

reaction performed with primer pair me 81 (SEQ ID NO.:31) and me 84 (SEQ ID NO::33) for amplification of fragment III. PCR was performed as described above. Fragment III was purified on an agarose gel and digested with BssHII and BspEI (Biolabs), purified and subsequently cloned into the corresponding sites of the pEF-dHFR-signal peptide (77/78)— anti-CD3 cloning vector, which facilitates cloning of anti-target variable regions in front of the anti-CD3 region. The vector has a unique BssHII site just after the signal peptide followed by BspEI site, linker (G_4S) and anti-CD3 region. The cloned region was verified by restriction digests and by DNA-sequencing.

10 Sequences of the Primers used:

Me 81: 5'- GGA TGC GCG CGA GCT CGT GAT GAC CCA GAC TCCA CTC TCC -3' (SEQ ID NO.:31)

15 Me 84: 5'- GTG CTC CGG AGG AGA CGG TGA CCG TGG TCC CTT GGC CCC AG -3' (SEQ ID NO.:33)

Me 90: 5'- CCG GAG CCG CCG CCG CCA GAA CCA CCA CCT TTG ATC TCA AGC TTG GTC CC -3' (SEQ ID NO.:34)

Cloning of the construct 3-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:35, 36):

- The C-terminal 3-1 in VH-VL orientation was obtained by PCR for the construction of 3-1 xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:35) molecule. Fragments I and II were amplified by PCR using primer pairs me 91a (SEQ ID NO.:37) /me 90 (SEQ ID NO.:34) and me 83 (SEQ ID NO.:32) /me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33), respectively. PCR was performed as above.
- 25 Agarose gel fragments comprising PCR fragments I and II were used as a template for the next PCR reaction performed with primer pair me 91a (SEQ ID NO.:37) and me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33) for amplification of fragment III. PCR was performed as described above except, annealing was performed at 68°C instead of at 60°C. Fragment III was purified on an agarose gel and digested with BsrGI and BspEI

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(Biolabs), purified and subsequently cloned into the corresponding sites of the pEF-dHFR-M79 X anti-CD3 cloning vector. The cloned region was verified by restriction digests and by DNA-sequencing.

Me 91a: 5'- GGA TTG TAC A CTCC GA GCT CGT CAT GAC CCA GTC TCC ATC TTA TCT TGC TGC -3' (SEQ ID NO :37)

Cloning of the construct 4-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:38, 39):

The C-terminal 4-1 in VH-VL orientation was obtained by PCR for the construction of 4-1 xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:38, 39) molecule. Fragments I and II were amplified by PCR using primer pairs me 92a (SEQ ID NO.:40) /me 90 (SEQ ID NO.:34) and me 83 (SEQ ID NO.:32) /me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33), respectively. PCR was performed as above in annealing temperature of 60°C.

Agarose gel fragments comprising PCR fragments I and II were used as a template for the next PCR reaction performed with primer pair me 92a (SEQ ID NO.:40) and me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33) for amplification of fragment III. PCR was performed as described above except, annealing was performed at 68°C instead of at 60°C. Fragment III was purified on an agarose gel and digested with BsrGl and BspEl (Biolabs), purified and subsequently cloned into the corresponding sites of the pEF-dHFR-M79 X anti-CD3 is cloning vector. The cloned region was verified by restriction digests and by DNA-sequencing.

20 Me 92a: 5'- GGA TTG TAC A CTCC GA GCT CGT GAT GAC ACA GTCTCC ATC CTC C -3' (SEQ ID NO.:40)

Cloning of the construct 4-7xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:41,42)

The C-terminal 4-7 in VH-VL orientation was obtained by PCR for the construction of 4-7 xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:41, 42) molecule. Fragments I and II were amplified by PCR using primer pairs me 81 (SEQ ID NO.:31) /me 90 (SEQ ID NO.:34) and me 83 (SEQ ID NO.:32) /me 84 SEQ ID NO.:33), respectively. PCR was performed as above with an annealing temperature of 60°C.

Agarose gel fragments comprising PCR fragments I and II were used as a template for the next PCR reaction performed with primer pair me 81 (SEQ ID NO.:31) and

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me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33) for amplification of fragment III. PCR was performed as described above. Fragment III was purified on an agarose gel and digested with BssHII and BspEI (Biolabs), purified and subsequently cloned into the corresponding sites of the pEF-dhfr-signal peptide (77/78)— anti-CD3 cloning vector. The cloned region was verified by restriction digests and by DNA-sequencing.

Cloning of the construct 5-10xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:43, 44):

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The C-terminal 5-10 in VH-VL orientation was obtained by PCR for the construction of 5-10xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:43, 44) molecule. Fragments I and II were amplified by PCR using primer pairs me 92a (SEQ ID NO.:40) /me 90 (SEQ ID NO.:34) and me 83 (SEQ ID NO.:32) /me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33), respectively. PCR was performed as above with an annealing temperature of 60°C.

Agarose gel fragments comprising PCR fragments I and II were used as a template for PCR with primer pair me 92a (SEQ ID NO.:40) and me 84 (SEQ ID NO.:33) for amplification of fragment III. PCR was performed as described above except, annealing was performed at 68°C instead of at 60°C. Fragment III was purified on an agarose gel and digested with BsrGI and BspEI (Biolabs), purified and subsequently cloned into the corresponding sites of the pEF-dhfr-M79 X anti-CD3 cloning vector. The cloned region was verified by restriction digests and by DNA-sequencing.

1.2.2 Expression of anti-EpCAMxanti-CD3 bispecific molecules

CHO-cells lacking DHFR gene were maintained in alpha MEM medium (Life Technologies, cat.no: 32561) supplemented with 10% fetal Calf Serum (Life Technologies, heat inactivated at 65°C for 30 minutes) and with HT (Hypoxanthin and Thymidine; Life Technologies, cat. no: 41065-012). The cells were transfected with pEF-dHFR-3-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:35, 36), pEF-dHFR-3-5xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:29, 30), pEF-dHFR-4-1xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:38, 39), pEF-dHFR-4-7xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:41, 42) and pEF-dHFR-5-10xanti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:43, 44) using Lipofectamine 2000 kit (Invitrogen; cat. no:11668-019) according to the instructions provided by the Manufacturer. After 48 hrs, the cells were subjected to

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selection by transferring the transfected cells into the selection medium (alpha MEM medium (cat. no:32561) containing heat inactivated 10% dialysed fetal Calf Serum (Life Technologies). After 2-3 weeks of selection, the cells were grown for 8 to 9 days (in 500 ml of selection medium) for production of bispecific molecules in 2 litre Tissue culture Roller Bottles (Falcon (cat. no: 353068;Becton Dickinson Labware). The tissue culture medium was centrifuged at 4°C for 10 minutes at 300g (1300rpm) to remove the cells and cell debris. The supernatant containing the secreated bispecific molecules was stored at –20°C until further analysis.

1.2.3 Binding assays of bispecific anti EpCAMxanti CD3 variants

In order to analyze the binding strength of the bispecific anti-EpCAMxanti-CD3 single chain constructs of the invention, the following binding assay was carried out.

250000 Jurkat cells (for CD3 binding) and Kato cells (for EpCAM binding) were independently incubated with crude supernatants (50µl) containing bispecific construct for 45 min. at 4°C. Thereafter, the cells were washed twice in FACS buffer (phosphate-buffered saline containing 1% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 0.05% sodium azide) and incubated with mouse anti-His antibody (Dianova,DIA910) for 60 min. at 4°C. Washing steps were performed as above.

The cells were finally incubated either with goat anti-mouse-FITC-conjugated antibody (BD 550003) or with anti-mouse-PE conjugated antibody (IgG) (Sigma, P8547). After washing steps, 10,000 events were analysed using FACS Calibur (B&D). All the EpCAM constructs showed strong binding (Figure 4).

Example 2. Purification of the EpCAM constructs

In order to purify the bispecific single chain constructs comprising anti-EpCAM and anti-CD3 the CHO-EpCAM cells were grown in roller bottles with HiClone® CHO modified DMEM medium (HiQ) for 7 days before harvest. The cells were removed by centrifugation and the supernatant containing the expressed protein was stored at –20°C.

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Äkta FPLC System® (Pharmacia) and Unicom Software® were used for chromatography. All chemicals were of research grade and purchased from Sigma (Deisenhofen) or Merck (Darmstadt).

IMAC was performed, using a Fractogel® column (Pharmacia) that was loaded with ZnCl₂ according to the manufacturers protocol. The column was equilibrated with buffer A2 (20 mM NaPP pH 7.5, 0.4 M NaCl) and the cell culture supernatant (500ml) was applied to the column (10 ml) with a flow rate of 3 ml/min. The column was washed with buffer A2 to remove unbound sample. Bound protein was eluted using a 2-step gradient of buffer B2 (20 mM NaPP pH 7.5, 0.4 M NaCl, 0.5 M lmidazol). In Step 1 20% buffer B2 in 10 column volumes was used and in Step2 100% buffer B2 in 10 column volumes was used. Eluted protein fractions from the 100% step were pooled for further purification.

Gel filtration chromatography was performed on a Sephadex S200 HiPrep® column (Pharmacia) equilibrated with PBS (Gibco). Eluted protein samples (flow rate 1ml/min) were subjected to SDS-Page and Western Blot for detection.

The column was previously calibrated for molecular weight determination (molecular weight marker kit, Sigma MW GF-200).

Protein concentrations were determined using protein assay dye (MicroBCA, Pierce) and IgG (Biorad) as standard protein. The yields of the protein are shown in Table 2. All constructs were producible.

Table 2. Yields of the single-chain bispecific constructs comprising anti-EpCAM and anti-CD3

Construct	Yield [µg purified protein per liter culture]
4-1 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:39)	172.5
3-5 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:30)	265
4-7 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:42)	37
anti-CD3 x 4-7. (SEQ ID NO.:2)	112.5
anti-CD3 Cys-Ser x 4-7 (SEQ ID	
NO.:8)	140
3-1 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:36)	265
5-10 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:44)	400
anti-CD3 x 5-10 (SEQ ID NO .:4)	195

A further high resolution cation exchange chromatography was performed on a MiniS® column (Amersham), equilibrated with 20mM MES buffer pH 5.5. The sample was diluted 1:3 with the same buffer before loading to the column. Bound protein was eluted with a gradient of equilibration buffer containing 1M NaCl: 0-30% in 60 column volumes. Remaining protein was eluted in 3 column volumes of 1M NaCl (Figure 7).

The EpCAM bispecific single chain construct proteins were isolated in a two-step purification process including immobilized metal affinity chromatography (IMAC) (Figure 5) and gel filtration (Figure 6). The main product had a molecular weight of 52 kDa under native conditions as determined by gelfiltration in PBS.

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Purified bispecific protein was analyzed in SDS PAGE under reducing conditions performed with precast 4-12% Bis Tris gels (Invitrogen). Sample preparation and application were according to the manufacturers protocol. The molecular weight was determined with MultiMark® protein standard (Invitrogen). The gel was stained with colloidal Coomassie (Invitrogen protocol). The purity of the isolated protein was shown to be >95% (Figure 8A). Western Blot was performed with an Optitran BA-S83® membrane and the Invitrogen Blot Module according to the manufacturers protocol. The antibodies used were Penta His (Qiagen) and Goatanti-Mouse-Ig labeled with alkaline phosphatase (AP) (Sigma), the chromogenic

substrate solution was BCIP/NBT liquid (Sigma). The EpCAM bispecific protein could be specifically detected by Western Blot (Figure 8B). The main signal corresponds to the main band in the SDS PAGE at 52 kD corresponding to the purified bispecific molecule.

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Example 3. Cytotoxicity assays of the constructs comprising anti-CD3 and anti-EpCAM

In order to test the bioactivity of the constructs comprising anti-EpCAM and anti-CD3 a FACS based cytotoxicity test was performed.

10 For the cytotoxicity test, CHO cells from the American Type Cell Culture Collection (ATCC, Manassas, USA) were transfected with epithelial cell adhesion molecule (EpCAM). A cell clone derived from this transfection, referred to as CHO-EpCAM cells, was used for the experiments. CHO-EpCAM (1.5x10⁷) cells were washed free of serum two times with PBS and incubated with PKH26 dye (Sigma-Aldrich Co.) according to the manufacturers instructions. After staining cells were washed two times with RPMI/10% FCS.

Cells were counted and mixed with CB15 effector cells. The CD4-positive T cell clone CB15 was provided by Dr. Fickenscher, University of Erlangen/Nuernberg, Germany. Cells were cultured as recommended by the suppliers. The resulting cell suspension contained 400.000 target and 2 x 10^6 effector cells per ml. 50 μ l of the mixture was used per well in a 96 well round bottom plate.

Antibodies were diluted in RPMI/10% FCS to the required concentration and 50 μ I of this solution was added to the cell suspension. A standard reaction was incubated for 16 h at 37°C / 5% CO₂. Propidium iodide was added to a final concentration of 1 μ g/ml. After 10 min of incubation at room temperature cells were analysed by FACS. PKH26 fluorescence was used for positive identification of target cells. Cytotoxicity was measured as ratio of PI positive over all target cells. Sigmoidal dose response curves typically had R² values >0.97 as determined by Prism Software (GraphPad Software Inc., San Diego, USA) (Figure 9 and 10).

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EC₅₀ values calculated by the analysis program were used for comparison of bioactivity. All the constructs of the invention show at least 50 times better cytotoxicity (maximum EC50-value 169 pg/ml) than the prior art construct M79xanti-CD3 (8628 pg/ml).

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Example 4. Determination of the binding affinity by BlAcore™ 2000 of the constructs comprising anti-EpCAM and anti-CD3 to EpCAM

In order to show the superior binding affinity of the constructs of the invention, the KD values of the constructs and of the prior art anti-EpCAM construct (M79)xanti-CD3 were determined.

Kinetic binding experiments were performed using surface plasmon resonance on the BlAcore™ 2000, Biacore AB (Uppsala, Sweden) with a flow rate of 5 µL/min and HBS-EP (0.01 M HEPES, pH 7.4, 0.15 M NaCl, 3 mM EDTA, 0.005% surfactant P20) as running buffer at 25 °C. The extracellular domain of the EpCAM antigen (residues 17-265) was immobilized onto flow cells 2-4 on a CM5 sensor chip. The chip surface was activated injecting 80 µL of 0.1 M sodiumhydroxysuccinimid. 0.4 M N-ethyl-N'(3—dimethylaminepropyl)-carbodiimid (NHS/EDC). The antigen was coupled by manual injection of 60 μg/mL EpCAM in 0.01 M sodium-acetate, pH 4.7. Different densities of antigen were immobilized on flow cells 2-4 adjusting the amount of manual injection times. Flow cell 1 was left empty while flow cell 2 was coated with the highest density of EpCAM (4100 RU). Flow cell 3 was coated with ¼ of the amount of antigen immobilized on flow cell 2 (974 RU) and flow cell 4 was coated with lowest density of Ep-CAM antigen (265 RU). The activated surface of the sensor chip was blocked injecting 85 µL of 1 M ethanolamine and the chip was left to equilibrate over night at a constant flow of 5 μL/min of HBS-EP.

Binding kinetics of the bispecific constructs were measured injecting 10 μ L of protein solution at concentrations ranging from 4 μ M-0.07 μ M and monitoring the dissociation for 100 sec. Protein was buffered in HBS-EP. The data were fitted using BIAevalutionTM software determining the rate constant for dissociation and

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association kinetics with a 1.1 Langmuir binding equation (1, 2). Where A is the concentration of injected analyte and B[0] is Rmax.

$$dB/dt = -(ka * [A] * [B] - kd * [AB])$$
 (1)

$$dAB/dt = -(ka * [A] * [B] - kd * [AB])$$
 (2)

Kinetic binding curves were determined in four concentrations of each bispecific construct analysed. The independent fitting of the raw data resulted in dissociation and association rate constants that were used to calculate the equilibrium dissociation constant (KD). The calculated KD values were unbiased for concentration indicating reliable data analysis. The average of the independently determined dissociation constants as well as the standard deviation are summarized in table 3.

The analysed bispecific constructs bind to the Ep-CAM antigen immobilized on the chip surface within a well defined affinity range. The standard deviation for the calculated average dissociation constant is as expected.

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Table 3: Dissociation constants for the bispecific constructs binding to EpCAM.

	KD (M)	
M79 x anti-CD3 (control)	4,0x10 ⁻⁶	
4-1 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:39)	2,5x10 ⁻⁷	
3-5 x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO.:30)	2,3 x10 ⁻⁷	

The prior art anti-EpCAM x anti-CD3 construct M79xCD3 had a KD of 4,0x10⁻⁶ M while surprisingly the constructs of the invention have a KD in the range of 2,3 x10⁻⁷-2,5 x10⁻⁷ M. Thus, the constructs of the invention have more than 15 times stronger binding affinity than the prior art construct.

Example 5. Comparison of the cytotoxic activity of the constructs of the invention with prior art constructs

In order to compare the bioactivity of constructs having the NXD motif with conventional M79xCD3 and HD70xCD3 constructs the following cytotoxic assay was carried out.

KatoIII cells (ATCC HTB-103) were used as target cells and grown in RPMI supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum at 37°C in a 5% CO2 humidified incubator. Subconfluent cultures were treated with 0.25% trypsin, counted in a Neubauer chamber slide and checked for vitality by trypan-blue exclusion. Only cultures with >95% vitality were used for cytotoxicity assays. Target cells were stained with PKH26 fluorescent membrane dye according to the manufacturers manual (Sigma-Aldrich GmbH, Germany, PKH26-GL). Cell number was adjusted to 8x10⁵ cells/ml in RPMI complete medium.

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Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) were used as effector cells and isolated from healthy donors using ficoll density gradient centrifugation with subsequent 100 x g centrifugation to remove thrombocytes. The pellet was resuspended in 10 vol. erythrocyte lysing buffer and incubated at room temperature for 10 min. Lysing reaction was stopped by addition PBS. PBMCs were resuspended in RPMI 1640 complete medium and cell number adjusted to 8x10⁶cells/ml.

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Equal volumes of target and effector cell suspension were mixed and 50 μ I of this suspension transferred to each well of a 96 well round bottom plate, 50 μ I of EpCAM bispecific antibody serial dilution or RPMI complete medium as a negative control was added. Plates were incubated for 16 to 20 hrs at 37°C, 5% CO₂ in a humidified incubator. 50 μ I propidium iodide was added to a final concentration of 1 μ g/mI and incubated 15 min at room temperature. Samples were analysed by flow cytometry (FACSCalibur, Becton Dickinson). 2x10⁴ events were counted.

Target cells were identified by their PKH26 fluorescent label and cytotoxicity within this population was subsequently determined. Viable cells were separated from dead cells by propidium iodide staining and the percentage of dead target cells was used as a measure for cytotoxicity. Mean values were plotted against the concentration of the bispecific antibody on a logarithmic scale, resulting in a dose response curve (Figure 11B). The corresponding EC₅₀ values were obtained after nonlinear fitting of data with the GraphPad Prism software.

The cytotoxic activity of constructs having the NXD motif (SEQ ID NO.:36, 44, 2 and 18) was compared with conventional constructs M79xanti-CD3 and HD70-xanti-CD3 (Fig. 11B). A sequence alignment of the CDR3 regions of the VH chains of 3-1, 5-10, 4-7, 3-5 and 4-1 with M79, HD70 and 3B10 is shown in Figure 11A. Only 3-1, 5-10, 4-7, 3-5 and 4-1 have the NXD motif and furthermore, the lengths of the CDR3 regions differ. As can be seen from Figure 11A, 3-1, 4-1 and 5-10 have a CDR-H3 region of 10 amino acids, 3-5 and 4-7 have 14 amino acids whereas the prior art M79 has 8 amino acids, 3B10 has 6 amino acids and HD70 has 18 amino acids.

SEQ ID No.: 36, 44, 2 and 18 showed a clearly better bioactivity compared to the conventional M79 and HD70 constructs (2250 pg/ml and less compared to 71460 and 11327 pg/ml of the prior art constructs, respectively) demonstrating the advantageous effects of the constructs of the invention.

Claims

- 1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct, whereby said construct comprises or consists of at least two domains, whereby one of said domains binds to human EpCAM antigen and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM comprises at least one CDR-H3 region comprising the amino acid sequence NXD preferably in position 102 to 104 of SEQ ID NOs: 80, 88 and 96, or preferably in position 106 to 108 of SEQ ID NOs: 84 and 92, wherein X is an aromatic amino acid.
- 2. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, wherein X is W or Y.
- 3. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1 or 2, wherein the CDR-H3 comprises at least 9 amino acid residues.
- 4. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 3, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value of more than 5 x 10⁻⁹ M.
- 5. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 4, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value in a range between $1x10^{-7}$ and $5x10^{-9}$ M and said binding domain specific for CD3 has a K_D value in a range between $1x10^{-6}$ and $5x10^{-9}$ M.
- 6. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct, whereby said construct comprises or consists of at least two domains, whereby one of said at least two domains specifically binds to human EpCAM antigen and a second domain binds to human CD3 antigen, wherein said binding domain specific for EpCAM comprises at least one CDR-H3 region of at least 9 amino acid residues and wherein said binding

domain specific for EpCAM has a K_D value of more than 5 x 10⁻⁹ M.

7. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 6, wherein said binding domain specific for CD3 has a K_D value of more than 10^{-7} M.

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- 8. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 7, wherein the CDR-H3 region comprises at least 14 amino acids.
- The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 8, wherein the V_H
 chain domains specific for human EpCAM antigen is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 80, SEQ IDNO: 84, SEQ ID NO: 88, SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO:96;

(b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 79, SEQ ID NO: 83, SEQ ID NO: 87, SEQ ID NO: 91 and SEQ ID NO: 95;

(c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;

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- (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).
- The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 9, wherein the V_L
 chain domains specific for human EpCAM antigen is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 82, SEQ ID NO: 86, SEQ ID NO: 90, SEQ ID NO: 94 and SEQ ID NO:98;

(b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 81, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID NO: 89, SEQ ID NO: 93 and SEQ ID NO: 97;

(c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence

- hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
- (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).
- 11. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 10, wherein the binding domains specific for the CD3 antigen is derived from an antibody selected from the group consisting of: X35-3, VIT3, BMA030 (BW264/56), CLB-T3/3, CRIS7, YTH12.5, F111-409, CLB-T3.4.2, TR-66, WT32, SPv-T3b, 11D8, XIII-141, XIII-46, XIII-87, 12F6, T3/RW2-8C8, T3/RW2-4B6, OKT3D, M-T301, SMC2, WT31 and F101.01.

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- 12. The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 11, wherein said bispecific single chain antibody construct comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group of
 - (a) an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 36, 39, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60;
- 20 (b) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 29, 35, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 and 59;
 - (c) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence hybridizing with the complementary strand of a nucleic acid sequence as defined in (b) under stringent hybridization conditions;
 - (d) an amino acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which is degenerate as a result of the genetic code to a nucleotide sequence of any one of (b) and (c).
- 30 13. The pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined in any of claims 1 to 12.

14. The pharmaceutical composition comprising a vector which comprises a nucleic acid sequence as defined in claim 13.

- 5 15. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 14, wherein said vector further comprises a regulatory sequence which is operably linked to said nucleic acid sequence defined in claim 13.
- 16. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 14 or 15, wherein said vector is anexpression vector.
 - 17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a host transformed or transfected with a vector defined in any of claims 14 to 16.
- 15 18. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of claims 1 to 17, further comprising a proteinaceous compound capable of providing an activation signal for immune effector cells.
- The pharmaceutical composition of any of claims 1 to 18, wherein the
 pharmaceutical composition is thermostable at ≥ 37°C.
 - 20. A process for the production of a pharmaceutical composition according to any of claims 1 to 19, said process comprising culturing a host defined in claim 17 under conditions allowing the expression of the bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined in any of claims 1 to 12 and recovering the produced bispecific single chain antibody construct from the culture.

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21. Use of a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined in any of claims 1 to 12, a nucleic acid sequence as defined in claim 13, a vector as defined in any of claims 14 to 16, a host as defined in claim 17 and/or produced in by a process according to claim 20 for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of

a tumorous disease.

- 22. A method for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a tumorous disease, comprising the step of administering to a subject in need of such a prevention, treatment or amelioration a pharmaceutical composition of any of claim 1 to 19.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said subject is a human.
- 10 24. The use of claim 21 or the method of claim 22 or 23, wherein said tumorous disease is epithelial cancer or a minimal residual cancer.
- A kit comprising a bispecific single chain antibody construct as defined in any of claims 1 to 12, a nucleic acid sequence as defined in claim 13, a vector as defined in any of claims 14 to 16, a host as defined in claim 17 and/or produced in by a process according to claim 20.

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Figure 1

A) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 11)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT <u> ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA</u> TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGT CCAGGGGAGAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGÇTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA CTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAGTGGATTGGA ATCCTCGAGCACAGCCTTTATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCTGTGCAAGAT TGAGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGT TCTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTCATGACCCAGTCTCATCATCTTATCTTGCTGCATC TCCTGGAGAAACCATTACTATTAATTGCAGGGCAAGTAAGAGCATTAGCAAATATTTAGCCTGGTATCAAGAGA aacctgggaaaactaataagcttcttatctactctggatccactttgcaatctggaattccatcaaggttcagt GGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTGAAACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTT GGCAGTGGATCTGGTACAGATTTCACTCTCACCATCAGTAGCCTGGAGCCTGAAG

Figure 1 A) continued

ATTTTGCAATGTATTACTGTCAACAGCATAATGAATATCCGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGGGCCAAGCTTGAGATC AAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 12)

QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVKPGASVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLEWIG. DLFPGSGNTHYNERFRGKATLTADKSSSTAFMQLSSLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSGGGG PGEKVTMTCRASSSV\$YMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDT ŠKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ SGGGGGGGGGGGLUMTQSPSYLAASPGETITINCRASKSISKYLAWYQEKPGKTNKLLIYSGSTLQSGIPSRFS DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGDIQLTQSPAIMSAS GSGSGTDFTLTISSLEPEDFAMYYCQQHNEYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

Figure 1

B) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO:1)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACACTTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGTCGAAGGTGGAA GIGGAGGIICIGGIGGAAGIGGAGGIICAGGIGGAGICGACGACGACATICAGCIGACCAGICICCAGCAAICAIG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGCGAGGCCTGGGGGCTTCAGTGAAGCTGTCCT GCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTCACAAACTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACAGGTCCTTGAG TGGATTGGAGAGGTTTATCCTAGAATTGGTAATGCTTACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGACGGGGATCCTACGATACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACC GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TGCAGACAAATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACCTCTGAGGACTCTGCGGTCTATTTCT TCCACTCTCCCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACA GTAATGGAAACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAG

CTCCTGATCTACAAAGTTTCCAACCGATTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAGA TITCACACICAAGAICAGCAGAGIGGAGGCIGAGGAICIGGGAGITITAITITCIGCICICAAAGIACACAIGIIC CGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATTAG Figure 1 B) continued

(SEQ ID NO: 2)

SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM DIKLOOSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKORPGOGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNOKFKDKATLTTDK SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELARPGASVKLSCKASGYTFTNYGLSWVKQRPGQVLE WIGEVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMELRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYDTNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVT VSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGTLVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKV SNRFSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHHH

Figure 1

C) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 7)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT <u> ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA</u> TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTCCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGAAGGTGGAA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG GCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTCACAAACTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACAGGTCCTTGAG GTGCAAGACGGGGATCCTACGATACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACC TCCACTCTCCCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACA TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCACAATCAGCAGGATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGCGAGGCCTGGGGGCTTCAGTGAAGCTGTCT TGGATTGGAGAGGTTTATCCTAGAATTGGTAATGCTTACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACACACTGAC TGCAGACAAATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACCTCTGAGGACTCTGCGGTCTATTTCT STAATGGAAACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAGCTCCTGATCTACAAAGTT TCCAACCGATTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAG

Figure 1 C) continued

AITICACACICAAGAICAGCAGAGIGGAGGCIGAGGAICIGGGAGIIITAIIIICIGCICICAAAGIACACAIGII CCGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 8)

SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYSLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELARPGASVKLSCKASGYTFTNYGLSWVKQRPGQVLE WIGEVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMELRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYDTNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVT VSSGGGGSGGGGGGGGGGTLVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKV DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SNRFSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHHH

Figure 1

D) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 13)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAGGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGTGGTT CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT CCAGGGGAGAGACCTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCICCCCAAAAGAIGGAITIAIGACACAICCAAAGIGGCIICIGGAGICCCIIAICGCIICAGIGGCA GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA CTGGCTACACCTTCACAAACTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACAGGTCCTTGAGTGGATTGGA ATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACCTCTGAGGACTCTGCGGGTCTATTTCTGTGCAAGAC GGGGATCCTACGATACTAACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCA GGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACCCCAGACTCCACTCTC CCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACAGAATGGAA ACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAGCTCCTGATCTACAAAGTTTCCAACCGA GGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGCGAGGCCTGGGGCTTCAGTGAAGCTGTCCTGCAAGGCTT ITTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAGATTTCACAC

Figure 1 D) continued

TCAAGATCAGCAGAGTGGAGGCTGAGGATCTGGGAGTTTATTTCTGCTCTCAAAGTACACATGTTCCGTACACG TTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 14)

PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQ@TTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGDIQLTQSPAIMSAS QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELARPGAŠVKLSCKASGYTFTNYGLSWVKQRPGQVLEWIG EVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMELRSLÆSEDSAVYFCARRGSYDTNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVTVSS GGGGSGGGGSGGGSELVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKVSNR FSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHHH

Figure 1

E) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH (SEQ ID NO: 15)

SATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA AGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGTT CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT CCAGGGGAGAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGGATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA GCTCGTGATGACCCCAGACTCCACTCTCCCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTA GTCAGAGCCTTGTACACAGTAATGGAAACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAG CTCCTGATCTACAAAGTTTCCAACCGATTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAGA TTTCACACTCAAGATCAGCAGAGTGGAGGCTGAGGATCTGGGAGTTTATTTCTGCTCTCAAAGTACACATGTTC CTGCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTCACAAACTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACAGGTCCTTG AGTGGATTGGAGGGTTTATCCTAGAATTGGTAATGCTTACTACAATGAGAGTTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACACTG CGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAAGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCTCGTGGT GGTGGTTCTGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGCGAGGCCTGGGGGCTTCAGTGAAGCTGTC ACTGCAGACAAATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACCTCT

Figure 1 E) continued

GGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCTCTCACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 16)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSELVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPK LLIYKVSNRFSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKGGGGSGGGSGG SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGDIQLTQSPAIMSAS GGSEVQLLEQSGAELARPGASVKLSCKASGYTFTNYGLSWVKQRPGQVLEWIGEVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATL TADKSSSTASMELRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYDTNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVTVSSHHHHHH

Figure 1

F) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 3)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTCGAAGGTGGAA TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAG TGGATTGGAGATATTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATATCCACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGGCAAAGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGACTGAGGAACTGGGACGAGCCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGT GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACACACAGTCTCCATCCTCCT GACTGTGACAGCAGGAGAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAA AGAACTACTTGACCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATCTACTGGGCATCCACTAGG TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCT TGCAGACAAATCTTCGAGCACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATTTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCT GAATCTGGGGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTC

Figure 1 F) continued

TCACCATCAGCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTTATCCGCTCACG TTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATGACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 4)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM WIGDIFPGSGNIHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTAYMOLSSLTFEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEPMDYWGQGTTVTVSSG YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY GGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLTVTAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLTWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYWASTR ESGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPLTFGAGTKLEIKHHHHH

G) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 9)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTCCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTCGAAGGTGGAA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TGGATTGGAGATATTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATATCCACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGGCAAAGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGACTGAGGAACTGGGACGAGCCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCTCAGGT GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACACACAGTCTCCATCCTCCCT GACTGTGACAGCAGGAGAGGACACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAA TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCT TGCAGACAAATCTTCGAGCACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATTTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCT AGAACTACTTGACCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATC

Figure 1 G) continued

TACTGGGCATCCACTAGGGAATCTGGGGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTCT CACCATCAGCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTŤTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTTATCCGCTCACGT TCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 10)

DIKLOOSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKORPGOGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNOKFKDKATLTTDK WIGDIFPGSGNIHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTAYMOLSSLTFEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEPMDYWGOGTTVTVSSG SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYSLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE GGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLTVTAGEKVTMSČKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLTWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYWASTR ESGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPLTFGAGTKLEIKHHHHHH

H) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 17)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGTT CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTGTGCATCT CCAGGGGAGAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCTCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAGTGGATTGGA ATCTTCGAGCACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATTTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCTGTGCAAGAC TCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACACAGTCTCCATCCTCCTGACTGTGAC AGCAGGAGAGAAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAAAGAACTACT TGACCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATCTACTGGGCATCCACTAGGGAATCTGGG CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA TGAGGAACTGGGACGAGCCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGT GGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTT GTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTCTCACCATCA

Figure 1 H) continued

GCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTTATCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCT GGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 18)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGJLQLTQSPAIMSAS PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLEWIG DIFPGSGNIHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTAYMQLSSLTFEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEPMDYWGQGTTVTVSSGGGG SGGGGGGGGGGLUMTQSPSSLTVTAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLTWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYWASTRESG **VPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPLTFGAGTKLEIKHHHHH**

Figure]

I) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VLVH (SEQ ID NO: 19)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA CCAGGGGAGAGATCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGTT CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA GCTCGTGATGACACACACTCCTCCTCCTGACTGTGACAGCAGGAGAGAAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCA GTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAAAGAACTACTTGACCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCT AAACTGTTGATCTACTGGGCATCCACTAGGGAATCTGGGGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAAC GGTGGTGGTTCTGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGAT ATCCTGCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGAC TTGAGTGGATTGGAGATATTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATATCCACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGGCAAAGCCACA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA AGATTTCACTCTCACCATCAGCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTT ATCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAAGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGT CTGACTGCAGACAAATCTTCGAGCACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACAT

Figure 1 I) continued

TTGAGGACTCTGCTGTTTTTTTTGTGCAAGACTGAGGAACTGGGACGAGCCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGG ACCACGGTCACGTCTCCTCACATCATCACCATCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 20)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGDIQLTQSPAIMSAS PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ **QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLTVTAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLTWYQQKPGQPP** KLLIYWASTRESGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPLTFGAGTKLEIKGGGGGGGGG GGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLEWIGDIFPGSGNIHYNEKFKGKAT LTADKSSSTAYMQLSSLTFEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEPMDYWGQGTTVTVSSHHHHHH

J) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 45)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACACTTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGTCGAAGGTGGAA GIGGAGGIÍCIGGIGGAAGIGGAGGIICAGGIGGAGTCGACGACAIICAGCIGACCCAGICICCAGICICAGCAAICAIG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTGAAACCTGGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATATCCT GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAG TGGATTGGAGATCTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATACTCACTACAATGAGAGGTTCAGGGGCCAAAGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGATTGAGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGT ATCAAGAGAAACCTGGGAAAACTAATAAGCTTCTTATCTACTCTGGATCCACTTTGCAATCTGGAATTCCATCA TGCAGACAAATCCTCGAGCACAGCCTTTATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCT GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTCATGACCCAGTCTCCATTATCT TGCTGCATCTCCTGGAGAAACCATTACTATTAATTGCAGGGCAAGTAAGAGCATTAGCAAATATTTAGCCTGGT AGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCTGGTACAGATTTCACTCTCACCATCAGTAGCCTGG

Figure 1 J) continued

CTIGAGAICAAACAICAICACCAICAITAG

(SEQ ID NO: 46)

SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQ@TTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM WIGDLFPGSGNTHYNERFRGKATLTADKSSSTAFMQLSSLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSG DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKORPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK GGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQSPSYLAASPGETITINCRASKSISKYLAWYQEKPGKTNKLLIYSGSTLQSGIPS SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIY®TSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGA&LVKPGASVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE RFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLEPEDFAMYYCQQHNEYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

K) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 47)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTCCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGTCGAAGGTGGAA TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTAAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAG GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT <u> TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTGAAACCTGGGGCCCTCAGTGAAGATATCCT</u> TGGATTGGAGATCTTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATACTCACTACAATGAGAGGTTCAGGGGCCAAAGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGATTGAGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGT GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTCATGACCCAGTCTCCATTTTTATCT TGCAGACAAATCCTCGAGCACAGCCTTTATGCAGCTQAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTGTTTTCT TGCTGCATCTCCTGGAGAAACCATTACTATTAATTGCAGGGCAAGTAAGAGCATTAGCAAATATTTAGCCTGGT ATCAAGAGAAACTGGGGAAAACTAATAAGCTTCTTATCTACTCTGGATCCACTTTG

Figure 1 K) continued

CAATCIGGAATICCAICAAGGIICAGIGGCAGIGGAICIGGIACAGAITICACICICCACCAICAGIAGCCIGGA TTGAGATCAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 48)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYSLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM SASPGEKVIMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAFLVKPGASVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE WIGDLFPGSGNTHYNERFRGKATLTADKSSSTAFMQLSSLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSG GGGSGGGGGGGGSTLVMTQSPSYLAASPGETTTINCRASKSISKYLAWYQEKPGKTNKLLIYSGSTLQSGIPS RFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLEPEDFAMYYCQQHNEYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

L) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 3-5 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 49)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAAATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGTGGAGGTGGAA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TCCACTCTCCCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACA GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG GCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTCACAAGCTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGAACTGGACAGGGGCCTTGAG TGGATTGGAGAGGTTTATCCTAGAATTGGTAATGCTTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGCCAAGGCCACACTGAC GTGCAAGACGGGGATCCTACGGTAGTAACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACC GTAATGGAAACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAGCTCCTGATCTACAAAGTT TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGCTGT TGCAGACAAATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCGGTCTATTTCT TCCAACCGATTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAG

Figure 1 L) continued

ATTTCACACTCAAGATCAGCAGAGTGGAGGCTGAGGATCTGGGAGTTTATTTCTGCTCTCAAAGTACACATGTT CCGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 50)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKLSCKASGYTFTSYGLSWVKQRTGQGLE SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY WIGEVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMELRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYGSNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVT VSSGGGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKV SNRFSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

M) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-5 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 51)

TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TTATGATGATCATTACTCCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCTCAGGTCGAAGGTGGAA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAAGGCTTCTGGCTACACCTTCACAAGCTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGAACTGGACAGGGCCTTGAG TGGATTGGAGAGGTTTATCCTAGAATTGGTAATGCTTACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGCAAGGCCACACTGAC TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCACAATCAGCAGGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT GTGCAAGACGGGGATCCTACGGTAGTAACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACC TCCACTCTCCCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACA TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGCTGT TGCAGACAAATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCGGTCTATTTCT GTAATGGAAACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAGCTCCTGATCTACAAAGTT TCCAACCGATTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAG

Figure 1 M) continued

ATTICACACTCAAGATCAGCAGAGTGGAGGCTGAGGATCTGGGAGTTTATTTCTGCTCTCAAAGTACACATGTT CCGTACACGTTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCATCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 52)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYSLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKLSCKASGYTFTSYGLSWVKQRTGQGLE SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWI\\DTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY WIGEVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMEIRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYGSNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVT VSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGELVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKV SNRFSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

N) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 3-5 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 53)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACACCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT CTGGCGGCGCCCCCGCTGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT CCAGGGGAGAGATCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCTCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA CTGGCTACACCTTCACAAGCTATGGTTTAAGCTGGGTGAAGCAGAGAACTGGACAGGGCCCTTGAGTGGATTGGA ATCCTCCAGCACAGCGTCCATGGAGCTCCGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCGGTCTATTTCTGTGCAAGAC CCTGCCTGTCAGTCTTGGAGATCAAGCCTCCATCTTGCAGATCTAGTCAGAGCCTTGTACACAGAATGGAA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGT GGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGCTGTCTGCAAGGCTT GGGGATCCTACGGTAGTAACTACGACTGGTACTTCGATGTCTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCA ACACCTATTTACATTGGTACCTGCAGAAGCCAGGCCAGTCTCCAAAGCTCCTGATCTACAAAGTTTCCAACCGA TTTTCTGGGGTCCCAGACAGGTTCAGTGGCAGTGGATCAGGGACAGATTTCACAC

Figure 1 N) continued

TCAAGATCAGCAGAGTGGAGGCTGAGGATCTGGGAGTTTATTTCTGCTCTCAAAGTACACATGTTCCGTACACG TTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 54)

PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ QWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKLSCKASGYTFTSYGLSWVKQRTGQGLEWIG DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGJUQLTQSPAIMSAS EVYPRIGNAYYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSSTASMELRSLTSEDSAVYFCARRGSYGSNYDWYFDVWGQGTTVTVSS GGGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQTPLSLPVSLGDQASISCRSSQSLVHSNGNTYLHWYLQKPGQSPKLLIYKVSNR FSGVPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDLGVYFCSQSTHVPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

O) anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 55)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGTCGAAGGTGGAA GTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGAAGTGGAGGTTCAGGTGGAGTCGACGACATTCAGCTGACCCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCACAATCAGCAGGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG TGGGTTGGAGATATTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATGCTCACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGGCAAAGCCACACTGAC GAGTGTGTCAGCAGGAGAGAAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAA AGAACTACTTGGCCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATCTACGGGGCATCCACTAGG GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCT GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTTAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAA GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACACACAGTCTCCATCCTCCCT TGCAGACAAGTCCTCGTACACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCT GTGCAAGATTGCGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACGGTCTCTCAGGT GAATCTGGGGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTC

Figure 1 O) continued

TCACCATCAGCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTTATCCGTACACG TTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCAT@ACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 56)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM SASPGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY WVGDIFPGSGNAHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSYTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSG YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAELVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE GGGSGGGGGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLSVSAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLAWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYGASTR ESGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

P) anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 57)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TIATGATGATCATTACTCCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGAAGGTGGAA GIGGAGGTICTGGIGGAAGIGGAGGTICAGGIGGAGTCGACGACATICAGCTGACCCAGICTCCAGCAATCAIG TACTGCCAACAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGG TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TCTGCATCTCCAGGGGAGAAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCA GCAGAAGTCAGGCACCTCCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCT TCAGTGGCAGTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTAT TGGATCCGAGGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCT GCAAGGCTTCTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTTAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAA TGGGTTGGAGATATTTTCCCTGGAAGTGGTAATGCTCACTACAATGAGAAGTTCAAGGGGCAAAGCCACACTGAC AGAACTACTTGGCCTGGTACCAGCAGAACCAGGCCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATCTACGGGGCATCCACTAGG GGTGGTGGTTCTGGCGGCGGCGGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGAGCTCGTGATGACACACAGTCTCCATCCTCCCT GAGTGTGTCAGCAGGAGAGAAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAA GTGCAAGATTGCGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGT TGCAGACAAGTCCTCGTACACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCT SAATCTGGGGTCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTC

Figure 1 P) continued

TCACCATCAGCAGTGTGCAGGCTGAAGACCTGGCAGTTTATTACTGTCAGAATGATTATAGTTATCCGTACACG TTCGGAGGGGGACCAAGCTTGAGATCAAACATCATCACCATCATTAG

(SEQ ID NO: 58)

DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYSLDYWGQGTTLTVSSVEGGSGGSGGSGGSGGSGGVDDIQLTQSPAIM YCQQWSSNPLTFGAGTKLELKSGGGGSEVQLLEQSGAÐLVRPGTSVKISCKASGYAFTNYWLGWVKQRPGHGLE WVGDIFPGSGNAHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSYTAYMQL\$SLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSG SAS PGEKVTMTCRASSSVS YMNWYQQKSGTS PKRWIY ØTSKVASGV PYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATY GGGSGGGGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLSVSAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLAWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYGASTR ESGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

Q) anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-1 VHVL (SEQ ID NO: 59)

GATATCAAACTGCAGCAGTCAGGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCCTGCAAGACTTC TGGCTACACCTTTACTAGGTACACGATGCACTGGGTAAAACAGAGGCCTGGACAGGGTCTGGAATGGATTGGAT ACATTAATCCTAGCCGTGGTTATACTAATTACAATCAGAAGTTCAAGGACAAGGCCACATTGACTACAGACAAA TCCTCCAGCACAGCCTACATGCAACTGAGCAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCAGTCTATTACTGTGCAAGATA TTATGATGATCATTACTGCCTTGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGCACCACTCTCACAGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGTT CTGGCGGCGGCGCTCCGGTGGTGGTTCTGACATTCAGCTGACCAGTCTCCAGCAATCATGTCTGCATCT CCAGGGGGAGAGGTCACCATGACCTGCAGAGCCAGTTCAAGTGTAAGTTACATGAACTGGTACCAGCAGAAGTC AGGCACCTCCCCAAAAGATGGATTTATGACACATCCAAAGTGGCTTCTGGAGTCCCTTATCGCTTCAGTGGCA GGTGCAGCTGCTCGAGCAGTCTGGAGCTGAGCTGGTAAGGCCTGGGACTTCAGTGAAGATATCCTGCAAGGCTT CTGGATACGCCTTCACTAACTACTGGCTAGGTTGGGTTAAGCAGAGGCCTGGACATGGACTTGAATGGGTTGGA TGGCCTGGTACCAGCAGAAACCAGGGCAGCCTCCTAAACTGTTGATCTACGGGGCATCCACTAGGGAATCTGGG GTGGGTCTGGGACCTCATACTCTCTCACAATCAGCAGCATGGAGGCTGAAGATGCTGCCACTTATTACTGCCAA CAGTGGAGTAGTAACCCGCTCACGTTCGGTGCTGGGACCAAGCTGGAGCTGAAATCCGGAGGTGGTGGATCCGA TGCGGAACTGGGACGAGGCTATGGACTACTGGGGCCAAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCCTCAGGTGGTGGTGGT GTCCTCGTACACAGCCTATATGCAGCTCAGTAGCCTGACATCTGAGGACTCTGCTGTCTATTTCTGTGCAAGAT AGCAGGAGAGAAGGTCACTATGAGCTGCAAGTCCAGTCAGAGTCTGTTAAACAGTGGAAATCAAAAGAACTACT STCCCTGATCGCTTCACAGGCAGTGGATCTGGAACAGATTTCACTCTCACCATCA

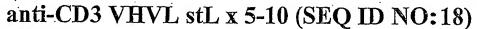
Figure 1 (2) continued

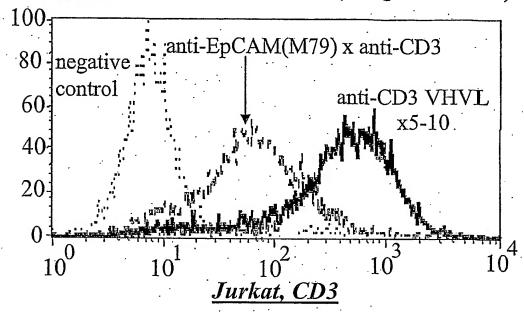
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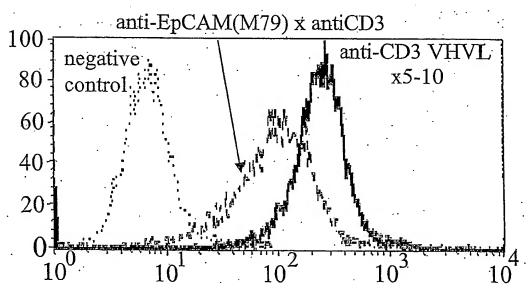
(SEQ ID NO: 60)

DIFPGSGNAHYNEKFKGKATLTADKSSYTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYFCARLRNWDEAMDYWGQGTTVTVSSGGGG DIKLQQSGAELARPGASVKMSCKTSGYTFTRYTMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGYINPSRGYTNYNQKFKDKATLTTDK SSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARYYDDHYCLDYWGQGTTLTVSSGGGGSGGGGGGGGGDIQLTQSPAIMSAS PGEKVTMTCRASSSVSYMNWYQQKSGTSPKRWIYDTSKVASGVPYRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQ SGGGGSGGGGSELVMTQSPSSLSVSAGEKVTMSCKSSQSLLNSGNQKNYLAWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYGASTRESG VPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISSVQAEDLAVYYCQNDYSYPYTFGGGTKLEIKHHHHH

Figure 2 A

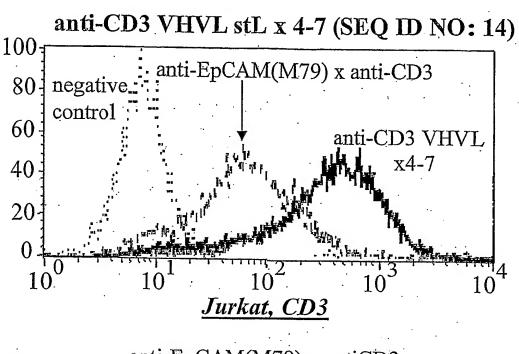






KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 2 B



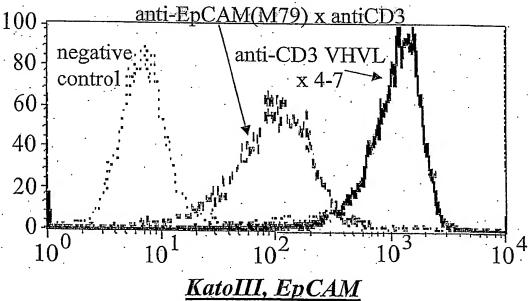
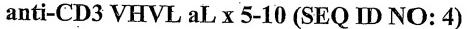
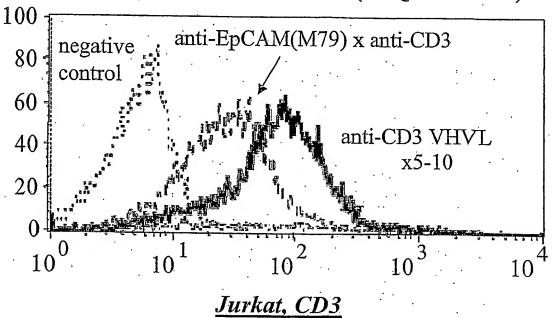


Figure 2C





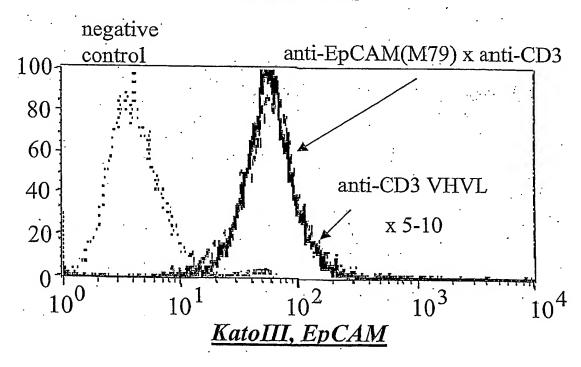
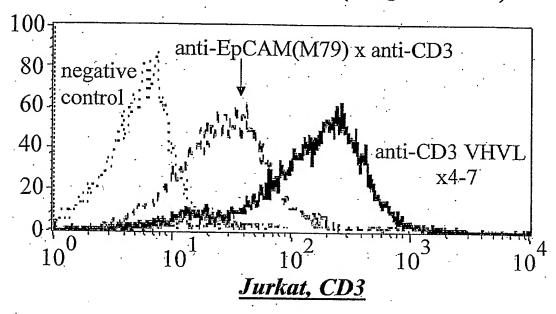
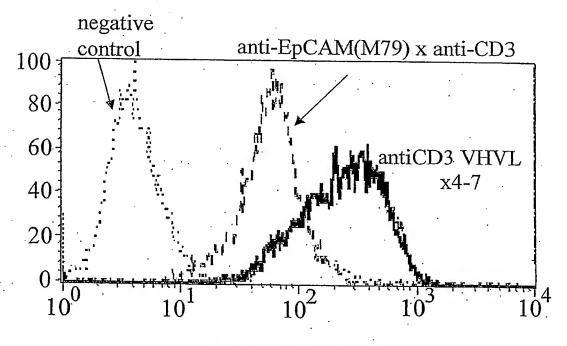


Figure 2D anti-CD3 VHVL aL x 4-7 (SEQ ID NO: 2)

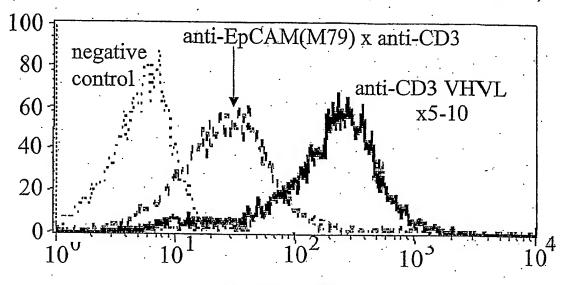




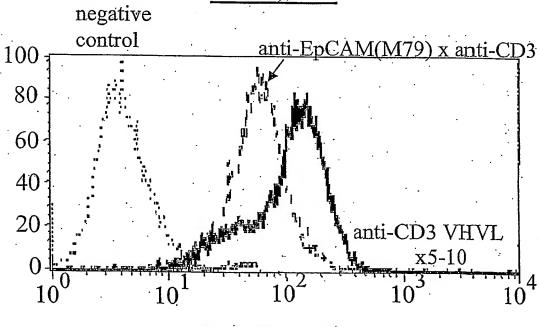
KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 2E

anti-CD3VHVL aL Ser x 5-10 (SEQ ID NO: 10)



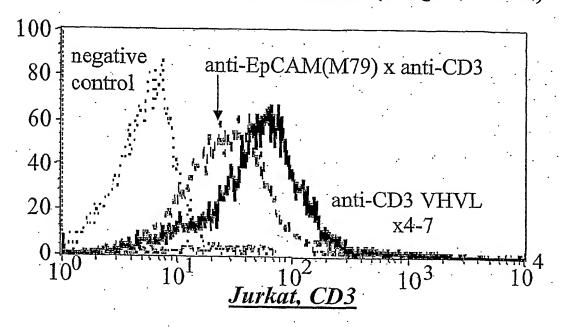
Jurkat, CD3

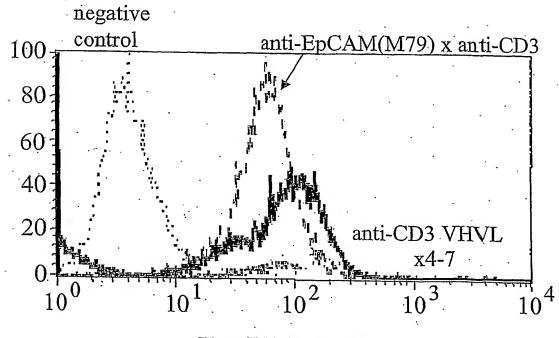


KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 2F

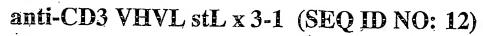
anti-CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-7 (SEQ ID NO: 8)

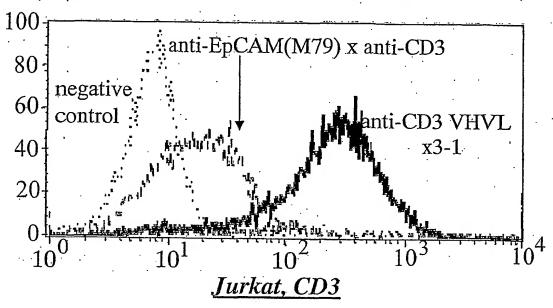




KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 2G





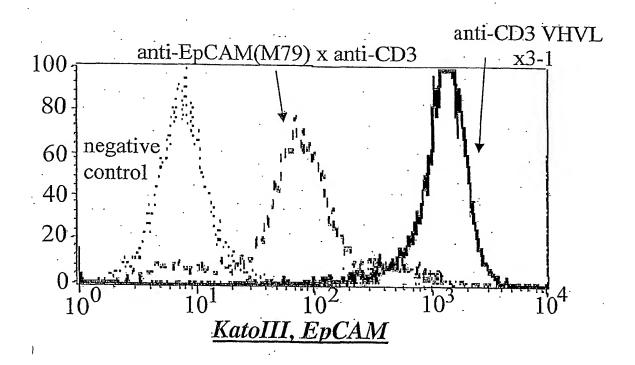
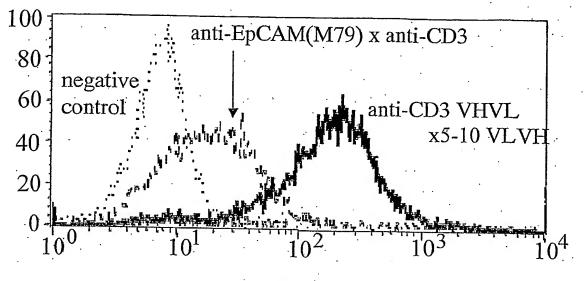
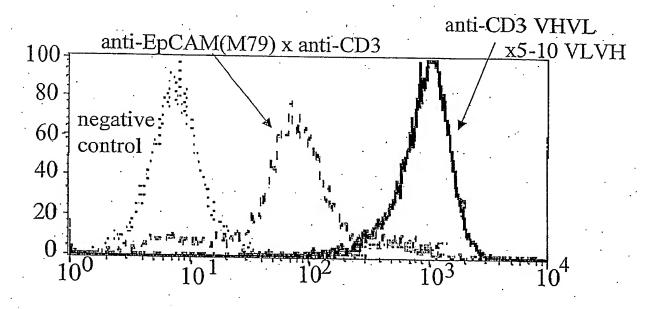


Figure 2H anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 5-10 VLVH (SEQ ID NO: 20)

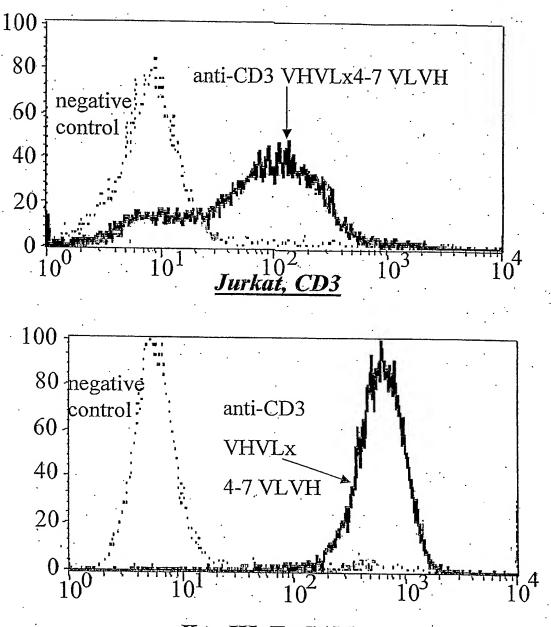


Jurkat, CD3



KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 2I
anti-CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH (SEQ ID NO: 16)



KatoIII, EpCAM

Figure 3A

4-7 (vLvH) x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO: 42)

SGSGTDFTLK CGSCCCCSEV GOVLEWIGEV TLTVSSVEGG SISCRSSOSI AVYFCARRGS PGASVKMSCK FKDKATLTTD SSVSYMNWYQ MEAEDAATYY FSGVPDRFSG EIKGGGGSGG ELRSLTSEDS SLPVSLGDQA YGLSWVKQRP LOOSGAELAR SRGYTNYNOK EKVTMTCRAS GTSYSLTISS YCLDYWGQGT SPAIMSASPG VPYRESGSGS RELVMTQTPL KLLIYKVSNR PYTFGGGTKL CKASGYTFTN ADKSSSTASM SSGGGGSDIK GLEWIGYINP YYCARYYDDH HHHHHH*WYLQKPGQSP VATATGVHSA VYFCSQSTHV IYDTSKVASG GGVDDIQLTQ FGAGTKLELK ARPGASVKLS EKFKGKATLT VWGQGTTVTV MHWVKQRPGQ SSLTSEDSAV ISRVEAEDLG OLLEOSGAEL MGWSCIILFL VHSNGNTYLH YDTNYDWYFD SGGSGGSGGS YPRIGNAYYN TSGYTFTRYT KSSSTAYMQL QKSGTSPKRW COOMSSNPLT 101 151 201 251 301 401 451 501 57 Ś

Figure 3A (continued) SEQ ID NO: 41

	ATGGGATGGA	GCTGTATCAT	CCTCTTCTTG	GTAGCAACAG	CTACAGGTGT
51	ACACTCCGCG	CGCGAGCTCG	TGATGACCCA	GACTCCACTC	TCCCTGCCTG
101	TCAGTCTTGG	AGATCAAGCC	TCCATCTCTT	GCAGATCTAG	TCAGAGCCTT
151	GTACACAGTA	ATGGAAACAC	CTATTTACAT	TGGTACCTGC	AGAAGCCAGG
201	CCAGTCTCCA	AAGCTCCTGA	TCTACAAAGT	TTCCAACCGA	TTTTCTGGGG
251	TCCCAGACAG	GTTCAGTGGC	AGTGGATCAG	GGACAGATTT	CACACTCAAG
301	ATCAGCAGAG	TGGAGGCTGA	GGATCTGGGA	GTTTATTTCT	GCTCTCAAAG
351	TACACATGTT	CCGTACACGT	TCGGAGGGGG	GACCAAGCTT	GAGATCAAAG
401	GTGGTGGTGG	TICIGGCGGC	GGCGGCTCCG	GTGGTGGTGG	TTCTGAGGTG
451	CAGCTGCTCG	AGCAGTCTGG	AGCTGAGCTG	GCGAGGCCTG	GGGCTTCAGT
501	GAAGCTGTCC	TGCAAGGCTT	CIGGCTACAC	CTTCACAAAC	TATGGTTTAA
551	GCTGGGTGAA	GCAGAGGCCT	GGACAGGTCC	TTGAGTGGAT	TGGAGAGGTT
601	TATCCTAGAA	TTGGTAATGC	TTACTACAAT	GAGAAGTTCA	AGGGCAAGGC
651	CACACTGACT	GCAGACAAAT	CCTCCAGCAC	AGCGTCCATG	GAGCTCCGCA
701	GCCTGACCTC	TGAGGACTCT	GCGGTCTATT	TCTGTGCAAG	ACGGGGATCC
751	TACGATACTA	ACTACGACTG	GTACTTCGAT	GTCTGGGGCC	AAGGGACCAC
801	GGTCACCGTC	TCCTCCGGAG	GIGGIGGAIC	CGATATCAAA	CTGCAGCAGT
851	CAGGGGCTGA	ACTGGCAAGA	CCTGGGGCCT	CAGTGAAGAT	GTCCTGCAAG

Figure 3A (continued)

TAAAACAGAG	AGCCGTGGTT	GACTACAGAC	CATCTGAGGA	TACTGCCTTG	CGAAGGTGGA	ACGACATICA	GAGAAGGTCA	CTGGTACCAG	CATCCAAAGT	GGGACCTCAT	CACTTATTAC	GGACCAAGCT	
ATGCACTGGG	CATTAATCCT	AGGCCACATT	AGCAGCCTGA	TGATGATCAT	TCTCCTCAGT	GGTGGAGTCG	ATCTCCAGGG	GTTACATGAA	ATTTATGACA	CAGTGGGTCT	AAGATGCTGC	TTCGGTGCTG	· U
TAGGTACACG	GGATTGGATA	TTCAAGGACA	CATGCAACTG	CAAGATATTA	ACTCTCACAG	TGGAGGTTCA	TCTCCAGCAA TCATGTCTGC	TCAAGTGTAA	CAAAAGATGG	GCTTCAGTGG	ATGGAGGCTG	CCCGCTCACG	ATCATCATTA
ACACCTTTAC	GGTCTGGAAT	CAATCAGAAG	GCACAGCCTA	TATTACTGTG	CCAAGGCACC	AGTGGAGGTT CTGGTGGAAG TGGAGGTTCA GGTGGAGTCG	TCTCCAGCAA	CAGAGCCAGT	GCACCTCCCC	GICCCTIAIC	AATCAGCAGC	GGAGTAGTAA	CATCATCACC
ACTICIGGCT	GCCTGGACAG	ATACTAATTA	AAATCCTCCA	CTCTGCAGTC	ACTACTGGGG	AGTGGAGGTT	GCTGACCCAG	CCATGACCTG	CAGAAGTCAG	GGCTTCTGGA	ACTCTCTCAC	TGCCAACAGT	1551 GGAGCTGAAA
901	951	1001	1051	1101	1151	1201	1251	1301	1351	1401	1451	1501	1551

Figure 3B

3-5(vLvH) x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO: 30)

		НИННИН¥	FGAGTKLELK	COOMSSNPLT	501
MEAEDAATYY	GISYSLTISS	VPYRFSGSGS	IYDTSKVASG VPYRFSGSGS	QKSGTSPKRW	451
SSVSYMNWYQ	SPAIMSASPG EKVTMTCRAS	SPAIMSASPG	GGVDDIQLTQ	SECSECSECS	401
TLTVSSVEGG	YCLDYWGOGT	SSLTSEDSAV YYCARYYDDH	SSLTSEDSAV	KSSSTAYMQL	351
FKDKATLTTD	SRGYTNYNOK	MHWVKQRPGQ GLEWIGYINP	MHWVKQRPGQ	TSGYTFTRYT	301
	LOOSGAELAR	SSGGGGSDIK	VWGQGTTVTV	YGSNYDWYFD	251
AVYFCARRGS	ELRSLTSEDS	ADKSSSTASM	EKFKGKATLT	01 YPRIGNAYYN	201
GOGLEWIGEV	YGLSWVKQRT	CKASGYTFTS	VRPGTSVKLS	OLLEOSGAEL	151
GGSGGGGSEV	EIKGGGGSGG	PYTFGGGTKL	VYFCSQSTHV	ISRVEAEDLG	101
SGSGTDFTLK	FSGVPDRFSG	KLLIYKVSNR	WYLQKPGQSP	VHSNGNTYLH	51
SISCRSSOSL	SLPVSLGDQA	RELVMTQTPL	VATATGVHSA	MGWSCIILFL	\vdash

Figure 3B (continued)

SEQ ID NO:29:

TCCCTGCCTG AGAAGCCAGG TTTTCTGGGG TCAGAGCCTT CACACTCAAG GCTCTCAAAG GAGATCAAAG TTCTGAGGTG AAGGGACCAC GGACTTCAGT TATGGTTTAA TGGAGAGGTT AGGCCAAGGC GAGCTCCGCA ACGGGGGATCC CTGCAGCAGT GTCCTGCAAG TAAAACAGAG CTACAGGTGT GACTCCACTC GCAGATCTAG TGGTACCTGC GTAAGGCCTG TTCCAACCGA GGACAGATTT GTTTATTCT GACCAAGCTT GTGGTGGTGG CTTCACAAGC TTGAGTGGAT TCTGTGCAAG CGATATCAAA GAGAAGTTCA AGCGTCCATG GTCTGGGGCC CAGTGAAGAT ATGCACTGGG GTAGCAACAG TAGGTACACG TGATGACCCA TCCATCTTT CTATTTACAT AGTGGATCAG GGATCTGGGA TCGGAGGGG GGCGGCTCCG AGCTGAGCTG GGACAGGGCC TCTACAAAGT CTGGCTACAC TTACTACAAT CCTCCAGCAC GCGGTCTATT GTACTTCGAT GIGGIGGAIC CCTGGGGCCT CCTCTTCTTG TGGAGGCTGA ATGGAAACAC CCGTACACGT CGCGAGCTCG AGATCAAGCC AAGCTCCTGA GTTCAGTGGC TTCTGGCGGC AGCAGTCTGG TGCAAGGCTT GCAGAGAACT GCAGACAAAT ACTACGACTG TTGGTAATGC TCCTCCGGAG ACTGGCAAGA ACACCTTTAC TGAGGACTCT GCTGTATCAT TCAGTCTTGG ACACTCCGCG GTACACAGTA TCCCAGACAG CCAGTCTCCA ATCAGCAGAG CAGCTGCTCG TACACATGTT GTGGTGGTGG GAAGCTGTCC GCTGGGTGAA CAGGGGCTGA LACGGTAGTA GGTCACCGTC TATCCTAGAA CACACTGACT GCCTGACATC ACTICIGGCT ATGGGATGGA 57 1—1 01 51 01 351 01 51 501 551 601 651 701 51 01 51 901 \mathcal{O} α 4

Figure 3B (continued)

TACTGCCTTG CGAAGGTGGA GACTACAGAC CATCTGAGGA GAGAAGGTCA AGCCGTGGTT ACGACATTCA CTGGTACCAG CATCCAAAGT CACTTATTAC GGACCAAGCT GGGACCTCAT CATTAATCCT TCTCCTCAGT GGTGGAGTCG AGCAGCCTGA TGATGATCAT AGGCCACATT ATCTCCAGGG GTTACATGAA ATTTATGACA CAGTGGGTCT AAGATGCTGC TICGGIGCIG ACTCTCACAG CATGCAACTG GGATTGGATA TTCAAGGACA CAAAAGATGG GCTTCAGTGG CAAGATATTA TGGAGGTTCA TCATGTCTGC TCAAGTGTAA ATGGAGGCTG CCCCTCACG ATCACATTA CAATCAGAAG TATTACTGTG CTGGTGGAAG GCACAGCCTA GGTCTGGAAT CCAAGGCACC TCTCCAGCAA GICCCTIAIC AATCAGCAGC CATCATCACC GCACCTCCCC GGAGTAGTAA CAGAGCCAGT GCCTGGACAG ATACTAATTA AAATCCTCCA CTCTGCAGTC ACTACTGGGG GCTGACCCAG CCATGACCTG AGTGGAGGTT CAGAAGICAG GGCTTCTGGA ACTCTCTCAC TGCCAACAGT GGAGCTGAAA 51 151 001 1201 51 251 301 351 401 57 501 9 \vdash

Figure 3C

3-1 (vLvH) x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID NO: 36)

•			нинни*	GAGTKLELKH	501.
OOMSSNPLTF	EAEDAATYYC	TSYSLTISSM	PYRFSGSGSG	YDTSKVASGV	451
KSGTSPKRWI	SVSYMNWYQQ	KVTMTCRASS	PAIMSASPGE	GVDDIQLTQS	401
GGSGGSGGSG	LTVSSVEGGS	CLDYWGQGTT	VY YCARYYDDHY	SLTSEDSAVY	351
SSSTAYMQLS	KDKATLTTDK	RGYTNYNOKE	LEWIGYINPS	HWVKQRPGQG	301
SGYTFTRYTM	GASVKMSCKT	QOSGAELARP	SGGGGSDIKI	WGQGTTVTVS	251
EDSAVYFCAR LRNWDEAMDY	EDSAVYFCAR	AFMQLSSLTS	TLTADKSSST	HYNERFRGKA	201
GDLFPGSGNT	QRPGHGLEWI	FTNYWLGWVK	KISCKASGYA	AELVKPGASV	151
SEVQLLEQSG	SGGGGSGGG	TKLEIKGGGG	NEYPYTFGGG TKLEIKGGGG	DEAMYYCQQH	101
TLTISSLEPE	FSGSGSGTDE	STLOSGIPSR	YLAWYQEKPG KTNKLLIYSG STLQSGIPSR	YLAWYQEKPG	51
AASPGETITI NCRASKSISK		LVMTQSPSYL	MGWSCIILFL VATATGVHSE LVMTQSPSYL		·

Figure 3C (continued)

SEQ ID NO: 35

CTACAGGTGT	GCTGCATCTC	CATTAGCAAA	AGCTTCTTAT	TTCAGTGGCA	GGAGCCTGAA	CGTACACGTT	TCTGGCGGCG	GCAGTCTGGA	GCAAGGCTTC	CAGAGGCCTG	TGGTAATACT	CAGACAAATC	GAGGACTCTG	TATGGACTAC	GTGGATCCGA	GGGCCTCAG	GTACACGATG	TTGGATACAT
GTAGCAACAG	ATCTTATCTT	CAAGTAAGAG	AAAACTAATA	TCCATCAAGG	TCAGTAGCCT	AATGAATATC	TGGTGGTGGT	AGCTGCTCGA	AAGATATCCT	TTGGGTAAAG	TCCCTGGAAG	ACACTGACTG	CCTGACATCT	GGGACGAGGC	TCCGGAGGTG	GGCAAGACCT	CCTTTACTAG	CTGGAATGGA
CCTCTTCTTG	CCCAGTCTCC	AATTGCAGGG	GAAACCTGGG	AATCTGGAAT	ACTCTCACCA	TCAACAGCAT	AGATCAAAGG	TCTGAGGTGC	GGCCTCAGTG	ACTGGCTAGG	GGAGATCTTT	GGGCAAAGCC	AGCTCAGTAG	TTGAGGAACT	CACCGTCTCC	GGGCTGAACT	TCTGGCTACA	TGGACAGGGT
GCTGTATCAT	CTCGTCATGA	CATTACTATT	GGTATCAAGA	TCCACTTTGC	TACAGATTTC	TGTATTACTG	ACCAAGCTIG	TGGTGGTGGT	TGAAACCTGG	TTCACTAACT	TGAGTGGATT	AGAGGTTCAG	GCCTTTATGC	CTGTGCAAGA	GGACCACGGT	CAGCAGTCAG	CTGCAAGACT	AACAGAGGCC.
ATGGGATGGA	ACACTCCGAG	CTGGAGAAAC	TATTTAGCCT	CTACTCTGGA	GTGGATCTGG	GATTTTGCAA	CGGAGGGGG	GCGGCTCCGG	GCTGAGCTGG	TGGATACGCC	GACATGGACT	CACTACAATG	CTCGAGCACA	CTGTCTATTT	TGGGCCAAG	TATCAAACTG	TGAAGATGTC	CACTGGGTAA
	51	101	151	201	251	301	351	401	451	501	551	601	. L		L L	807	S	901

Figure 3C (continued)

0 1	しばる中して中々な中	女は女子はいけんじし	A A D A T T A A T D	TCACACTTC	TU A D A D D A A
400		171171 100100	177777777777777777777777777777777777777) + +) + + (+ +) + + (+ +) + (+ +) + (+ +) + (+ +) + (+ +) + (+ +) + (+ +) + (
1001	CCACATIGAC	TACAGACAAA	TCCTCCAGCA	CAGCCTACAT	GCAACTGAGC
1051	AGCCTGACAT	CTGAGGACTC	TGCAGTCTAT	TACTGTGCAA	GATATTATGÄ
1101	TGATCATTAC	TGCCTTGACT	ACTGGGGCCA	AGGCACCACT	CTCACAGTCT
1151	CCTCAGTCGA	AGGTGGAAGT	GGAGGTTCTG	GTGGAAGTGG	AGGTTCAGGT
1201	GGAGTCGACG	ACATTCAGCT	GACCCAGTCT	CCAGCAATCA	TGTCTGCATC
1251	TCCAGGGGAG	AAGGTCACCA	TGACCTGCAG	AGCCAGTTCA	AGTGTAAGTT
1301	ACATGAACTG	GTACCAGCAG	AAGTCAGGCA	CCTCCCCCAA	AAGATGGATT
1351	TATGACACAT	CCAAAGTGGC	TTCTGGAGTC	CCTTATCGCT TCAGTGGCAG	TCAGTGGCAG
1401	TGGGTCTGGG	ACCTCATACT	CTCTCACAAT	CAGCAGCATG	GAGGCTGAAG
1451	ATGCTGCCAC	TTATTACTGC	CAACAGTGGA	GTAGTAACCC	GCTCACGTTC
1501		GGTGCTGGGA CCAAGCTGGA	GCTGAAACAT	CATCACCATC	ATCATTAG

Figure 3D 4-1(vLvH) * anti-CD3 (SEQ ID

39

NO:

SVEGGSGGSG SCKSSOSILIN GSGTDFTLTI GSGGGGSEVQ HGLEWVGDIF VYFCARLRNW KMSCKTSGYT TLTTDKSSST MNWYQQKSGT AATYYCQQWS SVSAGEKVTM SGVPDRFTGS IKGGGGSGGG WLGWVKORPG LSSLTSEDSA NYNOKFKDKA AELARPGASV WGQGTTLTVS TCRASSSVSY LTISSMEAED GYINPSRGYT. LVMTQSPSSL LLIYGASTRE GSDIKLQQSG YTEGGGTKLE KASGYAFTNY DKSSYTAYMQ YYDDHYCLDY SASPGEKVTM SGSGSGTSYS VATATGVHSE YQQKPGQPPK YYCQNDYSYP RPGTSVKISC KFKGKATLTA TTVTVSSGGG IQLTQSPAIM EDSAVYYCAR KVASGVPYRF QRPGQGLEWI KLELKHHHH MGWSCIILFL SGNOKNYLAW SSVQAEDLAV LLEQSGAELV DEAMDYWGQG PGSGNAHYNE AYMQLSSLTS FTRYTMHWVK GSGGSGGVDD SPKRWIYDTS SNPLTFGAGT 151 201 201 301 351 51 51 401 51 01

Figure 3D (continued) SEQ ID NO: 38:

∺	ATGGGATGGA	GCTGTATCAT	CCTCTTCTTG	GTAGCAACAG	CTACAGGTGT
51	ACACTCCGAG	CTCGTGATGA	CACAGICICC	ATCCTCCCTG	AGTGTGTCAG
101	CAGGAGAGAA	GGTCACTATG	AGCTGCAAGT	CCAGTCAGAG	TCTGTTAAAC
151	AGTGGAAATC	AAAAGAACTA	CTTGGCCTGG	TACCAGCAGA	AACCAGGGCA
0	GCCTCCTAAA	CTGTTGATCT	ACGGGGCATC	CACTAGGGAA	TCTGGGGTCC
\mathcal{L}	CTGATCGCTT	CACAGGCAGT	GGATCTGGAA	CAGATTTCAC	TCTCACCATC
301	AGCAGTGTGC	AGGCTGAAGA	CCTGGCAGTT	TATTACTGTC	AGAATGATTA
\mathcal{L}	TAGTTATCCG	TACACGTTCG	GAGGGGGAC	CAAGCTTGAG	ATCAAAGGTG
401	GIGGIGGIIC	TGGCGGCGGC	GGCTCCGGTG	GTGGTGGTTC	TGAGGTGCAG
451	CIGCICGAGC	AGTCTGGAGC.	TGAGCTGGTA	AGGCCTGGGA	CTTCAGTGAA
0	GATATCCTGC	AAGGCTTCTG	GATACGCCTT	CACTAACTAC	TGGCTAGGTT
551	GGGTTAAGCA	GAGGCCTGGA	CATGGACTTG	AATGGGTTGG	AGATATTTTC
0	CCTGGAAGTG	GTAATGCTCA	CTACAATGAG	AAGTTCAAGG	GCAAAGCCAC
S	ACTGACTGCA	GACAAGTCCT	CGTACACAGC	CTATATGCAG	CTCAGTAGCC
	TGACATCTGA	GGACTCTGCT	GTCTATTTCT	GTGCAAGATT	GCGGAACTGG
\mathcal{L}	GACGAGGCTA	TGGACTACTG	GGGCCAAGGG	ACCACGGTCA	CCGICICCIC
0	CGGAGGTGGT	GGATCCGATA	TCAAACTGCA	GCAGTCAGGG	GCTGAACTGG
851	CAAGACCTGG	GGCCTCAGTG	AAGATGTCCT	GCAAGACTTC	TGGCTACACC
901	TTTACTAGGT	ACACGATGCA	CTGGGTAAAA	CAGAGGCCTG	GACAGGGTCT

Figure 3D (continued)

AATTACAATC	CTCCAGCACA	CAGTCTATTA	TGGGGCCAAG	AGGTTCTGGT	CCCAGICICC	ACCTGCAGAG	ACCAGCAGAA GTCAGGCACC	CTGGAGTCCC		ACAGTGGAGT	TGAAACATCA	
TGGTTATACT	CAGACAAATC	GAGGACTCTG	CCTTGACTAC	TCAGTCGAAG GTGGAAGTGG	AGTCGACGAC ATTCAGCTGA	CAGGGGAGAA GGTCACCATG	ACCAGCAGAA	AAAGTGGCTT	CTCATACTCT	ATTACTGCCA	AAGCTGGAGC	
GGAATGGATT GGATACATTA ATCCTAGCCG	ACATTGACTA	CCTGACATCT	ATCATTACTG	TCAGTCGAAG	AGTCGACGAC	CAGGGGAGAA	ATGAACTGGT	TGACACATCC	GGTCTGGGAC	GCTGCCACTT	TGCTGGGACC	
GGATACATTA	AGAAGTICAA GGACAAGGCC	AACTGAGCAG	TATTATGATG	CACAGTCTCC	GTTCAGGTGG	TCTGCATCTC	TGTAAGTTAC	GATGGATTTA TGACACATCC	AGTGGCAGTG	GGCTGAAGAT	TCACGTTCGG	CATTAG
GGAATGGATT	AGAAGTTCAA	GCCTACATGC	CTGTGCAAGA	GCACCACTCT	GGAAGTGGAG GTTCAGGTGG	AGCAATCATG TCTGCATCTC	CCAGIICAAG	TCCCCCAAAA	TTATCGCTTC	GCAGCATGGA	AGTAACCCGC	TCACCATCAT
951	1001	1051	1101	1151	1201	1251	1301	1351	1401	1451	1501	1551

Figure SE 5-10 (vLvH) x anti-CD3 (SEQ ID E

				•	
		MGWSCIILFL VATATGVHSE LVMTQSPSSL TVTAGEKVTM SCKSSQSLLN	LVMTQSPSSL	TVTAGEKVTM	SCKSSOSLLN
51		YQQKPGQPPK	YQQKPGQPPK LLIYWASTRE	SGVPDRFTGS	GSGTDFTLTI
101	SSVQAEDLAV	YYCQNDYSYP	LTFGAGTKLE	IKGGGGSGGG	GSGGGGSEVQ
151	LLEQSGAELV	RPGTSVKISC	RPGTSVKISC-KASGYAFTNY	WLGWVKQRPG	HGLEWIGDIF
201	PGSGNIHYNE	KFKGKATLTA	KFKGKATLTA DKSSSTAYMQ	LSSLTFEDSA	VYECARLRNW
251	DEPMDYWGQG	TTVTVSSGGG	TTVTVSSGGG GSDIKLQQSG	AELARPGASV	KMSCKTSGYT
301	FTRYTMHWVK	FTRYTMHWVK QRPGQGLEWI GYINPSRGYT	GYINPSRGYT	NYNOKFKDKA	TLTTDKSSST
351	AYMOLSSLTS	EDSAVYYCAR YYDDHYCLDY	YYDDHYCLDY	WGQGTTLTVS	SVEGGSGSG
401	GSGGSGGVDD	IQLTQSPAIM	IQLTQSPAIM SASPGEKVTM	TCRASSSVSY MNWYQQKSGT	MNWYQQKSGT
451	SPKRWIYDTS	KVASGVPYRF SGSGSGTSYS	SGSGSGTSYS	LTISSMEAED AATYYCQQWS	AATYYCQQWS
501	SNPLTFGAGT	КІЕТКНИНН Н*	* 7		

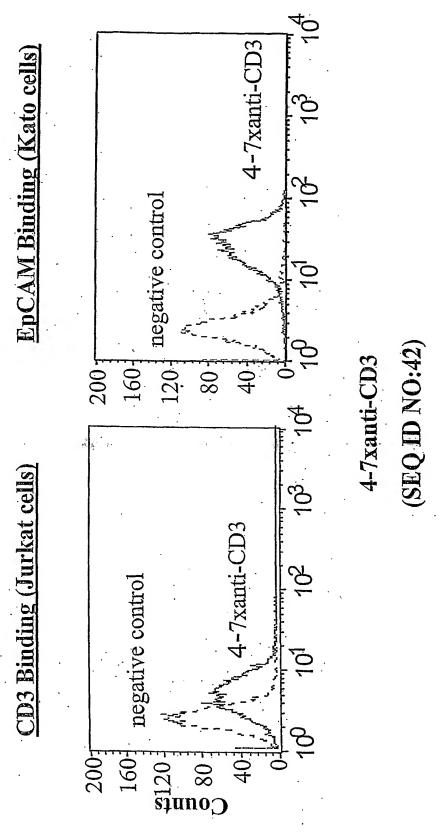
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151	AGTGGAAATC	AAAAGAACTA	CTTGACCTGG	TACCAGCAGA	AACCAGGGCA
201	GCCTCCTAAA	CTGTTGATCT	ACTGGGCATC	CACTAGGGAA	TCTGGGGTCC
251	CTGATCGCTT	CACAGGCAGT	GGATCTGGAA	CAGATTTCAC	TCTCACCATC
301	AGCAGTGTGC	AGGCTGAAGA	CCTGGCAGTT	TATTACTGTC	AGAATGATTA
351	TAGTTATCCG	CTCACGTTCG	GTGCTGGGAC	CAAGCTTGAG	ATCAAAGGTG
401	GTGGTGGTTC	TGGCGGCGGC	GGCTCCGGTG	GTGGTGGTTC	TGAGGTGCAG
451	CTGCTCGAGC	AGTCTGGAGC	TGAGCTGGTA	AGGCCTGGGA	CTTCAGTGAA
501	GATATCCTGC	AAGGCTTCTG	GATACGCCTT	CACTAACTAC	TGGCTAGGTT
551	GGGTAAAGCA	GAGGCCTGGA	CATGGACTTG	AGTGGATTGG	AGATATTTTC
601	CCTGGAAGTG	GTAATATCCA	CTACAATGAG	AAGTTCAAGG	GCAAAGCCAC
65.1	ACTGACTGCA	GACAAATCTT	CGAGCACAGC	CTATATGCAG	CICAGIAGCC
701	TGACATTTGA	GGACTCTGCT	GTCTATTTCT	GTGCAAGACT	GAGGAACTGG
751	GACGAGCCTA	TGGACTACTG	GGGCCAAGGG.	ACCACGGTCA	CCGICICCIC
801	CGGAGGTGGT	GGATCCGATA	TCAAACTGCA	GCAGTCAGGG	GCTGAACTGG
851	CAAGACCTGG	GGCCTCAGTG	AAGATGTCCT	GCAAGACTTC	TGGCTACACC
901	TTTACTAGGT	ACACGATGCA	CTGGGTAAAA	CAGAGGCCTG	GACAGGGTCT

Figure 3E (continued)

951	GGAATGGATT		GGATACATTA ATCCTAGCCG	TGGTTATACT	AATTACAATC
1001	AGAAGTTCAA	GGACAAGGCC	GGACAAGGCC ACATTGACTA	CAGACAAATC	CTCCAGCACA
1051	GCCTACATGC	AACTGAGCAG	CCTGACATCT	GAGGACTCTG	CAGTCTATTA
1101	CTGTGCAAGA	TATTATGATG	ATCATTACTG	CCTTGACTAC	TGGGGCCAAG
1151	GCACCACTCT	CACAGTCTCC	TCAGTCGAAG	GTGGAAGTGG	AGGTTCTGGT
1201	GGAAGTGGAG	GTTCAGGTGG	AGTCGACGAC	ATTCAGCTGA	CCCAGTCTCC
1251	AGCAATCATG	TCTGCATCTC	CAGGGGGAGAA	CAGGGGAGAA GGTCACCATG	ACCTGCAGAG
1301	CCAGTTCAAG	TGTAAGTTAC	ATGAACTGGT ACCAGCAGAA	ACCAGCAGAA	GTCAGGCACC
1351		TCCCCCAAAA GATGGATTTA	TGACACATCC	AAAGTGGCTT	CTGGAGTCCC
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1451	GCAGCATGGA		GGCTGAAGAT GCTGCCACTT ATTACTGCCA	ATTACTGCCA	ACAGTGGAGT
1501	AGTAACCCGC	TCACGTTCGG	TGCTGGGACC AAGCTGGAGC	AAGCTGGAGC	TGAAACATCA
1551	TCACCATCAT	CATTAG			

Figure 4A



3-5xanti-CD3 **EpCAM Binding (Kato cells)** negative control 120 160 200 80 3-5xanti-CD3 CD3 Binding (Jurkat cells) negative control Figure 4B 160 80 Counts

60/72 .

PCT/EP2004/005687

(SEQ ID NO: 30)

3-5xanti-CD3

EpCAM Binding (Kato cells)

Figure 4C

CD3 Binding (Jurkat cells)

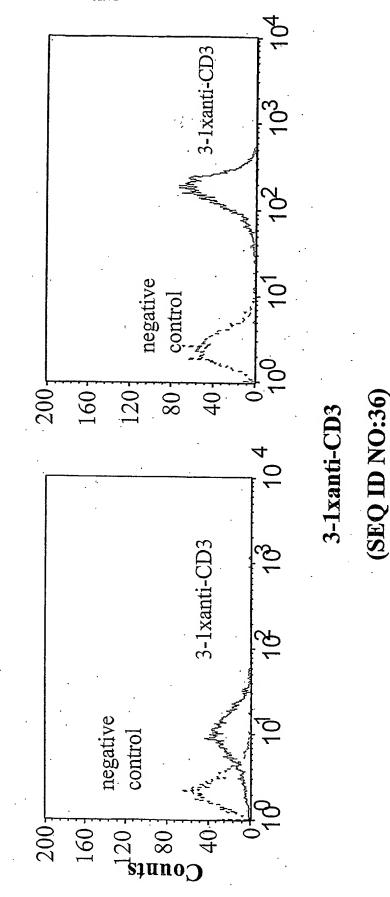


Figure 4D

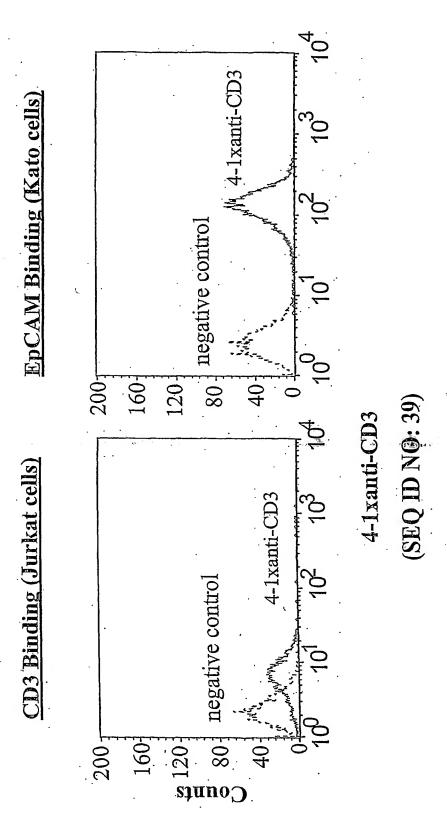
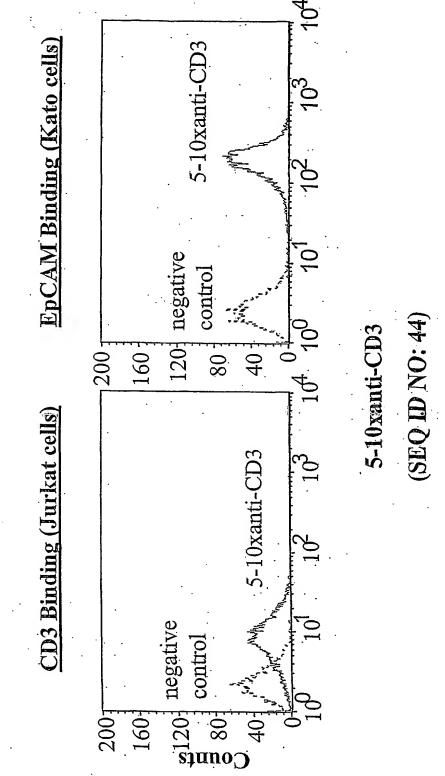
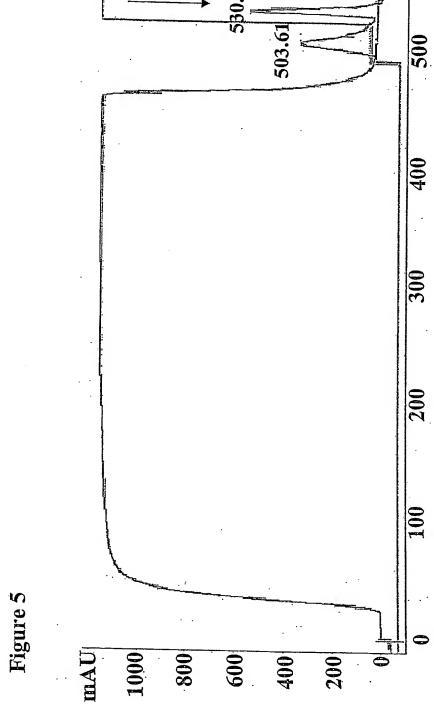
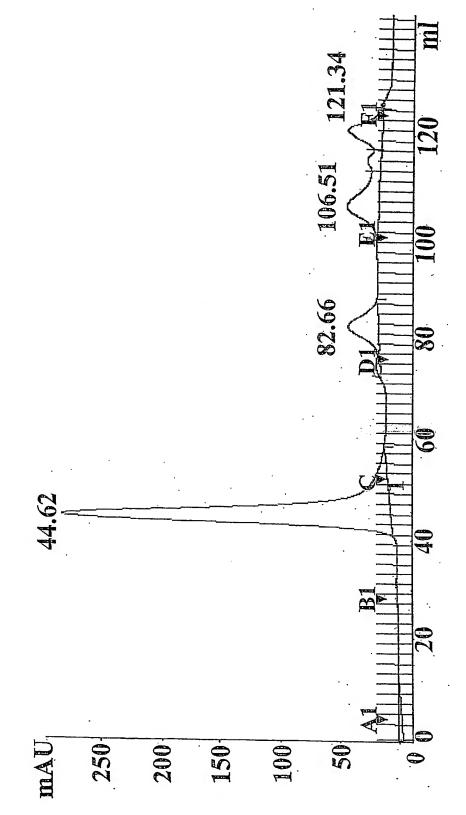


Figure 4E









50 40 3-1x anti-CD3 20 Figure 7A 80 09



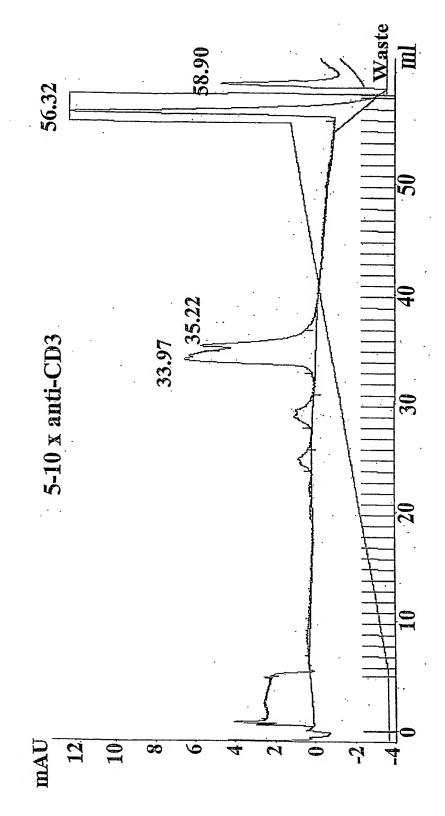
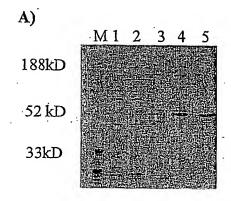
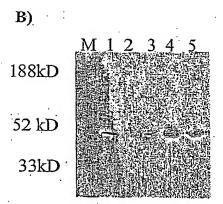
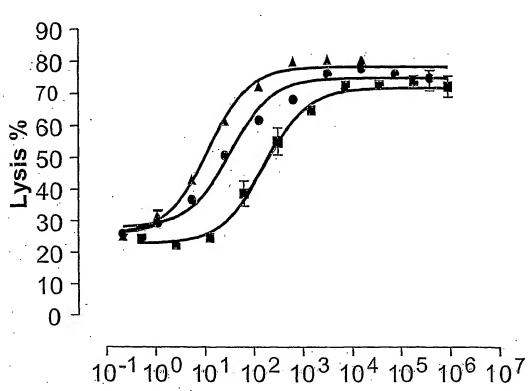


Figure 8





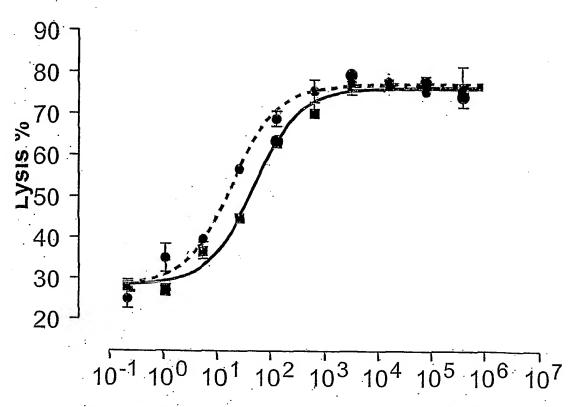




bispecific single chain construct [pg/ml]

- anti-CD3x3-1
- anti-CD3 x 5-10
- ▲ anti-CD3 x 4-7

Figure 10



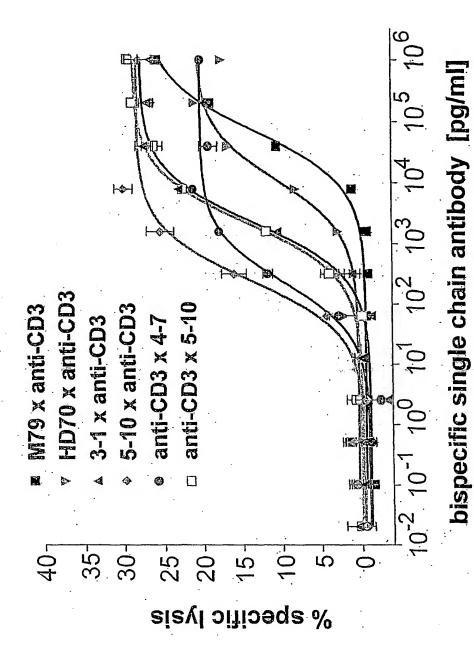
bispecific single chain construct [pg/ml]

- 3-1 x anti-CD3
- 5-10 x anti-CD3

Figure 11A

3-1	LR NWD EAMDY
4-1	LR NWD EAMDY
5-10	LR NWD EPMDY
3-5	RGSYGS NYD WYFDV
4-7	RGSYDT NYD WYFDV
M79	MENWSFAY
HD70	DMGWGSGWRPYYYYGMDV
3B10	FTSPDY
	•





1 SEQUENCE LISTING

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WO 2004/106383 PCT/EP2004/005687

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Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95 Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125 Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140 Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 160 Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 215 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Val Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg 290 295 300 Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr 340 345 350

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Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly 370 380

Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro 385 390 395 400

Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser 405 410 415

Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys 420 .425 .430

Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe 435 440 445

Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe 450 460

Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe 465 470 475 480

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Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe

50 55 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80 Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95 Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120. Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160 Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly 290 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335

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Thr Phe Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 350

Asp Glu Pro Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser . 370 380

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Gly 385 390 395

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 405 410 415

Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 420 425 430

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Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys $85 \hspace{1cm} 90 \hspace{1cm} 95$

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 . 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser

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175

170

Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190

Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205

Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 220

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Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255

Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys 260 270

Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys 275 280 285

Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Val Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg 290 295 300

Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320

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Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr 355 360 365

Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly 370 380

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Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser 405 410 415

Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys 420 425 430

Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe 435 440 445

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42
caagggacca cggtcaccgt ctcctcaggt ggtggtggtt ctggcggcgg cggctccggt
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ttcactctca ccatcagcag tgtgcaggct gaagacctgg cagtttatta ctgtcagaat
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<210> 10
<211> 503
<212> PRT
<213> artificial sequence
<220>
<223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 5-10 VHVL
<400> 10
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1 5 10 15
Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr
20 25 30
Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45
33 +0 , +3
Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60
Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80
Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95
Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110
Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125
Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 135 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys
145 150 155 160 Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly 290 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Phe Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 345 350 Asp Glu Pro Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser 370 380 Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Gly 385 390 400 Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 405 410 415Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln

425

14[.]

Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Trp Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val 435 445

Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr $450 \,$ 455 $\,$ 460

Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn 465 470 475 480

Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile 485 490 495

Lys His His His His His 500

<210> 11

<211> 1485

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 3-1 VHVL

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						7000
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actattaatt	gcagggcaag	taagagcatt	agcaaatatt	tagcctggta	tcaagagaaa	1260
cctgggaaaa	ctaataagct	tcttatctac	tctggatcca	ctttgcaatc	tggaattcca	1320
tcaaggttca	gtggcagtgg	atctggtaca	gatttcactc	tcaccatcag	tagcctggag	1380
cctgaagatt	ttgcaatgta	ttactgtcaa	cagcataatg	aatatccgta	cacgttcgga	1440
ggggggacca	agcttgagat _.	caaacatcat	caccatcatc	attag	•	1485

<210> 12

<211> 494

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 3-1 VHVL

<400> 12

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe $50 \hspace{1cm} 55 \hspace{1cm} 60$

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly 115 120 125

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile

Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 160

135

Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175

Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro 180 185 190

Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205

Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 215 220

Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 240

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala 245 250 255

Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 260 265 270

Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro 275 280 285

Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Leu Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn 290 295 300

Thr His Tyr Asn Glu Arg Phe Arg Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp 305 310 315 320

Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Phe Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu 325 330 335

Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Ala $340 \hspace{1cm} 345 \hspace{1cm} 350$

Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly 355 360 365

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val 370 380

Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Thr Ile 385 390 395 400

Thr Ile Asn Cys Arg Ala Ser Lys Ser Ile Ser Lys Tyr Leu Ala Trp 405 410 415

Tyr Gln Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Gly
420 425 430

Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser 445

Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Phe 450 460

Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Glu Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly
465 470 475 480

Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys His His His His His His 485

<2:10> 13

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VHVL

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							-	1	18						
aaatcctc	ca g	caca	gcgt	c ca	tgga	gctc	cgc	agcc	tga	cctc	tgag	ga c	tctg	cggtc	10
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ggagatca	ag c	ctcc	atct	c tt	gcag	atct	agt	caga	gcc	ttgt	acac	ag t	aatg	gaaac	12
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gtttccaa	ıcc g	attt	tctg	g gg	tccc	agac	agg	ttca	gtg	gcag	tgga	tc a	ıggga	cagat	13
ttcacact	ca a	gatc	agca	g ag	tgga	ggct	gag	gatc	tgg	gagt	ttat	tt d	tgct	ctcaa	14
agtacaca	itg t	tccg	taca	c gt	tcgg	aggg	999	acca	agc	ttga	gatc	aa a	catc	atcac	1.5
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<210> 1	L4														
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	503						·								
	PRT	icia	1 60	auan											
<213>	11 (11	icia		quen	ice										
<220>															
	י צמ־	/HVL	ctl	v 4-	.7 VH	IVI						•			
	14	/ FI V L	311	A 4	, ,,	1.V L									
Asp Ile		l en	G]n	Gln	Ser	G] v	Δla	Glu	Leu	Δ]а	Ara	Pro	Glv	Ala	
1	LyJ	LCu	5	G 1111	50,	0.5	7114	10		///-	, g		15		
Ser Val	LVS	Met	Ser	CVS	LVS	Thr	Ser	GTV	Tvr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ara	Tvr	
Je. va.	-, 0	20		-, -	-, -		25	,	٠,٠			30	5		
Thr Met	His	Trp	val	LVS	Gln	Ara	Pro	Glv	Gln	Glv	Leu	.GTu	Trp	Ile	
	35			-, -		40					45		•		
Gly Tyr	Ile	Asn	Pro	Ser	Ara	Glv	Tvr	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Lys	Phe	•
50					55					60					
Lys Asp	LVS	Ala	Thr	Leu	Thr	Thr	αzΑ	LVS	ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Tyr	
65	-, -			70			•	,	75					80	
Met Gln	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ser	Αla	۷a٦	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	
.,,,,			85					90					95	•	
Ala Arg	Tvr	Tvr	Asp	Asp	His	Tvr	CVS	Leu	Asp	Tvr	Trp	Glv	Gln	Glv	
, , y	.,,	100		٦		. , ,	105		[-	٠, ر		110		•	
Thr Thr	Len	Thr	٧a٦	Ser	Ser	GไV	Glv	Gไv	Glv	Ser	Gไv	G٦٧	Glv	Glv	
***** ****	115	1 1 3 1	vai	JC1	501	120	J.y	٠.,	J.y	J = 1	125	,	٠.,	,	

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile 130 135 140 Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175 Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro 180 185 190 Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205 Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 215 220 Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala 245 250 255 Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 260 265 270 Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro 275 280 285 Gly Gln Val Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn 290 295 300 Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp 305 310 315 Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu 325 330 335 Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn $340 \hspace{1cm} 345$ Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val 355 360 365 Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Val Ser Leu 385 390 395 400 Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Val His

405 410 415

Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln
420 425 430

Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Val 435 440 445

Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys 450 460

Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe Cys Ser Gln 465 470 475 480

Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile 485 490 495

Lys His His His His His 500

<210> 15

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH

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<210> 16

'<2**11**> 503

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 4-7 VLVH

<400> 16

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly 115 120 125 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile 130 140Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 160 Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175 Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro 180 185 190 Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205 Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 220 Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 240 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser 245 250 255 Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser 260 265 270Gln Ser Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu 275 280 285 Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn 290 . 295 300 Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr 305 310 315Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val 325 330 335 Tyr Phe Cys Ser Gln Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly 340 345 . 350 Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser 355 360 365 Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu 370 380

Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly 385 390 400

Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly 405 410 415

Gln Val Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn Ala 420 425 430

Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys 435 440 445

Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp 450 460

Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn Tyr 465 470 475 480

Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 485 490 495

Ser His His His His His 500

<210> 17

<211> 1503

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

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Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
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Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Glu Lys Val 385 390 395 400

Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn Gln 405 410 415

Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys 420 425 430

Leu Leu Ile Tyr Trp Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg 435 440 445

Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser 450 460

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Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr

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Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

70

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 . 105 . 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly 115 120

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile 130 135 140

Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 160

Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175

Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro $180 \hspace{1cm} 185 \hspace{1cm} 190 \hspace{1cm}$

Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205

Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 215 220

Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 240

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser 245 250 255 .

Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser 260 265 270

Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr 275 280 285

Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Trp Ala Ser 290 295 300

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Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala 325 330 335

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala 340 345 350

Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly 355 360 365

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala 370 380

Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 385 390 395

Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro $405 \,$ $410 \,$ $415 \,$

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Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp 435 440 445

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35 40 Ser Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln
50 55 60 Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg 65 70 75 80 Phe Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp 85 90 95 Phe Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr 100 105 110Phe Cys Ser Gln Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr 115 120 125 Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly 130 140 Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu 145 $150\,$ 155 $160\,$ Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr 165 170 175 Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Thr Gly Gln 180 185 190 Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr 195 200 205 Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser 210 220 Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser 225 235 240 Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Gly Ser Asn Tyr Asp 245 250 255 Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser 260 265 270 Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu 275 280 285 Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr

290

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Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln 305 310 315 320

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Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn 325 330 335

Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser 340 345 350

Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser 355 360 365

Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp 370 380

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Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys 420 425 430

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Ser Lys Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr Asn Lys 50 55 60

Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg 75 80

Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser. 90 95

Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Glu 100 105 110

Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly 115 120 125

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln 130 135 140

Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val 145 150 155 160

Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu 165 170 175

Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp 180 185 190

Leu Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Thr His Tyr Asn Glu Arg Phe Arg Gly 195 200 205

Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Phe Met Gln 210 215 220

Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg 225 230 235 240

Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr

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Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys 285

Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys 290 295 300

Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser 305 310 315 320

Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu 325 330 335

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His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser 370 . 375 380

Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 385 390 395 400

Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala 405 410 415

Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val 420 425 430

Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg 435 440 445

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Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met 465 475 480

Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn 485 490 495

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Ser Ala Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu 35 40 45

Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys 50 60

Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu 65 70 75 80

Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe $85 \hspace{1.5cm} 90 \hspace{1.5cm} 95$

Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr 100 105 110

Cys Gln Asn Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys 115 125

Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 130 135 140 Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val 145 150 155 160 Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala 165 170 175 Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly 180 185 190Leu Glu Trp Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ala His Tyr 195 200 Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser 210 215 220 Tyr Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala 225 230 235 240 Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp. Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr 245 250 255 Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser 260 265 270 Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 275 280 285 Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 290 295 300 Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 305 310 315 320 Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 325 330 335 Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 340 345 . 350 Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 355 360 365 Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 370 380 Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 385 395 400 Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser

410

415

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 420 425 430

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 435 440 445

Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 450 460

Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 465 470 475 480

Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 485 490 495

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Glu Leu Lys His His His His His 515 520

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<223> 4-7(VL-VH)xanti CD3

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Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr 290 295 300

Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln 305 310 315 320

Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn 325 330 335

Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser 340 345 350

Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser 355 360 365

Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp 370 380

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly 385 390 395 400

Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile 405 410 415

Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys 420 425 430

Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp 435 440 445

Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr 450 460

Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser 465 470 475 480

Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala 485 490 495

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<211> 521

<212>

<213> artificial sequence

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<223> 5-10(VLVH)xanti-CD3

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Thr Ala Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu 35 40 45

Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys 50 55

Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Trp Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu 65 . 70 75 80

Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe 85 90 95

Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr 100 105 110

Cys Gln Asn Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys 115 . 120 125

Leu Glu Ile Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly 130 140

Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val 145 150 160

Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala 165 170 175

Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly 180 185 190

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr 195 200 205

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser 210 220

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Glu Asp Ser Ala 225 230 235 240

Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Pro Met Asp Tyr

250

255

Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser 260 265 270 Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 275 280 285 Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 290 295. 300 Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 305 310 315 320 Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe $325 \,$ 330 $\,$ 335 $\,$. Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 340 345 350 Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 355 360 365 Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 370 380 Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 385 390 400 Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 405 410 415 Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 420 . 425 430Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 435 440 445 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 450 460Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 465 470 480 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 485 490 495 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 500 505 510 Glu Leu Lys His His His His His 515 520

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Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe $50 \hspace{1cm} 55 \hspace{1cm} 60$

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175

Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190

Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205

Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 215 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Leu Phe Pro Gly 290 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Thr His Tyr Asn Glu Arg Phe Arg Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Phe Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 345 350 Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser 370 380Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly 385 390 395 Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Asn Cys Arg Ala Ser Lys Ser Ile Ser Lys Tyr 405 410 415 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Ile 420 425 430 . Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly 435 440 445 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro 450 460 Glu Asp Phe Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Glu Tyr Pro Tyr 465 475 480Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys His His His His 485 490 495 His

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<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-1 VHVL

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<21.0> 48

·<211> 497

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

 $^{\circ}$ <223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-1 VHVL

<400> 48

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 135 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 ' 160

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175

Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190

Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205

Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 .Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 265 270Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Asp Leu Phe Pro Gly 290 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Thr His Tyr Asn Glu Arg Phe Arg Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Phe Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 345 350Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser 370 380 Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly 385 390 395 400 Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Asn Cys Arg Ala Ser Lys Ser Ile Ser Lys Tyr 405 410 415 Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Ile 420 425 430 Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly 435 440 445 Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro 450 460Glu Asp Phe Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Glu Tyr Pro Tyr 465 470 475 480 WO 2004/106383 PCT/EP2004/005687

Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys His His His His 485 490 495

His

<210> 49
<211> 1521
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL x 3-5 VHVL

<400> 60 gatatcaaac tgcagcagtc aggggctgaa ctggcaagac ctggggcctc agtgaagatg tcctgcaaga cttctggcta cacctttact aggtacacga tgcactgggt aaaacagagg 120 180 cctggacagg gtctggaatg gattggatac attaatccta gccgtggtta tactaattac aatcagaagt tcaaggacaa ggccacattg actacagaca aatcctccag cacagcctac 240 300 atgcaactga gcagcctgac atctgaggac tctgcagtct attactgtgc aagatattat gatgatcatt actgccttga ctactggggc caaggcacca ctctcacagt ctcctcagtc 360 gaaggtggaa gtggaggttc tggtggaagt ggaggttcag gtggagtcga cgacattcag 420 480 ctgacccagt ctccagcaat catgtctgca tctccagggg agaaggtcac catgacctgc 540 agagccagtt caagtgtaag ttacatgaac tggtaccagc agaagtcagg cacctccccc 600 aaaagatgga tttatgacac atccaaagtg gcttctggag tcccttatcg cttcagtggc agtgggtctg ggacctcata ctctctcaca atcagcagca tggaggctga agatgctgcc 660 acttattact qccaacaqtq qaqtaqtaac ccqctcacqt tcgqtqctqq gaccaagctq 720 780 gagctgaaat ccggaggtgg tggatccgag gtgcagctgc tcgagcagtc tggagctgag 840 ctggtaaggc ctgggacttc agtgaagctg tcctgcaagg cttctggcta caccttcaca 900 agctatggtt taagctgggt gaagcagaga actggacagg gccttgagtg gattggagag 960 gtttatccta gaattggtaa tgcttactac aatgagaagt tcaagggcaa ggccacactg actgcagaca aatcctccag cacagcgtcc atggagctcc gcagcctgac atctgaggac 1020 tctgcggtct atttctgtgc aagacgggga tcctacggta gtaactacga ctggtacttc 1080 gatgtctggg gccaagggac cacggtcacc gtctcctcag gtggtggtgg ttctggcggc 1140 ggcggctccg gtggtggtgg ttctgagctc gtgatgaccc agactccact ctccctgcct 1200 gtcagtcttg gagatcaagc ctccatctct tgcagatcta gtcagagcct tgtacacagt 1260 aatggaaaca cctatttaca ttggtacctg cagaagccag gccagtctcc aaagctcctg 1320 atctacaaaq tttccaaccq attttctggg gtcccagaca ggttcagtgg cagtggatca 1380 WO 2004/106383 PCT/EP2004/005687

	•		56			
gggacagatt	tcacactcaa	gatcagcaga	gtggaggctg	aggatct <u>g</u> gg	agtttatttc	1440
tgctctcaaa	gtacacatgt	tccgtacacg	ttcggagggg	ggaccaagct	tgagatcaaa	1500
caticatcacc	atcatcatta	g			•	1521

<210> 50

<211> 506

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL x 3-5 VHVL

<400> 50

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe $50 \hspace{1cm} 55 \hspace{1cm} 60$

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175

Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Şer Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 . 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 . Gln Arg Thr Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg 290 295 300 Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr 340 345 350 Gly Ser Asn Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr 355 360 365val Thr val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly 370 380 Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro 385 395 400 Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser 405 410 415 Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys 420 425 430 Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe . 435 440 445 Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe 450 460 Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe 475 475 480

Cys Ser Gln Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys
485 490 495

Leu Glu Ile Lys His His His His His 500 505

<210> 51

<211> 1521

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 3-5 VHVL

<400> 51 gatatcaaac tgcagcagtc aggggctgaa ctggcaagac ctggggcctc agtgaagatg 60 tcctgcaaga cttctggcta cacctttact aggtacacga tgcactgggt aaaacagagg 120 cctggacagg gtctggaatg gattggatac attaatccta gccgtggtta tactaattac 180 aatcagaagt tcaaggacaa ggccacattg actacagaca aatcctccag cacagcctac 240 atgcaactga gcagcctgac atctgaggac tctgcagtct attactgtgc aagatattat 300 gatgatcatt actcccttga ctactggggc caaggcacca ctctcacagt ctcctcagtc 360 gaaggtggaa gtggaggttc tggtggaagt ggaggttcag gtggagtcga cgacattcag 420 ctgacccagt ctccagcaat catgtctgca tctccagggg agaaggtcac catgacctgc 480 agagccagtt caagtgtaag ttacatgaac tggtaccagc agaagtcagg cacctcccc 540 aaaagatgga tttatgacac atccaaagtg gcttctggag tcccttatcg cttcagtggc 600 agtgggtctg ggacctcata ctctctcaca atcagcagca tggaggctga agatgctgcc 660 acttattact gccaacagtg gagtagtaac ccgctcacgt tcggtgctgg gaccaagctg 720 gagctgaaat ccggaggtgg tggatccgag gtgcagctgc tcgagcagtc tggagctgag 780 ctggtaaggc ctgggacttc agtgaagctg tcctgcaagg cttctggcta caccttcaca 840 agctatggtt taagctgggt gaagcagaga actggacagg gccttgagtg gattggagag 900 gtttatccta gaattggtaa tgcttactac aatgagaagt tcaagggcaa ggccacactg 960 actgcagaca aatcctccag cacagcgtcc atggagctcc gcagcctgac atctgaggac 1020 tctgcggtct atttctgtgc aagacgggga tcctacggta gtaactacga ctggtacttc 1080 gatgtctggg gccaagggac cacggtcacc gtctcctcag gtggtggtgg ttctggcggc 1140 ggcggctccg gtggtggtgg ttctgagctc gtgatgaccc agactccact ctccctgcct 1200 gtcagtcttg gagatcaagc ctccatctct tgcagatcta gtcagagcct tgtacacagt 1260

aatggaaaca	cctatttaca	ttggtacctg	cagaagccag	gccagtctcc	aaagctcctg	1320
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gggacagatt	tcacactcaa	gatcagcaga	gtggaggctg	aggatctggg	agtttatttc	1440
tgctctcaaa	gtacacatgt	tccgtacacg	ttcggagggg	ggaccaagct	tgagatcaaa	1500
cat <i>c</i> atcacc	atcatcatta	g·				1521

<210> 52

<211> 506

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL at Ser x 3-5 VHVL

<400> 52

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140

Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160

Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser

170

175

165 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 . 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Thr Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg 290 295 300 Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr 340 345 350 Gly Ser Asn Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr 355 360 365 Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly 370 380 Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro 385 395 400 Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser 410 415Leu Val His Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys 420 425 430 Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe 435 440 445 Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe 450 455 460

Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe 465 470 .475 480

Cys Ser Gln Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys 485 490 495

Leu Glu Ile Lys His His His His His 500 505

<210> 53

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 3-5 VHVL

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<210> 54
<211> 503
<212> PRT
<213> artificial sequence
<220>
<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 3-5 VHVL
<400> 54
Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15
Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30
Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45
Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60
Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 80
Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95
Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110
Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 115 120
Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile 130 135 140

Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 160 Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175 Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205 Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 220 Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 240 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala 245 250 255 Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 260 265 270 Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Thr 275 280 285 Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn 290 295 300 Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp 305 310 315 320 Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu 325 330 335 Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Gly Ser Asn 340 345 350 Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val 355 360 365 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 370 380 Ser Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Val Ser Leu 385 390 395 400 Gly Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Val His 405 410 415 Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 420

425

64

430

Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Val 435 440 445

Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys 450 460

Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe Cys Ser Gln 470 475 . 480

Ser Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile 485 490 495

Lys His His His His His 500

<210> 55

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<22:0>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL x 4-1 VHVL

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caagggacca cggtcaccgt	ctcctcaggt	ggtggtggtt	ctggcggcgg	cggctccggt	1140
ggtggtggtt ctgagctcgt	gatgacacag	tctccatcct	ccctgagtgt	gtcagcagga	1200
gagaaggtca ctatgagctg	caagtccagt	cagagtctgt	taaacagtgg	aaatcaaaag	1260
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ttcactctca ccatcagcag	tgtgcaggct	gaagacctgg	cagtttatta	ctgtcagaat	1440
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catcatcatt ag					1512

<210> 56

<211> 503

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL x 4-1 VHVL

<400> 56

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45 .

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 55 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 125

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 135 140 Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160 Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 215 220 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly 290 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Ala His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 315 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 345 Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365 ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser 370 375 Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Ala Gly 385 390 395 400 WO 2004/106383 PCT/EP2004/005687

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 405 410 415

Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 420 425 430

Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val 435 440 445

Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr 450 460

Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn 465 470 475 480

Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile 485 490 495

Lys His His His His His 500

<210> 57

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-1 VHVL

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840

900

960

1020

1080

1140

1200

1260 1320

1380 1440

1500

1512

68 ctggtaaggc ctgggacttc agtgaagata tcctgcaagg cttctggata cgccttcact aactactggc taggttgggt taagcagagg cctggacatg gacttgaatg ggttggagat attttccctg gaagtggtaa tgctcactac aatgagaagt tcaagggcaa agccacactg actgcagaca agtcctcgta cacagcctat atgcagctca gtagcctgac atctgaggac tctgctgtct atttctgtgc aagattgcgg aactgggacg aggctatgga ctactggggc caagggacca cggtcaccgt ctcctcaggt ggtggtggtt ctggcggcgg cggctccggt ggtggtggtt ctgagctcgt gatgacacag tctccatcct ccctgagtgt gtcagcagga gagaaggtca ctatgagctg caagtccagt cagagtctgt taaacagtgg aaatcaaaag aactacttgg cctggtacca gcagaaacca gggcagcctc ctaaactgtt gatctacggg gcatccacta gggaatctgg ggtccctgat cgcttcacag gcagtggatc tggaacagat ttcactctca ccatcagcag tgtgcaggct gaagacctgg cagtttatta ctgtcagaat gattatagtt atccgtacac gttcggaggg gggaccaagc ttgagatcaa acatcatcac catcatcatt ag <210> 58 <211> 503 <212> artificial sequence <220> <223> CD3 VHVL aL Ser x 4-1 VHVL <400> Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15 Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45 Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60 Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95 Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly 115 120 . 125 Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Val Asp Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser 130 140 Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys 145 150 155 160 Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser 165 170 175 Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser 180 185 190 Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser 195 200 205 Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys 210 Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu 225 230 235 240 Glu Leu Lys Sêr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln 245 250 255 Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 260 265 270 Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys 275 280 285 Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly 290 . 295 300 Ser Gly Asn Ala His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu 305 310 320 Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu 325 330 335 Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp 340 345 350 Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser 355 360 365 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser 370 380

70

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Ala Gly 385 390 395 400

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 405 410 415

Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 420 425 430

Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val 435 440 445

Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr 450 455 460

Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn 465 470 475 480

Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile .485 490 495

Lys His His His His His 500

<210> 59

<211> 1503

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL StL x 4-1 VHVL

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tgccaacagt	ggagtagtaa	cccgctcacg	ttcggtgctg	ggaccaagct	ggagctgaaa	720
tccggaggtg	gtggatccga	ggtgcagctg	ctcgagcagt	ctggagctga	gctggtaag <u>g</u>	780
cctgggactt	cagtgaagat	atcctgcaag	gcttctggat	acgccttcac	taactactgg	840
ctaggttggg	ttaagcagag	gcctggacat	ggacttgaat	gggttggaga	tattttccct	900
ggaagtggta	atgctcacta	caatgagaag	ttcaagggca	aagccacact	gactgcagac	960
aagtcctcgt	acacagccta	tatgcagctc	agtagcctga	catctgagga	ctctgctgtc	1020
tatttctgtg	caagattgcg	gaactgggac	gaggctatgg	actactgggg	ccaagggacc	1080
acggtcaccg	tctcctcagg	tggtggtggt	tctggcggcg	gcggctccgg	tggtggtggt	1140
tctgagctcg	tgatgacaca	gtctccatcc	tccctgagtg	tgtcagcagg	agagaaggtc	1200
actatgagct	gcaagtccag	tcagagtctg	ttaaacagtg	gaaatcaaaa	gaactacttg	1260
gcctggtacc	agcagaaacc	agggcagcct	cctaaactgt	tgatctacgg	ggcatccact	1320
agggaatctg	gggtccctga	tcgcttcaca	ggcagtggat	ctggaacaga	tttcactctc	1380
accatcagca	gtgtgcaggc	tgaagacctg	gcagtttatt	actgtcagaa	tgattatagt	1440
tatccgtaca	cgttcggagg	ggggaccaag	cttgagatca	aacatcatca	ccatcatcat	1500
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<210> 60

<211> 500

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CD3 VHVL stL x 4-1 VHVL

<400> 60

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys

95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110 Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly 115 120 125 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile 130 140 Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser 145 150 155 160 Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser 165 170 175 Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro $180 \hspace{1.5cm} 185 \hspace{1.5cm} 190$ Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile 195 200 205 Ser Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp 210 215 220 Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 225 230 235 240 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala 245 250 255 Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 260 265 270 Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro 275 280 285 Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn 290 295 300 Ala His Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp 305 310 315 Lys Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu 325 330 335 Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Ala 340 350 Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Gly 355 360 365 Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Leu Val 370 380

Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Ala Gly Glu Lys Val 385 390 395 400

Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn Gln $405 \hspace{1cm} 410 \hspace{1cm} 415$

Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys 420 425 430

Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg 435 440 445

Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser 450 460

Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn Asp Tyr Ser 465 470 475 480

Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys His His 485 490 495

His His His His 500

<210> 61

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M1 mutant

<400> 61

His Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 62

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

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<223> CDRH3 M4 mutant
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<400> 62

Tyr Ser Asp Asp $\overset{\mbox{His}}{1}$ Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr $\overset{\mbox{1}}{10}$

<210> 63

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M7 mutant

<400> 63

Tyr Tyr Asp Ala His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5

<210> 64

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M9 mutant

<400> 64

Tyr Tyr Asp Asp Gln Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5

<210> 65

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M10 mutant

<400> 65

Tyr Tyr Asp Asp Pro Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

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<210> 66
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<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M11 mutant

<400> 66

Tyr Phe Asn Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 67

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M13 mutant

<400> 67

Tyr Tyr Asn Asp Gln Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 68

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> CDRH3 M20 mutant

<400> 68

Tyr His Asp Asp Pro Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 69

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

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<223> CDRH3 M76 mutant
<400>
       69
Tyr Tyr Asp Asp Asn Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10
       70
<210>
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> artificial sequence
<220>
<223> original linker
<400>
      70
Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly 10^{-5} 10^{-5}
Val Asp
<210> 71
<211> 357
<212> DNA
<213> artificial sequence
<220>
<223>
       anti-CD3 VH
<400>
gatatcaaac tgcagcagtc aggggctgaa ctggcaagac ctggggcctc agtgaagatg
                                                                        60
                                                                       120
tcctgcaaga cttctggcta cacctttact aggtacacga tgcactgggt aaaacagagg
cctggacagg gtctggaatg gattggatac attaatccta gccgtggtta tactaattac
                                                                       180
aatcagaagt tcaaggacaa ggccacattg actacagaca aatcctccag cacagcctac
                                                                       240
 atgcaactga gcagcctgac atctgaggac tctgcagtct attactgtgc aagatattat
                                                                       300
 gatgatcatt actgccttga ctactggggc caaggcacca ctctcacagt ctcctca
                                                                       357
 <210> 72
 <211>
        119
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<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> anti-CD3VH

<400> 72

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe $50 \,$ $55 \,$ 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Cys Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser 115

<210> 73

<211> 318

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> anti-CD3 VL

<400> 73
gacattcagc tgacccagtc tccagcaatc atgtctgcat ctccagggga gaaggtcacc 60
atgacctgca gagccagttc aagtgtaagt tacatgaact ggtaccagca gaagtcaggc 120
acctcccca aaagatggat ttatgacaca tccaaagtgg cttctggagt cccttatcgc 180
ttcagtggca gtgggtctgg gacctcatac tctctcacaa tcagcagcat ggaggctgaa 240
gatgctgcca cttattactg ccaacagtgg agtagtaacc cgctcacgtt cggtgctggg 300
accaagctgg agctgaaa 318

<210> 74

<211> 106

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> anti-CD3 VL

<400> 74

Asp Ile Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly $10 \ 15$

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met $20 \\ \hspace{1.5cm} 25 \\ \hspace{1.5cm} 30$

Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr 35 40 45

Asp Thr Ser Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser 50 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Met Glu Ala Glu 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr 85 . 90 95

Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys 100 105

<210> 75

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> vH CDR1 anti-CD3

<400> 75

Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10$

<210> 76

<211> 357

79

<212> . DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> vH anti-CD3 cys->ser

<400> 76
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tcctgcaaga cttctggcta cacctttact aggtacacga tgcactgggt aaaacagagg 120
cctggacagg gtctggaatg gattggatac attaatccta gccgtggtta tactaattac 180
aatcagaagt tcaaggacaa ggccacattg actacagaca aatcctccag cacagcctac 240
atgcaactga gcagcctgac atctgaggac tctgcagtct attactgtgc aagatattat 300
gatgatcatt actcccttga ctactggggc caaggcacca ctctcacagt ctcctca 357

<210> 77

<211> 119

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> vH anti-CD3 cys->ser

<400> 77

Asp Ile Lys Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr 20 25 30

Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile 35 40 45

Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 60

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 75 80

Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95

Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly 100 105 110

Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser

115

<210> 78

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> VH CDR3 anti-CD3 cys->ser

<400> 78

Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 79

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-1 VH

<400> 79
gaggtgcagc tgctcgagca gtctggagct gagctggtga aacctggggc ctcagtgaag 60
atatcctgca aggcttctgg atacgccttc actaactact ggctaggttg ggtaaagcag 120
aggcctggac atggacttga gtggattgga gatctttcc ctggaagtgg taatactcac 180
tacaatgaga ggttcagggg caaagccaca ctgactgcag acaaatcctc gagcacagcc 240
tttatgcagc tcagtagcct gacatctgag gactctgctg tctatttctg tgcaagattg 300
aggaactggg acgaggctat ggactactgg ggccaaggga ccacggtcac cgtctcctca 360

<210> 80

<211> 120

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-1 VH

<400> 80

Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly 1 10 15 Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn 20 . 25 30

Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp 35 40 45 .

Ile Gly Asp Leu Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Thr His Tyr Asn Glu Arg 50 55 60

Phe Arg Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala 65 70 75 80

Phe Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe $85 \hspace{1.5cm} 90 \hspace{1.5cm} 95$

Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln 100 105 110

Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser 115 120

<210> 81

<211> 321

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-1 VL

<400> 81
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attaattgca gggcaagtaa gagcattagc aaatatttag cctggtatca agagaaacct 120
gggaaaacta ataagcttct tatctactct ggatccactt tgcaatctgg aattccatca 180
aggttcagtg gcagtggatc tggtacagat ttcactctca ccatcagtag cctggagcct 240
gaagattttg caatgtatta ctgtcaacag cataatgaat atccgtacac gttcggaggg 300
gggaccaagc ttgagatcaa a 321

<210> 82

<211> 107

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<223> EpCAM 3-1 VL

<400> 82

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ala Ala Ser Pro Gly $1 \\ 0 \\ 15$

Glu Thr Ile Thr Ile Asn Cys Arg Ala Ser Lys Ser Ile Ser Lys Tyr 20 25 30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Ile 35 40 45

Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly 50 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro 65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Phe Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Asn Glu Tyr Pro Tyr 85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys 100 105

<210> 83

<211> 372

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-5 VH

<400> 83
gaggtgcagc tgctcgagca gtctggagct gagctggtaa ggcctgggac ttcagtgaag 60
ctgtcctgca aggcttctgg ctacaccttc acaagctatg gtttaagctg ggtgaagcag 120
agaactggac agggccttga gtggattgga gaggtttatc ctagaattgg taatgcttac 180
tacaatgaga agttcaaggg caaggccaca ctgactgcag acaaatcctc cagcacagcg 240
tccatggagc tccgcagcct gacatctgag gactctgcgg tctatttctg tgcaagacgg 300
ggatcctacg gtagtaacta cgactggtac ttcgatgtct ggggccaagg gaccacggtc 360
accgtctcct ca 372

<210> 84

<211> 124

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-5 VH

<400> 84

Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly 1 5 10

Thr Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser 20 25 30

Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Thr Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp 35 40 45

Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 55 60

Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala 65 70 75 80

Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe $85 \hspace{1.5cm} 90 \hspace{1.5cm} 95$

Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Gly Ser Asn Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp 100 105 110

Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser 115 120

<210> 85

<211> 336

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 3-5 VL

<400> 85
gagctcgtga tgacccagac tccactctcc ctgcctgtca gtcttggaga tcaagcctcc 60
atctcttgca gatctagtca gagccttgta cacagtaatg gaaacaccta tttacattgg 120
tacctgcaga agccaggcca gtctccaaag ctcctgatct acaaagtttc caaccgattt 180
tctggggtcc cagacaggtt cagtggcagt ggatcaggga cagatttcac actcaagatc 240
agcagagtgg aggctgagga tctgggagtt tattctgct ctcaaagtac acatgttccg 300
tacacgttcg gaggggggac caagcttgag atcaaa 336

<210> 86

<211> 112

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EPCAM 3-5 VL

<400> 86

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Gly 10 15

Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Val His Ser 20 25 30

Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser 40 45

Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Pro 50 . 55

Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys Ile 65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe Cys Ser Gln Ser 85 90 95

Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys $100 \hspace{1.5cm} 105 \hspace{1.5cm} 110$

<210> 87

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EDCAM 4-1 VH

<400> 87

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aggcctggac atggacttga atgggttgga gatattttcc ctggaagtgg taatgctcac 180
tacaatgaga agttcaaggg caaagccaca ctgactgcag acaagtcctc gtacacagcc 240
tatatgcagc tcagtagcct gacatctgag gactctgctg tctatttctg tgcaagattg 300

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85

cggaactggg acgaggctat ggactactgg ggccaaggga ccacggtcac cgtctcctca 360

<210> 88

<211> 120

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 4-1 VH

<400> 88

Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn 20 · 25 30

Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp 35 40 45

Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ala His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 60

Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala 65 70 75 80

Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe 85 90 95

Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln $100 \hspace{1cm} 105 \hspace{1cm} 110$

Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser 115 120

<210> 89

<211> 339

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EPCAM 4-1 VL

<400> 89

gagctcgtga tgacacagtc tccatcctcc ctgagtgtgt cagcaggaga gaaggtcact

60

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			86	•		
atgagctgca	agtccagtca	gagtctgtta	aacagtggaa	atcaaaagaa	ctacttggcc	120
tggtaccagc	agaaaccagg	gcagcctcct	aaactgttga	tctacggggc	atccactagg	180
gaatctgggg	tccctgatcg	cttcacaggc	agtggatctg	gaacagattt	cactctcacc	240
atcagcagtg	tgcaggctga	agacctggca	gtttattact	gtcagaatga	ttatagttat	300
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<210> 90

<211> 113

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EPCAM 4-1 VL

<400> 90

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Ala Gly 1 5 10

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 20 25 30

Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val50~ $^{\circ}$ 60~

Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr 65 70 75 80

Ile Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Asn $85 \hspace{1.5cm} 90 \hspace{1.5cm} 95$

Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile $100 \hspace{1cm} 105 \hspace{1cm} 110$

Lys

<210> 91

<211> 372

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

87

<220>

<223> EpCAM 4-7 VH

WO 2004/106383

<400> 91

gaggtgcagc tgctcgagca gtctggagct gagctggcga ggcctggggc ttcagtgaag 60 ctgtcctgca aggcttctgg ctacaccttc acaaactatg gtttaagctg ggtgaagcag 120 aggcctggac aggtccttga gtggattgga gaggtttatc ctagaattgg taatgcttac 180 tacaatgaga agttcaaggg caaggccaca ctgactgcag acaaatcctc cagcacagcg 240 tccatggagc tccgcagcct gacctctgag gactctgcgg tctatttctg tgcaagacgg 300 ggatcctacg atactaacta cgactggtac ttcgatgtct ggggccaagg gaccacggtc 360 accgtctcct ca 372

PCT/EP2004/005687

<210> 92

<211> 124

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EPCAM 4-7 VH

<400> 92

Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 15$

Ala Ser Val Lys Leu Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn 20 25 30

Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Val Leu Glu Trp 35 40

Ile Gly Glu Val Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gly Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 60

Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala 65 70 75 80

Ser Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe 85 90 95

Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asp 100 105

Val Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser 115

<210> 93

<211> 336

<212> DNA

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EpCAM 4-7 VL

<400> 93

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<210> 94

<211> 112

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

<220>

<223> EPCAM 4-7 VL

<400> 94

Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Thr Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Gln Ala Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Val His Ser 20 25 30

Asn Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Leu Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser 40 45

Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Pro 50 60

Asp Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys Ile 70 75 80

Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Phe Cys Ser Gln Ser 85 90 95

Thr His Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys 100 105 110

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tatatgcagc tcagtagcct gacatttgag gactctgctg tctatttctg tgcaagactg aggaactggg acgagcctat ggactactgg ggccaaggga ccacggtcac cgtctcctca 360 <210> 96 <211> 120 <212> PRT <213> artificial sequence <220> <223> EpCAM 5-10 VH <400> 96 Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly 1 Thr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Thr Asn 20 Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp 35 Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala	aggcct	ggac a	itgga	icttg	a gt	ggat	tgga	gat	attt	tcc	ctgg	aagt	gg t	aata	tccac	180
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Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp 35 Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala	1			5										15		
Tyr Trp Leu Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly His Gly Leu Glu Trp 45 Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala	Thr Se	r Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	G1y	Tyr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Asn	
35 40 45 Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 55 . 60. Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala			20					25					30			
Ile Gly Asp Ile Phe Pro Gly Ser Gly Asn Ile His Tyr Asn Glu Lys 50 55 60 Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala	Tyr Tr	p Leu	Gly	Тгр	۷al	Lys	G]n	Arg	Pro	G]y	His	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp	
50 55 60 Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala		35					40					45				
Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala	Ile Gl	y Asp	ıle	Phe	Pro	Gly	ser	Gly	Asn	īle	His	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Lys	
Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala 65 70 75 80	50					55	•				60					
65 70 75 80	Phe Ly	s Gly	Lys	Аlа	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	
·	65									75					80	

Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe $85 \\ 90 \\ 95 \\ .$

90 Cys Ala Arg Leu Arg Asn Trp Asp Glu Pro Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110 Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser <210> 97 <211> 339 <212> DNA <213> artificial sequence <220> <223> EpCAM 5-10 VL 97 <400> gagctcgtga tgacacagtc tccatcctcc ctgactgtga cagcaggaga gaaggtcact 60 atgagctgca agtccagtca gagtctgtta aacagtggaa atcaaaagaa ctacttgacc 120 tggtaccagc agaaaccagg gcagcctcct aaactgttga tctactgggc atccactagg 180 gaatctgggg tccctgatcg cttcacaggc agtggatctg gaacagattt cactctcacc 240 300 atcagcagtg tgcaggctga agacctggca gtttattact gtcagaatga ttatagttat ccgctcacgt tcggtgctgg gaccaagctt gagatcaaa 339 .<210> 98 <211> 113 <212> PRT <213> artificial sequence <220> <223> EpCAM 5-10 VL <400> Glu Leu Val Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Gly 10 15Glu Lys Val Thr Met Ser Cys Lys Ser Ser Gln Ser Leu Leu Asn Ser 20 25 30Gly Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Leu Thr Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln 35 40

Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Trp Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Ser Gly Val 50 55 WO 2004/106383 PCT/EP2004/005687

Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr 65 70 75 80

Ile Ser Ser Val Glin Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Glin Asn 85 90 95

Asp Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile 100 105 110

Lys

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<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> artificial sequence

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07K16/30 C07K C07K16/28 A61K39/395 A61K16/46 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) C07K A61K IPC 7 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, EMBASE, BIOSIS, MEDLINE, Sequence Search C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ° 1 - 25Υ WO 99/25818 A (KUFER PETER; RAUM TOBIAS (DE); ZETTL FLORIAN (DE); BORSCHERT KATRIN () 27 May 1999 (1999-05-27) the whole document WO 00/03016 A (CONNEX GMBH; REITER Υ 1-25 CHRISTIAN (DE)) 20 January 2000 (2000-01-20) the whole document Υ WO 01/71005 A (HOFMEISTER ROBERT 1 - 25RIETHMUELLER GERT (DE); KISCHEL ROMAN (DE); KUFER) 27 September 2001 (2001-09-27) the whole document -/--Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the International *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to tiling date 'L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive slep when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 21 October 2004 04/11/2004 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Irion, A Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

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